The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED 1786.---VOL. 89.---NO. 182. FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 28, 1876. THREE CENTS A COPY---$8 PER ANNUM.

DAILY GAZETTE.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Archbishop Connolly, of Halifax, is dead.

—Carl Shurz comes out squarely on the Republican side, and gives his reasons to our reader this morning.

—Some of the weather prophets promise us another "heated term" like that through which we so recently passed.

—Yesterday notices were posted on all the mills at Fall River, Massachusetts, notifying the employes of a reduction of ten per cent. in wages.

—The committee in charge of the arrangements for Mr. Moody's revival meetings in Chicago this autumn have decided to erect an immense wigwam capable of seating 8,300 people.

—The new Postmaster General, Mr. Tyner, is married, and his wife up to the time of her marriage, which took place between three and four years ago, was a clerk in the United States Treasury Department.

—A writer from Constantinople says that the new Sultan spends the greater part of his time at Yildis Kiosk, "The Palace of the Stars," which is surrounded by a delightful garden, and is charmingly cool and quiet. Here his Ministers transact business with him, and on moonlight evenings he wanders through the garden with his mother, wife and children.

—Public opinion is evidently assuming a favorable condition in England for the negotiation of a new extradition treaty. The *Pall Mall Gazette* speaks of "the scandal of Winslow's liberation," and says so far as that case is concerned, Earl Granville had the best of the argument in a recent debate. Perhaps John Bull fears his hospitality may be abused by fugitive criminals.

—Behm & Wagner, in their annual review of the population of the globe, state that Europe has an area of 2,700,000 square miles, and a population of 303,000,000. Asia, 13,000,000 square miles; population, 799,000,000. Africa, 8,700,000, population, 200,000,000. America, 12,000,000 square miles; population, 84,000,000. Australia and Polynesia, 2,500,000 square miles; population, 4,500,000.

—A bright little woman was expatiating on the merits of her patent corsets to Jury No. 8 of the Centennial Exposition. "Madame," exclaimed Dietzmannae, a smart French juryman, "what is ze especial merit you claim for ze corsette?" "The fit, Monsieur!" "But we cannot tell how it feetz. What proof have we of zat?" The little woman flared right up. "Why," she retorted, "you don't mean to say you want me to try them on?" "Madame," said the juryman, without a smile, "*Justice* is blind."

—The Cincinnati *Gazette* speaking of the meeting of the Western Iron Association in that city says: "The problem of the meeting to secure the smaller manufacturers to a common schedule of prices, so that the manufacturered iron could be kept at a profitable standard, was a problem very difficult of solution. In the present case the matter appears to have been only partially settled, and will probably fall back in a short time just to the place whence it was expected to extricate it."

—Military officers having a pretty wide range of acquaintance among the Indian nobility are free to confess ignorance of any particularly celebrated Sitting Bull. Before the Custer fight Sitting Bulls were as numerous as leaves in a forest, and if the massacre really was directed by a Sitting Bull, his reputation must date from that event. It is a noticeable fact that General Sheridan in none of his dispatches has mentioned Sitting Bull. If Sitting Bull, like William Tell, should prove to be a myth, nobody need be surprised.

—The Argentine Republic is making fair progress. In his recent address to Congress President Avellanda said that the nation enjoys profound peace, that wheat growing had quadrupled within the last five years, and that the exports of 1875 were greater than those of any previous year. The President also observed that the Government expenses had been reduced $4,000,000, and that three railroads had been opened for traffic since October. Considering that the Argentine Republic has not escaped "hard times," this report is satisfactory.

—Quite a celebrated character died in Talbot county a few days ago. His name was Henry Miller, and he was 94 years old. The Easton *Star* says he was a Frenchman; was with the Emperor Napoleon I. when he invaded Russia; was in the retreat from Moscow, and fought in the battle of Waterloo. After emigrating to this country, he lived many years in Kentucky, but removed to Talbot county, Maryland, some fifteen or twenty years ago. He was a man of excellent character and much intelligence. He was a Mason, and perhaps the oldest Mason in the country, having joined the fraternity in France when a young man.

—General Grant stayed with me. An empty liquor flask, borrowed at Chattanooga, was left at my tent hanging against the wall, by an officer who had come down from the army. I feared that the General would think I drank liquor, so that I said to him at once, as his eyes fell on it: "That flask is not mine; it was left here by an officer to be returned to Chattanooga. I never drink." General Grant said pleasantly: "Neither do I." His whole appearance at that time indorsed this declaration, and was to me the contradiction of a thousand falsehoods, which ambition and envy had industriously circulated against him.—*Gen. O. O. Howard in Atlantic Monthly.*

—Congressmen may not have learned the economic principle that the cheaper currency will crowd out the dearer, but the merchants of Virginia City have done so. Trade dollars have been brought into town by the keg and sold at a discount to the miners, who receive their wages in gold. The miners' gold went to San Francisco and their trade dollars to the merchants. In order to meet their notes and pay their freight charges the merchants had to pay a heavy premium on gold. With ruin staring them in the face, they were compelled to form an anti-silver league and to declare that trade dollars would be received and paid out at 90 cents, and that other silver coin would be taken at par in sums of $5 or less.

—In China the first railroad has been opened for traffic, and is regarded with favor by the people, who enjoyed for one day the American luxury of traveling as "deadheads." This line, which is only five miles long, connects Shanghai and Kangwas. It was built on the narrow gauge system, with British capital, and is finally to extend to Woosung, a further distance of five miles. In time we may expect to hear that the stock of the Nanking and Peking Railroad has been "watered," and that Prince Kung is contending with Li Hung Chang for the control of the Canton and Swatow line. As opening a new field for American enterprise, the success of the first line must be deemed gratifying. The Chinese need only a Winans or a Meiggs to establish, soon, a vast railroad system.

—In New York, wholesale as well as retail dealers, are flattered by indications of a good fall trade. In the wholesale dry goods line which is taken as a sample many orders have already been received by commission houses for heavy Winter cloths. The sales of commission merchants begin several weeks earlier than those of the wholesale stores. Merchants take the commission houses as a standard to judge the prospects of the season's trade. Larger Western sales are expected this year by the merchants than have been made for several years. Great numbers of cases filled with the woolen and cotton productions of the country are arriving daily and being unloaded on the sidewalks in the business centers of the city. Merchants expect the country buyers to begin to arrive in great numbers in the first days of August.

—Red is now the prevailing fashionable color, not only mingling with the accessories of the toilet, but forming among the ultra-fashionable Parisian styles the principal part of the dress. Thus a red silk skirt is worn with an ecru or wavy gauze or grenadine polonaise, and red parasols trimmed with ivory-tinted fringe or lace are very stylish. Those who do not desire to give red so prominent a place in the costume show their fancy for the tint in many forms. Bows of red ribbon are placed among the draperies, fringes, laces, ruches, and all parts of the dresses, and enter into combination with all the different colors. Knots and twists of red ribbon on grey, reseda, green, black and every shade and tint of fashionable costume give evidence of the popularity which the bright hue has attained, as well as of the natural taste for brilliant color that comes with the advent of midsummer heat and bright garden flowers.

—Thurlow Weed in a letter to the *Tribune* argues in favor of silver currency in payment of U. S. bonds. He thus states the case: The Government agreed to pay its creditors "in coin," *i. e.*, silver or gold. The creditor lent his money upon this condition. Has either party a right to impair the contract? If silver instead of gold had appreciated, could the Government for that reason have refused to pay its creditors in silver? And is the creditor, because we have more silver than was expected either by him or the Government, at liberty to refuse it? The Government should be held strictly to its obligation as "nominated in the bond." But the creditor in demanding his "pound of flesh" may not, at his peril, draw "one drop of blood." Let the Government pay all it owes, and all it agreed to pay to its creditors. The large bondholders, foreign and domestic, paid less than par for securities which now bear a high premium. This was their privilege, but this does not give them, in justice or equity, the right to refuse silver and demand gold, because since the contract was entered into the manipulations of capital have depressed the former and appreciated the latter."

FIRST EDITION.

NASBY.

The Sage Discourses of Many Things.

He Goes to Saratoga and Shows why Neither of the Democratic Nominees has Written His Letter of Acceptance—A Word of Complaint.

From the Toledo Blade.]

CONFEDRIT X ROADS,
WICH IS IN THE STATE UV KENTUCKY,
Jooly 24th, 1876.

I got home from Ingeany disgustid and discouraged. After the unfortunit speech wich Issaker Gavitt spiled, I went to two other appointments afoot, but met no incurridgment. The Dimocrisy wuz cold and not impressible. I wuzn't invited to a single nite's lodgin, nor a drop of anything to drink, and I got back ez dry ez a lime kill. But there iz some comfort in it after all, for in the township Bible, wich we keep to swear witnesses onto, I found a passage wich comforted me; showen ez it does, that I am a better man than I thot I wuz:

> When the unclean spirit is gone out uv a man he walketh thro dry places, seeking rest and findeth none.—*Mathew*, 12–43.

But there comes in a doubt after all. Don't the words "unclean spirits," apply to the sod-corn whisky which I hev consoomed, and not to a purifiyin uv my moral system? And that about seeking rest and findin none, to my yooniform ill-success in beatin landlords? It is a singler fact that whenever a Dimocrat flies to the Bible for consolashen, he alluz retires with doubts on his mind. He cood git more comfort out uv it, if it wuzn't made up so largely uv threatnins and penalties. Heving voted a strate Dimocratic ticket alluz, the story uv the thieves on the cross comforts me some, and so does the fact I hev alluz a death-bed repentence to fall back onto.

I conseeved it my dooty to deliver an orashen on the 4th uv July, to commemorate the Centennyal uv Amerikin Independence, but I wuz subjected to a series uv insults from the Ablishinists uv the Corners wich neerly broke my heart. When I announced it, Pollock, the Illinoy disturber, remarked: See Job 39-5.

> Who hath sent out the wild ass free? Or who hath loosed the bands of the wild ass?

And when I wuz speakin, and layin it down ruther lively ez to the strength uv free instooshens wich cood survive a hundred years. "Yes," replied that onmitigated cuss, Joe Bigler, "It's a strong government. Wen I think it hez lived a hundred years, and is yet healthy, and remember that there hez bin a Dimocratic party at the head most uv that time, I am lost in admirashen at its natural vitality. Ez it hez survived yoo, and sich ez yoo, I don't know uv anything that kin hurt it. I don't despare of the Republic."

The niggers all laft uproorusly, and ez we hed decided not to kill any more uv 'em till after the eleckshun, we hed to stand their jeers in silence. Its disgustin.

The Democrisey hev bin waitin for the letters uv the Reform candidates, TILDEN and HENDRIX, accepting the nominashuns. They will wait some time yet, I fancy.

I felt to be the proper thing to do to accompany our noble reform candidate for Vice-President HENDRIC, to Saratogy, to consult with our noble Reform candidate for President, TILDEN, that they might agree ez to what they shood beleeve in till after the eleckshun.

Tilden was a stitin in his room, smilin, surrounded by them eminent Reformers, John Morrisey, Boss McLaughlin, Oakey Hall, and sich, when Hendrix entered with his Reform backers, wich is me, Henry Clay Dean, Gov. Allen, uv Ohio, and sich.

My buzum swelled with emoshun ez I lookt over the crowd. "Now," thot I, "the country—and the Post Offises—is safe."

Then I was immejitly alarmed. The minit the two great Reformers met, their eyes glared, and, metaforically speekin, they lowered their heads at each other like two enraged Buffalo Bulls. We felt that it was impossible for them two great intellecks to come together.

We begged uv em to be modrit, to each concede sumthin, and agree upon some kind uv a letter, wich wood pacify the party, and keep it together, and yoonite it!

I made the opening speech.

"Gentlemen," sed I, regarding them with a stern look, afore which they quailed, "neither uv yoo must undertake to throw the other out uv the party. See Matthew, 12–26:

"'And ef Satan cast out Satan he is divided agin hisself; how shel his kingdom stand?'

"Ef we are divided agin ourselves, and lose this eleckshun, wat becomes uv us? Ef Hayes is electid kin my muscular friend Moorisey, the pride uv Noo York, be Secretary uv the Treasury? Ef Hendrix goes down kin my earthy friend, Dean, be Minister to England. Ef yoo both go under, wat is to become uv the long-sufferin repeeters uv Noo York, the down-trodden Confedrates uv the South, and the host uv Dimokrats wich followed the lamented Bukannan out uv offis, and hev bin gittin their likker on tick ever since?

"And wat is to become uv me? Am I to be defrauded out uv the Post Offis at the Corners becoz yoo can't agree on the currency question?

"Gentleman," I continued, "with the Postoffices filled with Republikins, with the Custom Houses filled with Republikins, with all the offices filled with Republicans, with thousands of Dimekrats wich won't average one shirt apiece, and who hev bin waitin for places fifteen weary yeers—with sich solid facts afore yoo, kin yoo, I ask, let sich mere abstrackshens ez currency, tariff, banks, manufakters and trade generally, prevent yoonity of ackshen? I can't bleeve it. In the interest uv these sufferin longers for places, strike, ez one man, for Reform and Victry! Make yoor letters Hard money or Soft money, or dodge it altogether, ez yoo choose—we who want the places will take either gold or paper for our salaries—but make it suthin we kin all agree onto, and let us go in to win."

Tilden then remarkt that he wuz anxshus for harmony, and Hendrix remarkt that he wuz willin to make concessions, and they sot down to argoo the matter, and get to an agreement.

But wat happened.

These men both know too much. They are both too gifted. Afore they hed talked an hour Tilden had convinced Hendrix that Hard Money wuz wat we must hev, and Hendrix hed convinst Tilden that Soft Money wuz the only practicable idee, and they fought wuss than ever, and were wider apart than ever.

When I left the room Hendrix wuz a cussin Tilden for a cock-eyed, soft money repoodiator, and Tilden wuz viggorously a dammin Hendrix for a hard money, bloated aristocrat.

This is why they hevn't ishood their letters uv acceptance yit, and why they can't. Never agin will I consent to hevin two men uv talent on the same tikket.

But we needn't be afraid uv being short uv candidates. I never know a Dimekrat uv any standing who ever declined a nominashen for anything.

Things are not well with us in Injeany. The Dimecratic leeders are goin back on Tilden terrible. Follerin the prejoodisses of the Dimekratic voters and thinking more uv their seets in Congris than they do uv the success uv the coz, they repoodiate Tilden. It is ongrateful. I know uv sevral Reform delegates to St. Loois wich acceptid thousands uv his money to support him in convenshun and are now opposin uv him. I got only $400 for my vote, but small ez wuz the sum, and notwithstanding the fact that I got no good uv it, ez it went to pay old debts, I wood be ashamed to go back on the man wat paid it. Tilden paid my price—it wuz my fault ef I didn't ask more, and also my fault that I let Bascom gobble it.

I can't understand wat they want. They eastern Hard money men hev a Hard money candidate, and the western Soft-money men hev a Soft-money candidate. And ez neither uv em hev written a line, kin anybody tell wat they beleeve in or find any fault with em? Why can't we shet our eyes and hev faith?

PETROLEUM V. NASBY,
(Wich wood be Postmaster.)

CARL SCHURZ'S POSITION.

The Ex-Senator Tells Why He is a Republican—And Gives His Reasons for Supporting Hayes and Wheeler.

The New Yorker *Staats Zeitung* having accused Carl Schurz of making a political somersault, of leaving the path he had trodden for years, and of treading under foot his own convictions, &c., Mr. Schurz, in a letter addressed to the editor of that paper, takes up the cudgels in his own behalf. His letter is quite lengthy—long enough to fill four columns—and in it he reviews the records of the two parties, discusses the personal characteristics of the candidates, and concludes as follows:

Fruits of a Republican Victory.

I will hazard a prophecy as to what the future has in store for us. I should not dare to promise the people an ideal political situation if Mr. Hayes be elected; but as regards the three points which are mentioned in this letter, and which the address of the May Conference touched upon, the following appears to me as sure as anything one can ever count upon in the future: (1.) The application of the whole constitutional power of the Executive to secure a prompt resumption of specie payments, and apparently a supporting majority in Congress. (2.) A weeding out of bad officers, and a consequent carrying through of his programme of civil service reform on the part of the President, as far as his constitutional powers will permit him; the employment in the public service of not one more party agent; the abolition of the spoils system; opposition to these reforms on the part of the spoils politicians in Congress; the overthrow of this opposition at the next Congressional elections. (3.) An intelligent execution of the laws, joined with a just, conciliatory, and honorable policy toward the people of the South.

Fruits of a Democratic Victory.

In the event of a Democratic victory: (1.) A soft money majority in the House of Representatives; efforts on the part of the President in behalf of a resumption of specie payments, which are ruined by the majority in the House of Representatives; a continuance of our uncertain financial position for an indefinite length of time; in case of the succession of Mr. Hendricks to the Presidency, universal confusion, and a revival of the inflationists' plans. (2.) The weeding out of the bad officers, but also of the good ones; a tremendous, irresistible rush of office-seekers from South and North to divide the booty; a substantial continuance of the spoils system and the civil service as party machinery and all the demoralization which would flow from that; sundry efforts in the right direction, borne down by the pressure of partisan interests from all sides. (3.) The rousing of false hopes among the lawless element in the South by their party victory, and the increase of terrible excesses and reactionary efforts, in spite of the desire of the Government and of the better part of the Southern people to suppress such disorders.

This is my view of what would result from the triumph of the one or the other party. You may hold a different view; time will tell which of us is right. May the sequel not prove injurious to the publil weal. Very respectfully yours,

C. SCHURZ.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, July 27, 1876.

SENATE.

In Memoriam.

Immediately after the reading of the journal Mr. BAYARD said: I am sure the Senate and country will be deeply affected by the announcement of the melancholy event of yesterday, the death of our late friend and brother, Allen T. Caperton, Senator from West Virginia. I move as a mark of respect so justly due to the memory of this excellent and honorable man, that the Senate stand adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

Mr. STEVENSON said he concurred in what had been said by the Senator from Delaware. He moved that a committee of four Senators be appointed to accompany the remains of the deceased to his late residence in West Virginia. Agreed to, and the chair appointed Messrs. Davis, Cooper, Booth and Hitchcock as such committee.

The motion of Mr. Bayard was then agreed to, and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Washington Monument.

Mr. FOSTER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the Senate bill appropriating one hundred thousand dollars for the construction of the Washington monument. Passed, with amendments, one of which increases the amount to two hundred thousand dollars.

The Dead Senator.

A message from the Senate, announcing the death of Senator Caperton, of West Virginia, was presented, whereupon, on motion of Mr. WILSON, the usual resolutions were adopted. Messrs. Wilson, Banks, Luttrell, Douglass, Hardenburg, Faulkner and Kasson were appointed a committee to accompany the body to West Virginia, and the House adjourned.

THE INDIAN WAR.

Matters at Crook's Camp.

CAMP OF GEN. CROOK'S COL., July 23, Via FT. FETTERMAN, July 26, 1876.

The Sioux have made no demonstration for more than a week. The smoke has cleared from the surface of the country, and, while no scouting is carried on, from desultory observations reported it is to be feared that the Sioux are preparing a refuge for their families in the mountains, which are capable of strong defence. They are expected to give general battle once more.

The Crows arrived two days ago from General Terry with a duplicate of the dispatch already received, detailing the Custer disaster. They saw no Sioux, but observed the trail of a large party going toward the Red Cloud agency. It is supposed they are carrying their wounded thither. The Crows report finding the burial places of many of their dead scattered along the line of their flight. The Fifth Cavalry left for Laramie on the 15th, and their arrival is expected on the 27th. An advance will then be made. Meantime General Terry is supposed to be already moving toward this command.

A courier was dispatched toward him on the 20th. The Crows reported the arrival at his base of supplies of two steamboats loaded with men and horses.

The Murder Record.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 27.—Yesterday morning the body of an unknown white man was found in the river twelve miles below this city, with a rope around his neck and a number of buckshot holes in the face. Nothing was found on the body to indicate the name. An inquest was held and a verdict rendered that the deceased came to his death from hanging or shooting, or both. He was apparently 35 years of age.

NEW YORK, July 27.—John O'Reilly, a junk dealer, was found murdered and robbed last night near the west end of the New Jersey depot of the Pennsylvania railroad.

OMAHA, July 27.—At Casey, Iowa, yesterday, Isaac Croy was shot and instantly killed by a farmer named Stephen Oakes. Oakes claims it was done in self-defense. He is under arrest.

POTTSVILLE, July 27.—John Somm, residing near Shenandoah, this morning shot and killed his wife. Jealousy was the cause.

Pistol Practice by a Drunken Man

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—At Lagrange, today, Thos. Vance was dangerously wounded in the abdomen by Richard Jenkins. Vance and a stranger were quareling about their shooting with an air gun, when Jenkins, who stood by, and was drunk, fired a pistol twice. One ball hit Vance and the other Charles Griffith. Jenkins fled, but was arrested. He says he was too drunk to know what he was doing. Griffith was slightly hurt.

District Attorney at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—It is generally understood here to-night that Colonel G. C. Wharton, District Attorney, will be succeeded by A. T. Wood. Colonel Wharton has been an active officer for seven years, having previously served for three years as assistant of Bristow, whose claims to the Presidency he zealously advocated.

Calling Time on Tilden.

NEW YORK, July 27.—In the suit of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company against Samuel J. Tilden and others, the order heretofore granted extending the time for the defendants to answer to the first Monday in October has been changed to the first Monday in August.

The British Columbia Ministry.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27.—A Victoria dispatch says Smith, member for Cowichin, has been appointed Finance Minister. Humphrey says he had not resigned. It is generally supposed he has been requested to resign, but declines.

SECOND EDITION

NEWS FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

The Freshest Gleanings from the Old World.

The Turkish War.

A Battle with Insurgents on the Timok River.

CONFLICTING ACCOUNTS OF THE RESULT.

Turkish Paper Money.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 27.—It is stated that the Government has decided to issue paper money currency to the amount of three million pounds.

Turkish Repulse.

RAGUSA, July 27.—Intelligence from Sclavonic sources announces that 15,000 Turks under Mehemet Hamdi Pacha attacked the Montenegrins on Tuesday near Podgoritza, and were repulsed and pursued to that place. Both sides lost heavily in killed and wounded.

Death on the Rail

LONDON, July 27.—The "Flying Dutchman" fast train, running at full speed, between Taunton and Bristol, left the track near Longashton. The engineer and fireman were killed, and it is feared a number of passengers were also killed. The train was wrecked.

A Battle on the Timok.

SEMLIN, July 27.—A battle is being fought on the Timok river to-day. No details are received. The Turks prevented General Tchernayeff from joining General Leschrjanin, and defeated the latter. The Servians attribute this defeat to his incapacity.

From Prison into the Turkish Army.

LONDON, July 27.—Colonel Valentine Baker, just released from prison, has accepted a commission in the Turkish army, and leaves immediately for his post.

Emperor William's Advice to Roumania.

BERLIN, July 27.—Emperor William has earnestly impressed the Prince of Roumania with the importance of maintaining peace. Turkey has demanded from Roumania the observance of strict neutrality, and has complained that munitions of war are transmitted to Servia through Roumanian territory.

Catholic Sympathies.

The Roman Catholics of Bosnia have subscribed a considerable amount of money for Turkey's war expenses.

The Servian Army.

SEMLIN, July 27.—Servia has authorized the formation of a legion of foreign volunteers, and Signori Carrazzini and Cereti, the latter aide-de-camp to Garibaldi, are forming an Italian legion. The strength of the Servian army is 115,000 men and 250 guns, including one battery of Krupp guns and 150 bronze pieces. Russian officers and and surgeons are arriving at Belgrade daily.

Turkish Victories.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 27.—Official dispatches announce the defeat of Montenegrins and Servians at Medun, Setaniteza, and on the Timok river.

Bismarck's Movements.

BERLIN, July 27.—Bismarck arrived here last night, and will go to Varzen in a few days.

The New Sultan's Troubles.

LONDON, July 27.—A special correspondent to the *Herald* at Vienna, in speaking of the proposed demand of the Ulemas and Softas at Constantinople that the Sultan, Mourad Effendi, resign, says the reason for this extreme measure is the prolonged illness of the Sultan, who has lived in the closest seclusion ever since his accession to the throne, and has done nothing to encourage the hope that he may inaugurate a more vigorous policy than that pursued by his unfortunate predecessor, Abdul-Aziz. It is expected that the demand will be made about the middle of August, when stirring events may be expected.

Yellow Fever.

HAVANA, July 27.—Joseph G. Moore, United States consul at Trinidad, died on Tuesday of yellow fever.

The Salonica Case.

LONDON, July 28.—The ex-Governor of Salonica has been sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

Servians Repulsed.

The *Standard's* correspondent at Osman Pacha's camp telegraphs: While a fight was going on between Servian battalions and Osman Pacha's forces the main body of the Servians at Saitschar, thinking that Osman Pacha had withdrawn all his men from the camp, crossed the Timok river, and attacked him. Osman Pacha opened a fire from his batteries, and the Servians hastily recrossed the river, with loss.

Prince Milan's Movements.

A dispatch from Paratjin, dated Wednesday, says: Prince Milan leaves here for Belgrade on Thursday.

A Disagreement in the Servian Camp.

ZEMLIN, July 27.—There is a disagreement between General Tchernayeff and Prince Milan's staff. Tchernayeff advised that Prince Milan's headquarters be transferred to Alexinatz. The staff objected that it would expose Prince Milan to the enemy's fire.

Montenegrins Concentrating.

VIENNA, July 27.—The Montenegrins, in consequence of their defeat on the 23d inst., retreated to Korito, and are now concentrating at Krestac, where a fresh engagement is expected.

Plots in Servia.

PARIS, July 27.—The papers publish special dispatches to the effect that the Servian situation is aggravated by plots of the adherents of the pretender Karagorgwitch. A proclamation from Karagorgwitch himself is placarded in Belgrade.

The Pretender's Proclamation.

Karagorgwitch's proclamation, which was placarded in several Servian towns on Wednesday night, declares that the deposition of Prince Milan is necessary, because of his treachery. Karagorgwitch offers to save the country.

Greece's Attitude.

A Berlin special says: The Greek Embassy here states positively that Greece intends to maintain the strictest neutrality at present, but admits that events might arise which would require Greece to enter into action.

Turks Repulsed.

BELGRADE, July 27.—The following is official: The Turks attempted to cross the river Timok at Wrasognatz on Wednesday, but were repulsed with heavy loss. On the 24th Gen. Antitch completely defeated Dervisch Pacha near Augapolgana.

Antitch has been appointed commander of the Ibar army in place of Gen. Zach, who is invalided.

The French Ministry.

PARIS, July 27.—It is stated that President MacMahon, at a cabinet council, repudiated the scheme which had been attributed to him of forming a ministry from the minority. He adheres thoroughly to the constitutional position heretofore taken by him.

A Vienna dispatch says Prince Milan proceeds from Belgrade to camp at Schabatz. His opponents report that he intends to enter Hungary.

Violence Feared.

Officers of the National Guard in several towns have been asked to surrender the arms in their charge. It is believed this measure is caused by a fear of a violent outbreak of the anti-war party, though the authorities allege that the arms are required for volunteers.

Turkish Repulse Confirmed.

LONDON, July 28.—All special correspondents confirm the reports of the repulse of 5,000 Turks who attempted to cross the Timok at Wrashognatz.

The *News'* correspondent at Belgrade denies that the Servians are collapsing. There has been no engagement sufficiently great to affect the power of either combatant to prolong the contest.

The Sultan's Condition.

A Vienna dispatch says it is reported that the Sultan has been much worse during the last two days. The ministers have much difficulty to restrain the Ulemas from indiscreet demonstrations. It is even asserted that his abdication is possible in a few days.

Russian Sympathies.

The Czar will send one of his own physicians to attend the wounded at Belgrade. Many Odessa ladies have started for Servia to superintend the hospitals.

The Ports of Dahomey Blockaded.

Advices from Modena say the blockade of the ports of Dahomey was declared on the 1st of July. The British man-of-war Spiteful is stationed at Whydah, and the Arch at Little Popo. The vessels now in the blockaded ports will be allowed thirty days to load and depart. It is not intended to attack Dahomey from the sea. An available force will go in the mail boat to Porto Navo, and thence to the capital.

Tuesday's Battle.

The *Times'* Ragusa special says the Turks left four hundred dead on the field at the battle near Podgoritza on Tuesday.

The Montenegrin Retreat.

The *Times'* Ragusa dispatch says the Prince of Montenegro's campaign is regarded as a failure. The retreat of the Montenegrin army was because of the utter lack of efficient organization, discontent of the troops and their distrust of their commander. The most experienced chiefs having been sent on a detached expedition, the command of the main army was left to young and untried men, the battle on the 21st having demonstrated the incapacity of the commanders, and as the Turks were threatening the southern frontier of Montenegro it was decided to retreat on the base of supplies. The army will probably be reorganized into a separate corps. Every branch of service appears to have utterly broken down. Only three Montenegrin battalions were engaged at Bagana, and they were obliged to retreat because of a lack of ammunition. The total loss of Montenegrins during the campaign has been under three hundred killed and wounded. The troops are very indignant at the fiasco.

Antagonism in the Servian Army.

The *Times'* Vienna special says all accounts show that great antagonism has broken out between the native and foreign elements in the Servian army. This has been brought to a crisis by the Prince's giving the direction of affairs to General Tchernayeff. The native party, which is headed by the Minister of War, desires to remove the Prince to Belgrade or Schabatz, out of the reach of Tchernayeff's influence.

Matrimonial.

The *Times'* Paris special says it is rumored that Gen. De Cissey is about to marry Miss Billing, an American lady.

THE LATE WHISKY TRIALS.

Testimony of Bluford Wilson.

What He Knows About the Prosecutions in the West—Gen. Babcock's Part in the Conspiracy—The "Sylph" Telegram Explained—A Woman Involved.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Bluford Wilson, late Solicitor of the Treasury, appeared to-day before the House committee on whisky trials in St. Louis, and gave in detail his knowledge in regard to the late whisky prosecutions in the west, and particularly in regard to the connection of Gen. Babcock with them. He related with great minuteness various conversations which he had with Gen. Horace Porter, Mr. Bristow, Attorney General Pierrepont, and finally with President Grant, on the subject. It seems that a letter of his to the prosecuting officer in St. Louis, inciting him to the greatest actively in bringing to justice everybody, from the lowest to the highest, engaged in the conspiracy, was obtained by Babcock and falsified by interpolating the letters "W. H" so as to make it intimate his belief in the participation of the White House in the conspiracy. This letter, thus falsified, was exhibited to Bristow, Pierrepont, and also to the President, and although a press copy of it in Wilson's letter book was produced to prove forgery, he seems to have been unable to shield himself from the charge of having employed spies even against the President.

Mr. Wilson said that there was no lack of co-operation on the part of the President in the whisky cases generally until Babcock became involved, when a coolness between the White House and the Treasury Department arose. He also testified that in a conversation with Gen. Horace Porter, soon after the discovery that

The "Sylph" Telegram

was in Babcock's handwriting, Porter gave an explanation of the dispatch, to the effect that it related to the movements of certain parties going to St. Louis on bridge business, and said the signature arose in this way: There was a certain woman who had give the President much trouble. Babcock and McDonald being together in Washington one day, saw her, and McDonald recognizing her, exclaimed "There is Sylph." Babcock said: "Do you know that woman?" McDonald replied: "I know her very well." "Then," said Babcock, "I wish you would get her away from here. She is annoying the President." "Certainly," said McDonald, "that is easy. I can manage her," and he did so. The term "Sylph" became a sort of standing joke between Babcock and McDonald, and they often addressed each other and signed their communications in that way.

When charged with having set spies on the President Mr. Wilson, in self-defence, told the President of his suspicions of Babcock, and related the explanation of "Sylph" given by Porter. The President indignantly denied the story, brushed it away with a contemptuous gesture, and proceeded with his remarks on the subject of the frauds, saying that he believed Babcock innocent, but that if guilty he was the most guilty wretch in the country, and that no punishment could be too severe for him. Mr. Wilson testified that when he first heard this story from Porter he believed it to be false, and he still believed so. He will be further examined to-morrow.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

The Arkansas Republican State Convention.

LITTLE ROCK, July 27.—The Republican State Convention, called by those who opposed the action of the April convention, in refusing to nominate a State ticket, met at twelve o'clock to-day. After the appointment of Committees on Credentials and Permanent Organization a recess was taken till two o'clock. On reassembling the Committee on Credentials reported twenty-four counties represented. Ex-United States Senator B. F. Rice was made permanent President. After the appointment of a committee to confer with the Republican State Central Committee to see if the differences existing between the party in this State could not be adjusted, together with the Committee on Resolutions and the committee to select a State Central Committee, the convention adjourned till eight o'clock.

Kentucky Prohibitionists.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 27.—The first State Convention of Prohibitionists was held at Library Hall to-day to organize the party for the canvass for the Presidency of the United States. Green Clay Smith, Prohibition candidate, was present, and made a speech. A State Central Committee and electors were appointed, and the platform of the party read and adopted.

Illinois Democrats.

SPRINGFIELD, July 27.—The Democratic State Convention met to day, and organized. After the election of electors at large, Hon. S. S. Marshall reported resolutions endorsing the St. Louis platform, and declaring that in the presentation of the names of those eminent gentlement Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks, for the suffrages of the American people, a new and better era is opened up, and an opportunity offered of restoring prosperity once more to the oppressed business interests of the land and redeeming the country from the disgrace of robberies and malfeasance that have tended to disgrace and humble us in the estimation of civilized nations, that this convention adopts the St. Louis platform as its own, and pledges the most active support to the nominees of the St. Louis and Springfield conventions.

By consent, P. Corning Judd read a minority report, asking the Legislature to devise means to protect workmen against convict labor, and asked that it be made a part of the platform, which was done, and the platform adopted.

The following State officers were nominated: For Governor, Lewis Stewart, and for Lieutenant Governor, A. A. Glen.

West Virginia Republicans.

WHEELING, July 27.—Dispatches state that on the reassembling of the State Convention, at Parkersburg, to-day, A. W. Cambell, of Ohio county, was elected President, a Vice President from each Senatorial district, and G. W. Atkinson, of Kanawha county, as Secretary. The committee on resolutians presented majority and minority reports, the former presenting the following platform:

Arraignment of the Democracy for nonconformity with the pledges of six years ago to economize and reform; on the contrary, increasing the taxes and expenditures, multiplying the number of officials, raising salaries, imposing an unwise constitution upon the people inimical to their interests, vagueness and uncertainty of its language, which has been a constant source of conflict between the Legislative, Executive and Judicial departments, changing the road law, making it oppressive in its unjust discriminations; in re-establishing the old county court system; in the construction of too large and expensive a penitentiary, that it might be filled with Federal convicts to cheapen the labor of our mechanics; in tampering with the school laws; in providing a homestead exemption law that permits the landlord to strip the tenant of his furniture and clothing; in covering up frauds of its public officials; in having, by excessive taxation, driven many citizens to other States; in destroying local self-government, and concentrating power in the hands of cliques at the court houses; in so arranging the disbursements of county funds as to create a class of money changers, shavers, sharpers add Shylocks; appropriating moneys for bogus railroads, "boom" companies, &c., with unusual privileges for the excessive benefit of bankrupt corporations, &c.; demanding such amendments as to present a Constitution as will relieve it from odium, incongruities and absurdities; opposing the restoration of the test oath; pledging a reduction of State taxation; demanding the abolition of the County Court system; the restoration of township and local self government; the exclusion of everything sectarian or partisan from the public schools; the selection of men for public positions capable, honest and sober; the prompt and vigorous punishment of public men guilty of fraud or misconduct; demanding a just homestead law; endorsing the principles of the National Republican Convention; pledging undivided support to its nominees; calling them the friends of honest labor, and not the manipulators of political intrigues; the real reformers, and not pretenders; statesmen, not politicians, and, finally, calling upon all men of all parties to unite with them in relieving the people of this State from existing evils, and the re-establishment of a good government.

The minority report is in favor of submitting the capital question to the people. It was signed by a large number, and finally modified and adopted with the majority report. The convention was ably addressed by Col. Grosvenor, of Athens, Ohio, Hubbard, Flick, Freer, Boreman, and others of this State. A State Central Committee was appointed. The meeting was very large, enthusiastic and harmonious. The following State ticket was nominated: For Governor, Gen. Nathan Goff, by acclammation; Superintendent of Public Schools, F. H. Crago; Auditor, C. M. Shinn; Treasurer, Moses Frankensberger, of Kanawha county; Attorney General, John A. Hutchinson, for Judges of the Court of Appeals, Flick and Berkeshire, each twelve years, and Judge Brown four years; Presidential electors at large, W. H. Lamon and Cheesehead Smith. The convention adjourned at one o'clock A. M.

Kansas Independent Reformers.

TOPEKA, July 27.—The Independent Reform State Convention met here to-day, and adopted resolutions endorsing Peter Cooper for President, and the Indianapolis Reform platform. The following State ticket was nominated: Governor, M. C. Hudson; Lieutenant Governor, Judge J. O. Beal; Secretary of State, W. M. Allison; Auditor of State, H. F. Sheldon; State Treasurer, Amos M. Louth; Attorney General, J. D. Brumbony, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Thos. Bartlett; Associate Judge, Wilson Shannon; Presidential Electors, J. M. Sembecker, S. A. Riggs, S. J. Crawford and Jno. Ritchie. The convention was largely attended, earnest and enthusiastic.

Mishaps at Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27.—The ship Santa Clara arrived to-day from New York. She reports being boarded in the Straits of Lemaiz by Mr. Hoar, second mate, and three men of the British bark Southern Cross, who were going in a small boat to the Ushino Mission, a station in the Beagle cannel, for assistance. The Southern Cross was then anchored in the Gorge Roads, leaking badly, and only one pump available. The Captain is ill and the mate in charge. The boat obtained provisions and ammunition from Santa Clara, and proceeded on the way.

The whaling bark Illinois, of this port, was run down in the Arctic ocean by the whale ship Marengo. She sunk instantly All hands were saved except a seaman, Jacob Winchell, of Boston, who was drowned. The rest of the crew were distributed among the fleet.

For Additional Telegrams See Fourth Page.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUMMARY OF THE ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Financial Accounts of the FIRST WARD SCHOOL DISTRICT, Allegheny City.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand, June 1, 1875	$12,171 51
Taxes collected by City Treasurer	5,500 54
Taxes collected by Ward Collector	677 69
Rent from sub-letting temporary School House, sales of old material, and old furniture, etc	662 80
Interest received on surplus in Treasury	197 10
Borrowed on Promissory Notes	5,050 00
Borrowed on temporary loan to July 1,	417 11
	$24,676 75

EXPENDITURES.

Balance on construction of New Building	$13,384 28
Grading, Curbing and Paving	1,336 79
Iron and Wooden Fences	1,113 30
Stoves and Basement Heaters	892 20
Furniture	2,376 91
Fuel, Gas and Water Tax	225 58
Stationery, Printing and Advertising	162 41
Janitor's Salary and extra labor	810 00
Repairs and Jobbing	158 70
Insurance	190 50
Paid Rent for use of temporary School House	710 00
Miscellaneous Expenses	130 00
Bounty Bond issued in 1865, and one year interest	53 00
Coupon Interest on Bonded Debt	2,450 00
Gold Interest and Premium on Promissory Note	68 10
	$24,676 75

ASSETS.

School Building, Furniture and Improvement of grounds at cost	$50,547 21
Lot, 125x150	14,500 00
	$65,047 21

LIABILITIES.

Bonds	$35,000 00
Promissory Notes	5,000 00
Temporary Loan	417 11
	$40,417 11

JOHN HAMILTON, President.
THOS. MARSHALL, Secretary.

The undersigned Committee appointed by the Board of Directors to audit the accounts of the First Ward School District of Allegheny, for the year ending June 1, 1876, having attended to the duty assigned to them, hereby certify that they have found the accounts to be correct in every particular.

P. H. MILLER,
A. F. MARTHENS,
WM. THOMPSON.

Allegheny, July 26, 1876. h96

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199
PENN AVE,
Offer largest assortment,
ALL GRADES OF GOODS,
BEST VALUE.

Attention is directed to the following:

Hamburg Embroideries, new and fresh goods, just opened at extremely low prices.
Nainsook and Swiss Embroideries.
Guipure and French Embroidered Bands.
Plain White, Colored and Mourning Border Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, at bargain prices.
Linen Collars, Cuffs, and Chemisetts with Collars attached.
Linen Neck Plaiting and Crape Ruchings.
Black Silk and Thread Veiling Nett, Plain and Dotted.
Colored Grenadine and Barege Veilings.
Black Lace and Nett Scarfs at reduced prices.
Silk Scarf Nett, open mesh, all colors.
Crape and Twilled Silk Windsor Ties in all shades.
Extra bargain in Plain, Colored and Plaid Sash Ribbons, at 15c, 25c, 65c, and 75c per yard.
Brocaded Sash Ribbons, newest thing out.

COLORED DRESS SILKS
Full lines, all shades, at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00 per yard.
Black, White and Colored Stripe and Check Silks at 75c, 85c, 90c and $1 per yard.

BLACK DRESS SILKS,
Most reliable makes, quality guaranteed.
Linen Suits, Overdresses and Jackets.
Debege and Linen Dusters at reduced prices.
White Lawn, Swiss and Muslin Jackets.
Ladies' Corset Waists, made close fitting, high and low neck.
Ladies' Colored and White (real bone) Corsets, from 75c up.
French hand-made, Werley, Glove-fitting, Madame Foy's and Abdominal Supporting Corsets, all sizes.
Bargains in Ladies' and Children's Plain, Colored and Fancy Striped Cotton Hose on counters.
Ladies' Fine List and Silk Stockings, choice styles and shades.
Gloves—Ladies', Misses' and Men's Fine Lisle Gloves, all sizes.
Undressed Kid Gloves, Black and Medium shades—2 and 3 button.
Fans—Black and White Silk Fans, Plain and with Paintings.
Open and shut Japanese Fans from 5c up.
Jet Jewelry closing out at less than half price.
Portmonaies, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Hand Mirrors, &c.

Orders by mail will receive prompt and careful attention.

RETAIL STORES

R. H. Gibson & CO., Wholesale AND RETAIL Dealers in BEST BRANDS
BRILLIANT MILLS
Family FLOUR GRAIN AND FEED, 44 Ohio St., Allegheny City, Pa.

MEETINGS.

☞ATTENTION!—THE NINTH PA. RESERVES and other Veterans who propose attending the Reunion at New Brighton, FRIDAY, July 28th, are requested to assemble at Old City Hall, on FRIDAY MORNING, at 7:30 o'clock. Tickets can be procured from Committee.

W. J. CRISWELL, Chairman.

h94

DIVIDENDS.

INSURANCE.

OFFICE ARMENIA INSURANCE COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, PA., July 14, 1876.

☞THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) DOLLARS per share from the earnings of the past Six Months, free from taxes, and payable forthwith.

E. A. CURTIS, Secretary.

h88

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHOICE
NEW DRESS GOODS.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
Cor. Market St. and 4th Ave.
Have opened some handsome designs in
NEW DRESS GOODS!
PLAID GRENADINES,
BROCADE GRENADINES,
BLACK and WHITE STRIPE SILKS,
COLORED CHECK SILKS,
BLACK SILKS,
COLORED CASHMERES,
BLACK CASHMERES,
SILK WARP CASHMERES,
PLAID and STRIPE DRESS GOODS,
BROCADE CASHMERES.
ONE LOT OF
COLORED DRESS SILKS
At $1.25, extraordinary good value for he price, sold usually at $1.50. BLACK SILKS from 75c to $4.00.
We desire to call attention to one lot of Black Silks in Soft Cachemire Finish at $2.00, warranted to wear and give good satisfaction, and an extraordinary bargain.
Samples sent on application.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTON,
Cor. Market St. and 4th Avenue.

Orders for June
FOR THE
PATENTED
COAST
Range
CALIFORNIA
Flour
Having been nearly double those of any previous month, we would ask the trade to order ahead of immediate wants to secure the Flour when needed. Its quality commends it, hence the largely increased demand.
PEABODY, HUGUS & CO.,
329 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ERWIN'S
Great Closing Out-Sale
OF
Dry Goods.
We are offering some special attractions this week, among which we mention a few:
400 REAL SHETLAND SHAWLS,
In White, White and Red, White and Blue, White and Black. Also, Plain, Black and Red. These are real Shetland goods of our own importation, but got out too late last season to sell. They are worth $3 and $4. We will close them at $1 and $1.50.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
To close the remainder of our large stock we will sell them at not over one half the regular price. We have but few left and they must be sold.
Remnants.
We have made a special remnant department in the rear of our store room, and have gathered the accumulated remnants of Dress Goods remaining after our season's business, and have marked them in length and price in plain figures at about one-third the real value. This is the largest remnant sale we ever made, and purchasers of Dry Goods can find some bargains that will repay their attendance.
We are selling an immense quantity of goods, and still have an immense quantity to dispose of. Call and see what we are doing and what bargains we are offering.
Special Drives in Prints and Muslins.
A. W. ERWIN,
172 and 174
Federal St., Allegheny.

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S
Suits, Costumes and Ulsters.
We keep the largest and best assortment of the above goods in the city, and our largely increased sales over any former year is the best guarantee to purchasers that our prices, styles and fabrics are satisfactory.
We have just opened new styles BLACK and COLORED DAMASSE and HAMBURG NET OVERDRESSES; FRENCH FOULARD SUITS AND COSTUMES; EMBROIDERED LINEN SUITS, JACKETS AND OVERSKIRTS; LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S ULSTERS; BLACK HERNANI SUITS; also, another invoice of those STYLISH SILK SUITS at from $33 to $50.
F. H. EATON & CO.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE. 25

BARGAINS FOR 20 DAYS.
To prevent a sacrifice of my property to pay notes endorsed to accommodate a friend, I have filed a bill in Bankruptcy that every creditor
MAY STAND EQUAL.
At the request of creditors for their benefit, I will sell for cash only, for twenty days the large stock of
SUN UMBRELLAS, FANS,
Furnishing Goods,
Trimmings, Hosiery,
RIBBONS, NOTIONS, &C.
Call early and get
GREAT BARGAINS.
J. D. Carlisle's,
37 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURGH.

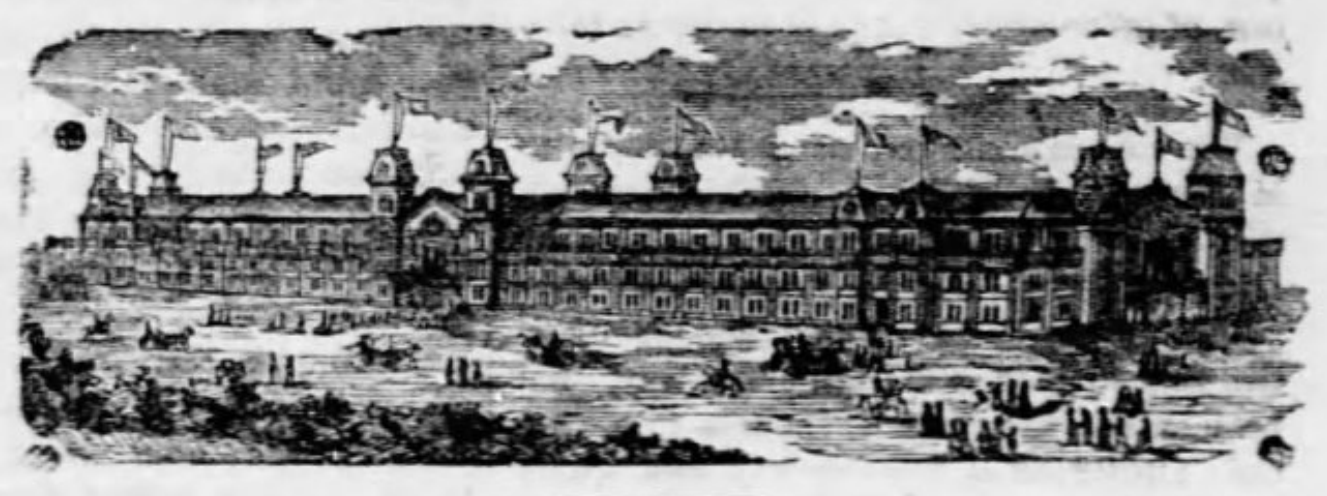
BLUE LICK
AND
BEDFORD WATERS
RECEIVED THIS DAY (JULY 24.)
Also, all the principal Imported and Domestic Waters, both on draught and in bottles.
SIMON JOHNSTON
Cor. Third Ave., & Smithfield St.,
Opposite Central Hotel.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
MARKET STREET
Offer special inducements to buyers in every department. Many lines of goods much under value to close.
Dry Goods, Dress Goods,
NOTIONS, SMALL WARES,
Embroideries, Laces, Lace Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Millinery and Straw Goods.
NEW GOODS OPENING DAILY.
Ladies' Netts and Silk Ties, Palm, Jap. and Folding Fans, Belts, Belting, Mosquito Bars, Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, Panniers, Corsets, &c.
For the 4th of July, large lines Gents' White Cotton and Lisle Gloves.
WHOLESALE ONLY. 77 AND 79 MARKET ST.

MUSSELMAN & CO.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of CHEWING TOBACCO, also the celebrated
GIANT AND IRONSIDE NAVY,
To be had in Pittsburgh at R. & W. Jenkinson's, John Fullerton & Son, J. W. Taylor, Martin Heyl, T. J. Wallace, J. M. Sichel & Co., E. Poerstell & Co., Carter Brothers, Dilworth Brothers, T. C. Jenkins, Knox & Orr, Herzog & Bachman, Means & Sweeney, also all other Tobacco and Grocery Houses.

1776. OUR CENTENNIAL. 1876.
Second Exposition
OF THE
TRADESMEN'S INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE,
Opens August 16,



Closes Sept. 23.
NEW FLORAL HALL,
GRAND ART DISPLAY,
And Attractions in Every Department.
FULL PREMIUM LIST.
The Management have made arrangements so complete for the next Exposition, that they confidently announce a superior display to last year. Applications for space now received and space promptly assigned. Premium lists on application.
ADMISSION—Gentlemen, 50 cents, Ladies, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents. Address
TRADESMEN'S INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE,
198 PENN AVENUE.

PHOSPHOR BRONZE FOUNDRY,
FOR THE
CITY OF PITTSBURGH AND SURROUNDING DISTRICT,
UNDER SPECIAL LICENSE OF C. J. A. DICK, PATENTEE, 2038 WASHINGTON AVE, PHILADELPHIA, PA.
TRADE Phosphor Bronze MARK
CASTINGS FOR MILLS AND GENERAL MACHINE WORK FURNISHED PROMPTLY.
ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,
50 TO 60 THIRD AVE. PITTSBURGH, PA. BET. MARKET & FERRY STS.

FIRST PREMIUM FLANNELS!
At the Pittsburgh Exposition of 1875.
The First Premium was Awarded to
S. BRADLEY & SONS,
FOR
BARRED FLANNELS.
Also, in Process of Manufacture
A superior article of FINE FLANNELS and FANCY KNITTING YARNS.

Wrought Iron Railings and Fences
FOR GARDENS, OFFICES, CEMETERIES, &c.
WIRE WINDOW GUARDS.
LAUDERBACH & CO.,
33 AND 34 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH HOT AIR FURNACE!
ABSOLUTELY CLEAN! DURABLE! ECONOMICAL!
ADAPTED FOR BITUMINOUS SLACK OR COKE.
INDORSED BY
EDWARD M. BUTZ, Architect.
CHARLES DAVIS, City Engineer.
JOHN MEGRAW, Contractor.
WILLIAM BOYD, Builder.
SAMUEL HASTINGS, Builder.
JAMES LEITCH, Builder.
J. C. PATTERSON, Builder.
JAMES B. CHAMBERS, Builder.
JAMES GILLEAND, Builder.
And Others.
MANUFACTURED BY
L. PETERSON, JR., & CO., 187 LIBERTY ST.

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING AND STEAM HEATING.
The Three Highest Premiums Over All Competitors
AWARDED TO
EDWARD BOURNE,
No. 45 Market Street, Pittsburgh,
For best display of Plumbing work and Steam Heating Apparatus at Pittsburgh Exposition, 1875.

Ben Franklin Insurance Co
INCORPORATED 1866.
OFFICES---41 AND 43 OHIO STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
HENRY IRWIN, President. GEO. D. RIDDLE, Secretary.
SIMON DRUM, Agent.

PICKERSGILL, LYONS & Co.
141 WOOD STREET,
Call attention to their large collection of
Fine Engravings and Photographs,
Many of them appropriately framed. Portrait and Picture Frames, embracing many new styles. Parlor and Table Easels in great variety. Also Pier and Mantel Mirrors of latest designs at very low prices

PITTSBURGH WIRE WORKS,
35 MARKET STREET.

1876. CAMPAIGN. 1876.
Marching Clubs Supplied
WITH
CAPS, CAPES AND TORCHES.
Call and see samples.
R. H. Palmer & Co.,
(LIMITED),
151 WOOD STREET.

THE NEWEST THING OUT.
FOULARD PERCALE SUITS.
IN BLACK,
And the Dark Shades of BLUE, MYRTLE and BROWN.
JUST OPENED BY
F. H. EATON & CO.

CARPETS!
ELEGANT ASSORTMENT.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
29 FIFTH AVENUE.

BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER.
Pier, Dannals & Co.,
SELL THEIR
FINE BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER AT $1.50 PER DOZ., PINTS,
Refunding 70c for the Empty Bottles.
The Best Quality of Ale and Porter
For sale to the trade in Casks or Bott

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield St.

JOSIAH KING....N. P. REED....GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Official Paper of Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1876.
DAILY GAZETTE.
POSTAGE PREPAID.

By Mail, per annum	$8 00
By Mail, for six months	4 00
By Mail, for three months	2 00
By Mail, for one month	75
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier	15

All remittances should be made by Express or in Money Orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.
POSTAGE PREPAID.

Single Subscribers	$1 75
Clubs of Five	1 50
Clubs of Ten	1 40

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of Ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State also nearest Express Office, in order that there may be no mistakes in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1876.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER,
OF NEW YORK.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 36f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 102¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111¾.

YARYAN has been doing some interviewing in Cincinnati, and represents that he and BRISTOW had a hard time of it chasing down the whisky thieves. He more than intimates that he had difficulties in high places—but the reports of those who are out of office are not always perfectly reliable.

WE congratulate our friend Col. JOHN M. THOMPSON, of Butler, on his nomination to Congress from the twenty-sixth District, and we also congratulate the people of Butler, Crawford and Mercer counties that so good a man in every way, has been chosen to represent them in Congress. Col. THOMPSON is in every way well qualified for the position and we expect to see him elected by a rousing old fashioned majority.

THE veto of the River and Harbor bill by the President seems to meet with very general commendation. It kills it, and saves several millions to the Treasury, while it relieves Congressmen of all responsibility in the case. They can meet their constituents declaring that they are all right, while they may be gratified that so much money is saved. It is very convenient to have some one who cannot be hurt, to take the responsibility.

THE return of cool weather has exerted a magical influence on the health of the Eastern cities, and has been of great advantage to the health of Pittsburgh. We have suffered, but not equally with the people East, from the torrid heat. Pittsburgh has many advantages, as regards the health of its people, and the recent heat test has proven it. Yet we need, none the less, to be particular to observe proper sanitary rules, in maintaining the healthfulness of the city.

THE combination of United States forces that will be gathered and ready to strike by the second week in August will, after all, be quite respectable, and strong enough to manage the Indians unless they are in greater numbers than has been at all suspected. General SHERMAN testifies that TERRY as well as CROOK, is a good Indian fighter, and he is confident of the success of the troops. Nothing less than a severe battle, and the undoubted punishment of the Indians will answer now.

THE letting down in price to the school children by the Centennial managers, shows that they realize that in point of attendance the Centennial is a failure. This is greatly to be regretted, as it is a magnificent show, and deserves all the prosperity it can possibly have. The officials in charge entirely overlooked the matter of attendance, believing that it would naturally be all they could desire. But now the season is half gone, and it will require every exertion to retrieve the failure. Of course, it is impossible to make it the financial success that was hoped.

THERE is a strong sympathy among Russians of Sclavic origin with the Servians, and reports have been made that they will be aided, if Turkey should succeed against them. No doubt the Russian Government would be glad to interfere, but there are prudential considerations that prevent. The other great powers, in the event of Russia's interference, might feel inclined to take a hand, and this would spoil all the plans of Russia. Thus there are serious troubles in the way, view the subject as she will. We regret it, but from all appearances the Servians will be overborne in this contest by the Turks.

JERRY BLACK, who was the *Post's* candidate for the Presidency, and is BELKNAP's counsel, attempted to gain the fair weather side of the Republicans, recently, by declaring, in his argument before the Senate, that his client was a pure man. Or, as the New York *World* puts it, "He justified BELKNAP on the ground that he was no worse than GRANT and others of the party! As a Democrat he satisfied his personal hatred by exposing the whole Administration to contempt; as counsel for the accused he avenged upon BELKNAP's former associates their desertion of a comrade and their assumption of superior virtues because they had not been caught. Verily it is a sight for gods and men to see the counsel for a Secretary of War impeached for taking bribes, argue that his client should go free because the President and the Attorney General and the whole Administration are fully as guilty—that in an epidemic of official dishonesty one man should not be selected to be made an example of." We rather think Judge BLACK must be read out of the Democratic party, or be squelched as a lawyer. To depart from the law and make BELKNAP out as a model of purity, is rather rough for BUCHANAN's Attorney General.

A NUMBER of English parliamentary dignitaries will come over in the early part of September, to take in the Centennial. Among the more prominent are the following, with their public record: JACOB BRIGHT, who represents Manchester in the House of Commons, was elected this year to fill a vacancy, having also represented that city in previous Parliaments. He is an advanced Liberal, a brother of JOHN BRIGHT, and a grateful friend to the United States. JOHN WALTERS, the proprietor of the London *Times*, is a member for Berks, and a Liberal, elected in that Conservative county through the principle of minority representation. He is, also, a warm admirer of our country. A. J. MUNDELLA, member for Sheffield, is also a Liberal, a prominent promoter of arbitration in place of "strikes," and a leading hosiery manufacturer of Nottingham. SIR CHARLES WENTWORTH DILKE is the proprietor of the London *Athenæum*. He is a Radical, and has represented Chelsea for the past eight years. He was one of the Commissioners of the London Exhibiton of 1862. SIR HENRY MARSHMAN HAVELOCK, C. B., also represents Sunderland, and is a Liberal. He is a son of the famous Major General HAVELOCK, and has been a member of the House two years. He is a lieutenant colonel in the army, and has seen service in India and Persia, having received the Victoria Cross for bravery at Cawnpore during the mutiny. There are some twenty others, making, altogether, a very jolly party.

THE foreign import returns of Philadelphia, for the last fiscal year closing with June, have been made up and show an aggregate importation of goods valued at $22,183,389, of which not quite three millions were goods imported free of duty, whilst the remainder paid duties amounting to $8,281,420. Says the *Ledger:* "As usual, our import trade for the year came chiefly from England and Cuba. The former country sent us more than one-half the entire amount of importations, nearly twelve and one-half millions, whilst Cuba sent us five millions. From Italy we received goods valued at a million and a quarter, and from Belgium $1,172,000. Venezuela sent us nearly a half million; Germany a third of a million; and the British West Indies, Spain and Porto Rico a quarter of a million each. The leading articles imported were sugar and molasses, aggregating $5,430,000; wool and woolens, $2,515,000; iron and steel, $1,345,000; cotton manufactures, $1,060,000; tin plates, $1,597,000; and fruits, $1,106,000. Flax manufactures arrived to the value of $900,000; drugs over $800,000; and coffee, hides, sulphur, opium, paintings (for the Exhibition), silks and soda ash cost about a half million. In the nationality of vessels carrying this import trade, nearly two-thirds came under the American flag, Philadelphia being the only American port that can make such a favorable showing for American commerce." The steamship feature of this showing is very excellent and worthy of remark.

WE elsewhere allude at some length to the freight discrimination question, and aside from what we there say, we suggest whether our manufacturers and merchants have not a remedy available should they choose to use it. It has been said that the loss of business consequent on depression and freight discriminations has reduced the capital in this city $20,000,000. This would have been ample to have built up either competing stems to other lines, or what would be better, to have secured a controlling interest in a line centreing here. Had our citizen the controlling interest, say in the Fort Wayne and Chicago, they could make it contribute to the general advantage of this city. Or had they such an interest in the Pennsylvania road it would answer the same purpose. Philadelphia at present, holds that interest and gets the benefit. Baltimore has the same interest in the Baltimore and Ohio, and reaps the results. But Pittsburgh has no controlling interest in anything that has power over her prosperity and trade. Of course this is not written to at all palliate freight discriminations, but we believe there is an old adage that Providence helps those who help themselves. With all candor we think this is a lesson that Pittsburgh needs sadly to learn. Baltimore, as we remark elsewhere, is benefited by the exertions of her great railroad interests to attract trade. Philadelphia is benefited the same way. The American steamship line is the outgrowth of the Pennsylvania Railroad's enterprise. It is at least worth thinking of,—this matter of controlling one of the great lines that centre here.

AFTER all, JOHN W. GARRETT, of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, is an energetic railroad and business man. He recently and quietly made arrangements to tranship goods destined for England, and that came over the Union Pacific line, by way of Baltimore, and actually had his first cargo on the Atlantic before it was known that he was looking after this trade. The fact that he controls these shipments is, in several particulars, quite important. In the first place it furnishes business for this road. It also shows that Mr. GARRETT can open a direct Asiatic trade to Baltimore if the merchants of that city display the same spirit as those of Chicago. It is not at all probable that the influences that have built up the great coffee trade of Baltimore will be found wanting in the face of such an opportunity as this. As the railroad company backs the coffee trade for the purpose of securing the transportation of it to the west, so we cannot doubt that it will back the local tea and silk trade to secure the transportation from the west to Baltimore. What Mr. GARRETT has already done gives reasonable assurance of success in what he may undertake hereafter. It is, therefore, folly to undervalue his plans. Over all this the Philadelphia papers are "groaning as bitterly as we do over freight discriminations. Says the *American*, "If the through trade from China and Japan to Europe pays the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad it would certainly pay the Pennsylvania. If it leads to the building up of a direct Asiatic trade at Baltimore we ought not to suffer ourselves to be left in the lurch. We have called the attention to the Pennsylvania Railroad managers to the subject, and we do so again. We have confidence in their capacity as the people in the city have. But this is a period of intense and powerful activity and there is no time to be lost. The trade that now relates only to China will ultimately extend to the whole of the Pacific commerce. San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis and Baltimore, already have their shares, and we have none." So in this case the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad scores one for Baltimore.

THE REMEDY.

The agitation relative to freight discriminations has continued for some time, and if all is not to end in smoke, something practical must be done. The Committee of Commerce at Washington has done all it proposes to do, this session, and inasmuch as Mr. HOPKINS' bill will not be acted on this session, there can be no harm in considering it. While not criticising the motives or sincerity of Mr. HOPKINS, we are free to say that we have no faith in his bill, as a remedy for the evil complained of. This bill assumes to regulate railroad charges within a single State in the clause relating to charges from the seaboard to a point within a State. The limitation of the power of Congress in such cases, is to regulate commerce "*among* the several States," and the interpretation uniformly put on this is, that it cannot regulate commerce within any one State. If this point is well taken, and we never before heard it disputed, Mr. HOPKINS' bill will not help Pittsburgh. The only possible method of making it useful will be to treat the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Pennsylvania Company as one and the same institution, which is not at all possible. If, then, Congress cannot, without an amendment to the Constitution, legislate effectively, what is to be done?

We assume, there are four possible methods of securing redress. 1. Our merchants and manufacturers can stop business, and so force the companies to measures. As this would injure themselves as much as the railroads, we do not discuss it. 2. The second method will be to make examples of all railroad officials supposed to have violated the laws. Freight discriminations in their several forms, are the product of the policy of the officers of the several roads. March 31, 1860, a law was passed by our Legislature which contains the following:

"Nor shall any member of any corporation or public institutions or any officer or agent thereof be in anywise interested in any contract for the sale or furnishing of any supplies, or materials to be furnished to, or for the use of any corporation municipality or public institution of which he shall be a member or officer, or for which he shall be an agent, nor receive any reward or gratuity from any person interested in such contract or sale, and any person violating these provisions, or either of them, shall forfeit his membership in such corporation, municipality or institution, and his office or appointment thereunder, and shall be held guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars."

It has been declared that several railroad officials in this State are interested in establishments that fill contracts for the roads of which they are in charge. This law, properly enforced, would summarily change the relations of those officials. We make no personal accusations here, but the sudden change from comparative poverty to riches, with some, is noticeable. 3. Competing lines can be built. There are projects under consideration for connecting lines, which, running short distances out of the city, and joining with other roads, will give us competing lines. Strange to say, our Pittsburgh people do not strongly encourage them. Yet there are two such plans now that are feasible, and capable of completion without large costs. 4. We can take the subject into the courts, and test the question there. This is the shortest method, and we incline to advise it as the best. We realize that there are difficulties in the way, but it will be worth all it will cost to authoritatively settle the question. The new Constitution, under the Railroad article, meets the case in the following:

SEC. 3. All individuals, associations and corporations shall have equal right to have persons and property transported over railroads and canals, *and no undue or unreasonable discrimination shall be made in charges for, or in facilities for, transportation of freight or passengers within the State, or coming from or going to any other State.* Persons and property transported over any railroad shall be delivered at any station at charges not exceeding the charges for transportation of persons and property of the same class in the same direction to any more distant station, but excursion and commutation tickets may be issued at special rates.

SEC. 7. No discrimination in charges or facilities for transportation shall be made between transportation companies and individuals, or in favor of either, *by abatement, drawback or otherwise*, and no railroad or canal company, or any lessee, manager or employee thereof, shall make any *preferences in furnishing cars or motive power.*

The difficulty is this: The Pennsylvania Railroad, for example, does not profess to accept the new Constitution as binding upon it, not having asked or accepted legislation under it. Also, the new Constitution expressly avows that it is not to be interpreted to destroy vested rights. Of course, the claim is, that the Pennsylvania Railroad is operating under its charter, and not having sought, or accepted legislation under the new Constitution, is not bound by its provisions. This is the exact issue which, we urge, should be settled by the Courts. The proper use of the chartered, or vested rights of any railroad, does not involve discrimination in freights. On the contrary, such discriminations are perversions of chartered rights, and involve a violation of the implications and spirit of such charters, which, we believe are serious enough to work a forfeiture, even if tried with reference only to the charter itself, and the old Constitution of the State.

But we go further than this, and hold that so far as freight discriminations are concerned, railroads are amenable to the new Constitution. It is only where the new Constitution impairs or limits vested rights that it can be said to be operative when not formally accepted. Is the power to make discriminations in freights a vested right? We answer no. On the contrary, it is not a right at all, but an abuse of power. We hold that where this can be proven, no reserve rights of any character can be pleaded against the enforcement of the fundamental law of the State as it stands. Not to elaborate this, we suggest that arrangements be made to promptly test this question. It is not denied, and can be proven, that our people suffer under two forms of freight discriminations: That of other cities and towns against our city; and that of some of our dealers against others. The short way to test this is to make up a case and take it into the Courts.

JOHN RESENTS AN INSULT.

A Sport Looking for Tick in a Chinese Laundry.

A young man in this city has been in the habit of leaving one of his shirts in a Chinese laundry for cleaning, while busily engaged in getting the other one in a necessary condition to take its place. These changes taking place, according to the copper-colored laundry proprietor's account book, (which consists of a couple of sections of reed-fish pole and a handful of dried peas), every full moon or oftener. This young man called one morning, and a conversation something like the following took place, said young man opening with:

"Good morning-ah I guess I'll-ah change my shirt-ah. I'm out of rocks to-day-ah, but I'll pay you next time-ah, you know."

"No trustee. Soap alle gon."

"But ah Jo-ah, you are secured-ah you know-ah for your pay-ah. I leave this one-ah and take the clean one-ah."

But Jo evidently knew this man, and replied:

"No likee do business so. Chinaman no getee back China wash thatee how."

"Well, I'll-ah leave two and-ah take one."

"No canee do how. Melican man gotee two shirt, one clean, one dirt."

"Why-ah, you rascal, do you-ah mean to tell me I have but-ah two shirts? I-ah left two here the last time-ah. I'll call a policeman and have you arrested for a thief-ah—" moving toward the door.

"Callee policeman? Chinaman thief? Allee same, breakee head.,' and the eliptic-eyed heathen seized a washtub and performed some feats of balancing and handling which would have driven All Right and his partner to despair, shouting at the top of his voice in his heathen lingo, amongst which at intervals could be distinguished — "Chinaman thief" — "two shirtee"—"Godee help Melican man"—"makee head how bigee can no getee shirtee off," and the like, during which tirade Mr. "Melican man" got to the door, and, skipping up four steps at a time, reached the sidewalk and signaled a policeman for protection, while the Mongolian stood below in the door of his "washee house" with his washtub in hand, and reeking with anger and soap suds, growled away in his heathen jargon, surrounded by an air which savored strongly of righteous indignation and Imperial Bayou soap.

Perhaps it might not be out of place to state that the young man called the next day with a friend (a Californian) with fifteen cents and called for his shirt.

The Washington Statue of Sitting Bull.

Those who have visited Washington have seen Greenough's sitting statue of Washington in the east park of the Capitol grounds. Most of those whose eyes have been so fortunate as never to have rested on it, know that it is a colossal figure of George, naked to the waist sitting out in the sun and rain, without any hat or umbrella, in a marble chair, on top of a granite block. His outstretched hand is lifted appealingly, and the common explanation of this is that he is pointing to the Patent Office, where hangs the last suit of clothes he wore as Commander-in-chief. Of late they have wheeled this great stone image into the area immediately in front of the main porch of the Capitol.

Standing here, in loose plaid walking coat and looser trousers, was a real John Bull, looking around with one eye-glass the other morning, when his vision rested full on George. Turning to Major Ben Perley Poore, who happened to be near, the Englishman said:

"Aw, beg pardon, sir; but what is that large marble figure?"

"That, sir," replied the Major, with great gravity, "is Sitting Bull."

"Aw! Really, now! Wonderful! And you've got him up so soon! Aw, what an extraordinary people, to be sure!"

With this he left the Major and started down the steps, and the last seen of this astonished Englishman he was walking around the granite base, whereon Washington is seated, reading the inscription which one full walk around is needed to complete: "First in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen." That inscription must have puzzled J. Bull considerably, and caused him to repeat with emphasis his former exclamation: "Aw, what an extraordinary people, to be sure!"

Inclined to be "Slippery."

A little squint-eyed Chicago boy pranced up to his mother one day this week and said:

"Ma, hain't I been real good since I've begun goin' to Sunday-school?"

"Yes, my lamb," answered the maternal, fondly.

"And you trust me now, don't you, ma?"

"Yes, darling," she replied again.

"Then," spoke up the little innocent, "what makes you keep the cookies locked up in the pantry the same as ever?"

A strange look entered that mother's eye, as she endeavored to solve her little son's deepness with the heel-end of her slipper.

HIGH LIFE IN WASHINGTON.

The Other Side of the Picture.

The denial of the reports of ex-Secretary Belknap's extravagant mode of life, supported as it appears to be by detailed statements and vouchers of his household expenses for the past six years, is in singular contrast to the minute particulars paraded at the time of his disgrace and resignation of office. The public was then assured that he lived in a state of luxury which was quite incompatible with his salary. The sanctity of domestic life was invaded on the plea that the particulars given to the world might explain the original cause of the unmasked corruption. The charge, indeed, was not confined to the ex-Secretary; it was extended to embrace nearly the whole official class at Washington, and the general impression was created that life in our capital is a senseless and reckless routine of luxury and display.

While there is notoriously nothing so universal and at the same time so unfair and misleading as personal gossip, it seems almost incredible that a household, subject to such a keen, branding light as was poured upon it by official guilt, should have been so utterly misrepresented. What eyes are those which beheld and reported to the world?—we must ask. What knowledge have they of luxurious living? What is their standard of extravagance? What personal information have they of the cost whatever social display they may furtively watch from a distance, or the details of which they pick up at second-hand? The reader, unfortunately, rarely puts such queries to himself. He peruses the account of a reception given by a member of the Cabinet or a diplomatic representative, apparently written by a gentleman or lady who was present; he notes the imposing character of the decorations and refreshments, the superb toilets of the ladies, and breathes a vague atmosphere of pomp and splendor from the rich random epithets. Profuse expenditure is usually the first thing suggested to his mind. If he is accustomed to plain, sober ways in his own household, he is only too ready to continue the exaggeration until the picture becomes an offense and a scandal.

In reality, the impression in regard to Washington living originates, to a great extent, in the representations of gushing "Society correspondents," whose ideas of luxury are gauged by their own experiences of life, and who also seek to commend themselves to the favor of those whose social displays they describe. What more natural than for Mr. Wegg or Miss Boffin to imagine that Mrs. —— will be delighted if her simple evening reception is chronicled as "a gorgeous array of the cream "of Washington society?" And how easy to represent an ordinary silk dress as "an imperial gros grain, the latest *chef d'œuvre* of "Worth?" As for the oysters and ices, who that has never given an entertainment of the sort can measure the cost? And expense being considered popular, and economy vulgar, it is of course better to err on the right side. Social events which involve an outlay of from $20 to $50 are continually recorded in the gossipping papers of this city; yet the country reader, seeing an imposing list of names, and some mention of amateur music and decrations, infers an inaccessible wealth and state. When the Prime Minister of England gives an evening reception to hundreds of the highest gentlemen and ladies of the realm, he perhaps spends about $100 for tea, ices, and illumination. The expense of a social entertainment depends mainly on the manly common sense of the host and the domestic talent of the hostess. It is often cheap to the sensible millionaire, and immensely dear to his shoddy imitator.

In some respects Washington is an ex-expensive capital; yet its best society is composed chiefly of families whose refinement and intelligence lift them far above the encouragement, no less than the practice, of mere show and confusion. There is a large circle of families there where the visitor finds the easy grace and courtesy, the simplicity and good sense, and the absence of ostentatious display, which characterize good breeding all over the world. This circle is not amenable to any charges which the recent corruptions have provoked. It is proud enough to disregard them, and strong enough to enforce its own social laws. But it will probably be caricatured, for some time to come, by those who so openly exhibit their ineligibility to enter it.

THE BOOK AGENT'S ESCAPE.

Triumphant Over a Series of Misfortunes.

He was walking along the railroad when a freight train came along. The unfortunate man was struck by the engine and knocked directly across the track, some fifty-three cars passing over him. He was then tumbled down a bank 800 feet high, over stones and stumps, and just as he got to the edge of the river he struck against a pile driver that was at work, and, his head laying on the top of the pile for a minute or two, the ponderous hammer descended, striking him on the cheek, bruising his face somewhat. The shock rolled him into the river just as an up-river packet was passing, and by some mishap the unfortunate man was entangled in one of the wheels, and whirled round and round for an hour and a half before he was discovered and released. He was picked up nearly senseless, and removed to the cabin, where his wants were supplied. After he had eaten a hearty meal he was approached by the captain, who tenderly asked:

"Is there anything you would like to have?"

"No, no," replied the canvasser, "there is nothing but this—"

"What! what!" ejaculated the captain, "what is it?"

The book agent smiled sweetly as he produced a subscription list and said:

"Subscribe for that beautiful book entitled "The Poisoned Gum Drop, or The Candy Woman's Revenge,' by the author of 'Jones, the Button-Hole Maker."

"Which."

Yesterday morning a boy entered a Woodward avenue drug store, bottle in hand, and said he wanted ten cents' worth of "arnakymony." The druggist had him repeat the word two or three times, and then said:

"Now, do you mean arnica or ammonia?"

"I dunno," was the reply.

"What is it for?" asked the druggist.

"I'll be licked if I tell," replied the boy, starting slowly out. He went as far as the door, got a bright idea, and turned and said:

"If your wife hit you on the head with a chair-leg, which of them medicines would you git to take the swelling down?"

"Arnica."

"Then fill her in ten cents' worth," said the boy, and he gazed lovingly at the big sticks of licorice, while the preparation was being bottled.

Embarrassing.

One of the most disheartening experiences in a man's life is to finish an evening call at a house where he is not very well acquainted, and then go out and feel up and down one hundred and twenty feet of front fence in the dark for the gate, terribly conscious that the family is gathered at the windows, wrathfully listening to him plough through the flower beds and crash through the shrubbery. And then when, in utter desperation, he gives it up and climbs the fence, and just when he gets fairly astride of it, has it fall down with him, and discovers that he has mounted the gate and broken it off both hinges, it is no wonder that he never goes back to that house again.

"Gub It Up."

"I ain't votin' dis year, boss," said a venerable darkey to a gentleman from whom he had solicited ten cents, "jes' ter get de ole nigger a dram;" "I ain't wotin' dis year, cause I see dey gwine take de comman' fum Ginerel Grant. I ain't foolin wid politics no how. De mo' I woted de mo' money I los in dat Freedman Bank. Dey wuz jes a milkin' me righter long." "Why didn't you make a fuss about it?" queried the gentleman. "Lor, boss! W'at de rezin de pullet don't cackle w'en de nigger come along an' lift him offen de roos'?" The gentleman could not face the conundrum.—*Savannah News.*

Only One Vacant Seat.

The following dialogue is said to have taken place in the entrance way of St. James Hall, London, between Rubinstein, who was about to begin a concert, and an impassioned old lady: "Oh! M. Rubinstein, I am so glad to see you. I have tried in vain to purchase a ticket. Have you a seat you could let me have?" "Madame," said the great pianist, "there is but one seat at my disposal, and that you are welcome to, if you think fit to take it." "Oh, yes! a thousand thanks. Where is it?" was the excited reply. "At the piano," smilingly said Rubinstein.

Company in the "Wooded Solitudes."

No man can rightly form even an approximate idea of the number and infinite variety of living creatures which inhabit the woodland solitudes until he lies down on the velvety green sward under the spreading branches of some monarch of the forest, and counts or tries to count the different kinds of bites he receives in five minutes.

PHILIP PHILLIPS, the singing pilgrim, has reached England, on his return trip from Australia, New Zealand, India, and other countries.

THE CROPS IN THE WEST.

A Plea for Sympathy for the Oppressed Husbandman.

Pity the sorrows of the Western husbandmen, for they are at once numerous, various, and unending. Last summer the fair fields of fruitful Kansas were laid waste by the all-devouring grasshopper. Scythes and sickles hung rusting on the fences, barns remained bare, and graneries empty. In the days of their desolation the stricken farmers cried aloud for aid, and out of their abundance States not afflicted with ravenous grasshoppers did help them. In the progress of the seasons harvest time has again come in Kansas, and, as in years that are past, the sons of the soil are soured and scolding. It is not grasshopper ravages this time, nor yet drouth; neither have the rains been over-abundant, nor did chill winter linger too long in the lap of genial spring. No, everything went right. Nature was so beneficent that the agriculturists are angry at too good a thing. They grumble that the crops of Kansas are disgustingly enormous. Millions of bushels of wheat must be left ungarnered in the fields because there are not hands enough to gather it in. As to corn, when it comes to that cereal the disgust of the tillers of the soil of Kansas is changed to anger. They shake their clenched hands at the waving fields, and threaten to use tens of thousands of bushels of the golden ears for fuel next winter. Sad is the soul of the farmer when he reflects that all this abundance betokens low prices. Thoughtfully, he takes an extra dose of tobacco, and meditates when in the economy of nature things will get even. His Eastern brethren, regarding with complacence the over-burdened fields, may be excused from wishing for a plague of grasshoppers if in their track is certain to follow such afflictions as are at present bewailed by the Kansas farmers.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President, John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents. A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Robert C. Schmertz, Secretary and Treasurer—CHAS. G. MILNOR. Solicitor—JOHN H. BAILEY.

MY WIFE
insists on using only B. T. Babbitt's Best Soap.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOCAL TAXATION AND
CITY ASSESSMENTS.
A Pamphlet interesting to every one. Price Fifteen cents. At the booksellers.

ELECTROTYPES & STEREOTYPES
MADE FROM WOOD CUTS AND TYPE, UNEXCELLED FOR WORKMANSHIP AND DURABILITY AT LOW PRICES.
W. G. JOHNSTON & CO. 57 Wood St.

NOTICE—WE HAVE IN STOCK THE largest assortment of Fruit Jars, Jelly Tumblers and Preserve Jars to be found in the city. Also 28,000 lbs of Sealing Wax to arrive on Tuesday, July 11th, all of which we are prepared to offer to the trade at hard pan prices. Would suggest that now is the time to send on your orders, as prices owing to the rapidly increasing demand must necessarily advance. Very Respectfully,
J. P. SMITH, SON & CO.,
189 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

FOR LUNCH, PICNICS, &C.—CANNED Ox Tongues, Potted Turkey, Chicken, Ham and Tongue, Spiced Salmon, Fresh Salmon, Mackerel and Lobster, Dessert Fruits, Sardines, Shad-ines, Pressed Corned Beef and Tongue, Spiced, Cove and Pickled Oysters, Pickles, Fresh and Preserved Fruits, Crackers, Cheese, &c., for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and 9th streets.

GRAY'S ROOF PAINT
STOP ALL LEAKS
IN
OLD SHINGLE, TIN, FELT OR CANVAS ROOFS,
84 Diamond Street.

MILLER, FORSE & CO.,
Late Miller & Ricketson,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD MONONGAHELA RYE WHISKIES,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine Wines, Brandies, Ales, Cigars, &c.
211 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

Enameled
WROUGHT IRON PIPE,
FOR GAS, WATER, SEWERAGE, SOIL PIPE, &c.,
MANUFACTURED BY
National Tube Works Co.,
Guaranteed against the effect of water, air or earth, singly or combined.
JAS. W. BATCHELOR, Agent,
COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD STREET.

ABDIEL McCLURE & CO.'S
BROOM FACTORY
AND
Paper Warehouse,
NO. 309 LIBERTY STREET,
Flour Sacks and Grocer's Bags, also, Dealers in Brushes, Woodenware, &c., &c.,
309 Liberty St., Head of Smithfield St.

JOHN M'CULLOUGH
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Old Monongahela and Pure Rye
WHISKIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 127 Liberty St.,
Foot of Fifth avenue, near Hare's Hotel,
PITTSBURGH, PA

JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

WALL PAPER!
Be of good cheer
To all good people it doth appear
That spring time housewifery draweth near,
Therefore
W. P. Marshall
Hath received a new collection of
WALL PAPERS
In Leather, Brocade, Gold, Satin Stencil-panels, Pictures, Illuminated Borders and Surbases, in styles old and styles new, at all grades of prices, at
NEW STORE ROOMS,
74 SEVENTH STREET.
(FORMERLY IRWIN.)

FOR THE CENTENNIAL
AND
Summer Excursionists!
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
Fine Russia and Grain Leather
Traveling Satchels,
LUNCH BASKETS,
Fine Ivory and Rosewood Hair Brushes,
RAZOR STRAPS, CLOTHES BRUSHES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
C. Yeager & Co.
110 MARKET STRTET.

20 BBLS. CHOICE NAVY BEANS
For sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

1876. ESTABLISHED 23 YEARS. 1876.

SATURDAY, JULY 22.

NEW GOODS, FRESH STOCK, CHOICE ASSORTMENT AND LOWEST PRICES,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S, Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny City

Dress Goods.
On our counters in our Dress Goods Department we have placed some extra good bargains, and respectfully ask attention to a few. At 5c, a great bargain in wide Black Hernanis.

Grenadines.
At 6¼c, an extra bargain in Silk Striped Grenadines. At 12½c, choice assortment Striped Grenadines, worth 37½c. From 15c per yard upward, Striped and Fancy Plaid Hernanis and Grenadines—much less than usual prices.

New Plaids.
At 8, 8½, 10 and 12½c, new styles Summer Plaids, sold usually at 10, 12½ and 15c. At 12½, 15, 18¾, 20 and 22c and up to 50c, special good bargains in Colored Alpacas. At 12½, 20 and 22c, Manchester Debeges, all shades, a bargain.

Mohairs, &c.
At 25 to 50c, extra good value in Brocaded Mohairs and Debeges. At 37½c, Spun Silk Plaids, worth 50c. At 45, an extra bargain in Seal Brown Cashmeres, worth 62½c.

New Silks.
At 75c, special bargains in Striped Silks, sold formerly at $1. At $1 to $2.50, bargains in Colored Dress Silks, and special low prices on Black Dress Silks, all qualities.

New Lawns, &c.
Lowest prices for Plaid and Fancy Lawns, Dress Linens, Batiste Cloths, Chintzes, Plain and Fancy, &c.

White Goods.
Extra good bargains in a full and choice line of White Goods. White Piques from 11c upward. Nainsooks, Jaconets, Swisses, Cambrics, Tarlataines, &c., from 12½c upward, all one-third less than usual prices.

Made-up Suits.
Special good bargains in Ladies' and Misses' Suits. At $2, Ladies' White Suits. Plain, Braided and Embroidered Linen Suits for Ladies and Misses, at special low prices.

Underwear.
Ladies' and Misses' Gauze and light weight Merino Underwear, and a great variety of styles in Muslin Underwear of best make and materials, very low prices.

Waists, &c.
Ladies' Skirts, Waists, Toilet Sacques, Night-dresses and Embroidered Toilet Dresses, very low.

New Shawls.
New Fancy Striped and Plain Shawls of all grades and qualities, choice assortment, at very lowest prices.

New Clothing.
At less than usual prices, a full and complete stock of seasonable Clothing of all kinds, for Gents, Youths, Boys and Children.

Boots and Shoes.
The best possible value in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, for Gents, Youths, Boys, Ladies, Misses and Children, all grades and sizes.

Domestic Goods.
Our Domestic Goods Department is always attractive. New fresh stock at all times, and always the lowest prices.

Sheetings.
At 4½, 5, 6¼, 7 and 8c, good heavy Unbleached Sheetings. At 6¼, 7c and 8½c, fine soft-finish Bleached Muslins.

Muslins.
At 10 and 12½c, best and oldest makes of Bleached Shirting Muslins, much better value than usual. At 12½c, 46-inch Bleached Pillow-Case Muslin.

Towelings.
Extra good bargains in all-Linen Towels and Towelings. Loom Linens and Table Damasks, Shirting and Furniture Checks, Cheviot Shirtings, Ginghams.

Bed Quilts.
Special good bargains in White Bed Quilts at from 25c to $1 each less than former and usual prices.

Table Covers.
At $1, extra large Wool Embossed Table Covers, worth $1.50. Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings and Upholstery Goods of all kinds at our usual low prices.

Traveling Trunks.
Much lower prices than usual for Ladies' and and Gents' Traveling Trunks, all sizes and styles, from $1.25 each upward.

New Parasols.
At reduced prices, a few Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, Plain and Twilled Silk, in a choice variety of handles, much less than former prices.

Straw Hats.
Ladies' and Misses' Straw Hats from 5c upward. Pamela Bonnets at 12½c and Misses' Leghorn Hats from 12½c up.

Edgings, &c.
Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, a beautiful variety of designs from 5c to 75c, fully one-third to one-half less than value. Special bargains in Ladies' all-Linen Handkerchiefs from 5c upward.

Embroideries.
Linen Embroideries and Insertings at very low prices. New Shapes in Hats and Bonnets, new Flowers, Feathers, Tips and Wings, new Ribbons, all shades and widths.

Dress Shirts.
We still invite the attention of our patrons to the extra good value offered in Gents' Dress Shirts. At 75c, full and well made unlaundried Shirt, 3-ply Linen Front and Cuffs, sold usually at 90c and $1.

For One Dollar.
At $1, Unlaundried Shirts, made of and guaranteed Wamsutta Muslin, 3-ply Linen Cuffs and Fronts, an extra good bargain.

The "Progress."
At $1, the "Progress" Shirt, two in one, worth $2.50; all should see this novelty.

New Goods Arriving Daily and Extra Good Bargains in Every Department.

BARGAINS!!
TUESDAY, JULY 25th.
B. AND B.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.
Yard wide fine Brown Muslin 6¼c. Yard wide fine Brown Muslin 7c. Yard wide fine Brown Muslin 8¼c. Yard wide Bleached Muslin 8½c, soft finish, a good bargain. Brown and Bleached Sheeting Pillow Case Cottons. New Table Linens, Bleached and Half Bleached, Turkey Red, &c. Towels and Towelings at low prices. New Prints, dark work. New Foulard Chintzes in Navy Blue, Browns and Blacks; just opened, styles very choice.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.
Plaid Dress Goods 6¼, 8½, 10, 12½c and up, about one-half the price of same goods a few days ago. Linens for Dusters and Suits, 36-inch wide, 22½, 25, 28 and 31c, former price 25, 31 and 37½c; these are prices well worthy an examination.

Black Silks! Black Silks!
We will offer some special bargains in Silks for the next ten days, having made some recent large purchases at exceedingly low prices. Gros Grain Silk $1, $1.20, $1.25, $1.50 and up. Also, a full line of our celebrated "Hand-Loom" Silk, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.25, and up to $4. Also, new Colored Silks in the new fall shades, purchased by one of the firm now in the Eastern markets.

BLACK CASHMERES!
Would call particular attention to the celebrated Black Cashmere de Ecosse, new importation, at 75, 85, 90, 95c and $1. New Alpacas, Mohairs, Brilliantines, &c. Silk Warp Henriettas and Cashmeres. A careful examination of quality and prices earnestly solicited.

BOGGS & BUHL,
128 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
N. B.—New Hamburg Edgings at 5c per yard and up, very handsome styles.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
CARPETS. OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, Window Shades, AT LOWEST PRICES. D. & F. S. WELTY, 115 and 117 Federal St., ALLEGHENY. CARPETS.

CALDWELL'S NEW BUILDING.
CARPETS.
There are Three Reasons Why Everybody Should Buy from
M'FARLAND, COLLINS & CO.,
NO. 101 FIFTH AVENUE.
1st—Our sales room being on Second Floor, our expenses are less than any other house of the same class.
2d—We buy everything from Manufacturers, so that our customers have but one profit to pay.
3d—We sell for Cash, avoiding thereby losses by bad debts, and are offering goods at the LOWEST PRICES.

NEW
SPRING PATTERNS
JUST OPENED.
Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.

ARCHITECTS.
BOYD & GAMBLE
ARCHITECTS
GERMANIA BANK BUILDING,
Corner of Wood street and Diamond alley.

T. D. EVANS,
ARCHITECT,
Has returned from Europe.
OFFICE—56 FIFTH AVENUE,
b65 PITTSBURGH.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building,
Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

E. M. BUTZ, Architect,
64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny,
has designed and superintended the erection of the Penna. Reform School Buildings, German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Second Ward Public School, Allegheny, Seventh U. P. Church, 44th street, Pittsburgh, City Hall, New Castle, Pa., Boyle Block, Federal street, Allegheny, and numerous public and private buildings.

JOSEPH McNAUGHER......SAM'L McNAUGHER.
PAVING.
We are prepared to pave, repave or repair streets, side-walks and yards with stone, brick or flags, furnishing and setting curbstones at lowest prices to justify good work.
We will furnish contractors and others with curbstones, cut or rough. Orders prompty attended to. Address
McNAUGHER & CO.,
322 Federal street, Allegheny City.
Office hours 11 to 1 and 4 to 6 P. M.

DUFF & CAMPBELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Window Glass
And dealers in French and Enameled Glass. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class Cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light up wards, on short notice. We select the best Sheet Glass to fill orders at our warehouse, 110 WATER STREET, between Wood and Smithfield.

CEMENT—100 BBLS. CHOICE PORTLAND Cement. For sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
June 8, 1876. 116 Water street.

INSURANCE.
ÆTNA
INSURANCE CO.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Charter Perpetual. Capital, $3,000,000. Losses Paid in 55 years, $44,500,000.
JANUARY 1, 1876.
ASSETS.
(At Market Value.)

Cash on hand and in bank	$ 588,559 74
Cash in hands of agents and in transit	436,501 63
Real Estate	365,000 00
Mortgage bonds	1,418,060 00
Bank and Trust Company stocks	1,330,150 00
Railroad Stocks	579,686 00
Loans on bond and mortgage	81,500 00
Loans on collaterals	13,727 00
United States, State and city stock and other securities	1,969,465 61
Total	$6,792,649 98

LIABILITIES.

Claims not due and unadjusted	$ 246,385 50

S. S. CARRIER, AGENT,
59 Fourth Avenue.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH. Incorporated March 1849.
CAPITAL $225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Losses Promptly adjusted and Paid.
Office First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
DIRECTORS.
Alex. Nimick, Alex. Speer, Wm. Morrison, Charles J. Clarke, Wm. S. Evans, Philip Reymer, Reuben Miller, Jr., Andrew Ackley, David M. Long, John R. McCune, John Wilson, John B. Jackson, H. Sellers McKee.
ALEX. NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 8 SIXTH AVENUE, Bank of Commerce Building.
This is a Home Company, offering good security to the insured. Risks taken at reasonable rates and losses promptly settled and paid.
DIRECTORS.
C. Yeager, L. Walter, W. W. Patrick, C. C. Boyle, J. C. Lappe, Jacob Painter, Thomas Mellon, James Graham, Geo. W. Evans, Jas. P. Brewer, Louis J. Aaron, J. C. Fleiner, J. S. Reymer.
C. YEAGER, President.
L. WALTER, Vice President.
W. W. PATRICK, Treasurer.
THOS. D. KELLER, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.
OFFICE, NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
JAS. S. McCORD, Vice President.
C. C. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.
DIRECTORS.
John Irwin, Jr., C. G. Hussey, Harvey Childs, Charles Hays, Capt. Wm. Dean, B. L. Fahnestock, W. H. Everson, Geo. W. Cochran, Hugh S. Fleming, James S. McCord, T. H. Nevin, John F. Robinson.

Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Co., OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated 1835. Established in Pittsburgh 1844.
Assets Nov. 1, 1874, over $2,000,000.
P. A. MADEIRA, Agent,
Company's Building,
No. 68 FOURTH AVENUE.

FIRE BRICK, SEWER PIPE
A. HARTUPEE,
MANUFACTURER OF
FIRE BRICK,
Of any desired size and shape. Also
Every Variety of Tiles,
For Gas Works, Refineries, Stoves, Steamboat Boilers, Fire Beds and Furnaces.
Finely Ground Fire Clay always on hand
OFFICE,
CORNER FIRST AVE. AND SHORT ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE "ONLY GOOD SAUCE," And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May 1851. "Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India and is in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
LEA & PERRINS'
SIGNATURE IS ON EVERY BOTTLE.
Lea & Perrins
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
h3- NEW YORK.

HOLMAN'S
Fever and Ague and Liver Pad
CURES WITHOUT MEDICINE, SIMPLY BY ABSORPTION.
The Best Liver Regulator in the World.

HOLMAN'S FEVER & AGUE PAD.

The only true cure for and preventive of malaria in all its forms: *Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Yellow Fever, Sea-Sickness, Neuralgia, Bilious Disorders, &c., &c.*
None genuine without the Trade Mark and Signature of the Inventor on the wrapper.
Ask your druggist for it. For Certificates, read little blue book, *Enemy in the Air.*
TRADE MARK.
WM. F. KIDDER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
No. 83 John Street, N. Y.
Sent by mail on receipt of $2.00.
MWF-S

REMOVALS.
REMOVAL
CAYWOOD & LEWIS,
General Produce Commission Merchants,
Have removed to 335 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Agents for TWIN BROS. YEAST.

REMOVAL.
Watt, Lang & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
FLOUR DEALERS
HAVE REMOVED TO
331 LIBERTY STREET.

REMOVAL.
THE CLOTHING AND
Merchant Tailoring House
OF
URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.
Has been Removed to
No. 42 Fifth Avenue,
Between Wood and Market Sts.
In opening our NEW ROOMS we offer to our friends and the public the largest and most complete stock of Goods ever displayed in our city. Patrons of our house will believe us when we say we are determined to keep our prices as low as any house in the country. In our removal, we have reduced our rent and other expenses, at the same time having better facilities for doing business. Our efforts are to keep the best quality of Goods to be sold at the very lowest prices. Our
Ready-Made Clothing Departments
Are complete with all the latest styles of CHILDREN'S, BOYS' AND MEN'S CLOTHING of the best fabrics and finest workmanship. In the
Merchant Tailoring Department
We have a large and varied stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c., consisting of all the very latest styles.
With the well-known reputation of our Cutters, we defy competition, either in style, fit or prices of our garments.
CALL, EXAMINE AND CONVINCE YOURSELVES.
Our determination is to do business to suit the times, giving you the best quality of Goods at the very lowest prices.
URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.,
Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,
No. 42 Fifth avenue.

HARDWARE.
LANE BROTHERS
POCKET KNIVES, Knives and Forks, SPOONS, SCISSORS, AXES, SHOVELS, LOCKS, Hinges, Nails, Files, etc. Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, and AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PITTSBURGH, PA., Cor. Liberty & Sixth Streets.
WHOLESALE HARDWARE

PATENTS.
PATENTS.
JOHNSTON & DONN
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
AND
Solicitors for American and Foreign Patents,
Offices, No. 16 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., and corner of F and 8th St., Washington, D. C. JOHNSTON & DONN make examinations as to the patentability of inventions; give opinions as to value of Patents; prosecute infringements and defend Patents. Established 1852.

PROFESSIONAL.
SAMUEL M'MASTERS,
Alderman,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
NO. 100 GRANT STREET,
OFFICE, OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

PAINTING.
WESLEY COULTER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
No. 236 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.
All orders by mail promptly attended to.

PITTSBURGH
ODORLESS
Excavating Comp'y,
LIMITED.

Cesspools Cleaned Without Offensive Smell.
Orders can be left at 221 Liberty street, or 168 First avenue.

CURES GUARANTEED
For ALL FORMS of Chronic, Venereal and Nervous Diseases, at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 83 Sixth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. The proprietor is a regular graduate of medicine and surgery, as his diploma at office will show, and is acknowledged to be the most successful, as his extensive practice will prove.
Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic and Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produces some of the following effects: As emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, coughs, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victims for business or marriage, are cured and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for one stamp. All communications confidential. Address
GIRARD MEDICAL DISPENSARY,
83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sunday from 5 P. M. to 7 P. M.

CIDER—25 BBLS. CHOICE REFINED CIDER just received and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
116 Water street.

CHINA, GLASSWARE, &c.
Best Bargains
EVER OFFERED IN PITTSBURGH.
In order to reduce stock and make room for new importations, will sell for
THIRTY DAYS,
At the following
LOW PRICES.
Best Stone China Tea Sets, 46 pieces, $4.00.
Best Stone China Dinner Sets, 101 pieces, $15.00.
Best Stone China Chamber Sets, $3.75.
Decorated China Tea Sets, 44 pieces, $8.00.
Best China Dinner Sets, $30.00.
Decorated Dinner Sets, very low.
Vase and Mantle Ornaments.
Silver and Britannia Ware.
All Reduced!
100 WOOD ST.
GEO. H. GARBER.

FRENCH GLASS SHADES!
For covering Wax Flowers, Clocks, Stuffed Birds, Goods in Show Windows, &c. Extra heavy Shades for Cemetery use.
W. C. ARMOR,
No. 16 Sixth Street, near Suspension Bridge.

ICE.
ICE! ICE!
ICE.
KEYSTONE ICE CO.,
NEGLEY BROTHERS & CUNNINGHAM.
GOOD ICE AND PLENTY OF IT.
Our customers are guaranteed a full supply during the entire season. Ice delivered by the pound, cwt., ton or car load, at lowest market rates. Send to or leave orders at office, 109 Fourth avenue, or Beatty street, near Hiland avenue, East End. P. O. Box 404. e19

NEW MUSIC BOOKS!
Emerson's Chorus Book. $1.25 or $12 per dozen, by L. O. Emerson, is a work of rare merit, designed for Musical Societies, Conventions, &c. The choruses are all first-class. Half are Sacred and half Secular.
The Salutation. $1.38, or $12 per dozen, by L. O. Emerson, will be a familiar friend in the meetings of Choirs, Conventions, &c. Singing School Course, Tunes, Anthems, Chants, &c., all of the best.
The Encore. In press. 75 cents, or $7.50 per dozen, by L. O. Emerson will be just the book to use in Singing Schools, for which it is specially designed.
Mack's Analytical Dollar Method for VIOLIN, is a practical, attractive method.
Good News. 35 cents. Sabbath School Song Book, by R. M. McIntosh, will be received with a shout by Sabbath School children and their teachers. Decidedly good.
Gems of Strauss. $2.50 boards, or $3 cloth, is a book of splendid music that can never grow old, and is just the thing to take to watering places.
Any book sent, post-free, for retail price.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
C. H. DITSON & CO.,
711 Broadway, New York.
J. E. DITSON & CO.,
Successors to Lee & Walker, Phila.

THE PATENT SPRING OSCILLATOR.

Jas. Loughridge,
Buy direct from the Patentee and Sole Manufacturer.
No. 171 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

DR. WHITTIER,
Founder and Proprietor of the
Keystone Dispensary
302 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Continues to afford reliable special treatment in all Private, Nervous and Urinary Diseases. Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and finally impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, all urinary diseases and Syphilis (all forms), consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. Cures guaranteed.
Dr. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicines prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private and free. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere, by mail or express. Office-hours—9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. only.
TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,
144 pages, fine illustrations. Cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders, sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequences. Price 50 cents at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Address,
KEYSTONE DISPENSARY,
No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

$10 TO $500 IN WALL STREET often leads to fortune. A 72 page book entitled "Men and Idioms of Wall Street," explaining everything.
Sent Free. JOHN HICKLING & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 72 Broadway, N. Y.

QUEEN OLIVES—PINTS AND QUARTS—Crosse & Blackwell's and Gordon & Dilworth's; also, Motett's Olive Oil, pints and quarts, received and for sale by
JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and 9th streets.

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, ... $200,000

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 28, 1876.

The noticeable event for the past few days in the New York stock market has been the heavy decline in certain stocks that were regarded as reasonably firm heretofore. Some of the stocks have been fairly sustained, but generally the entire list has declined. The absence of some of the speculators has been assigned as a cause, and a bearish feeling as another cause. We have also a very clear intimation that essential weakness in some of the roads is another cause. At this time of the year stocks usually decline, more or less, the uncertainty of money compelling sales.

In our local market we have no special changes. Our banks are steady, and are pursuing a conservative policy, but no essential facts are developing different from what we have had for weeks past.

—The returns made to the Comptroller of the Currency, under the call of June 30, for a statement of the condition of the national banks at the close of business on that day, show that the national banks of the city of New York had an aggregated capital of $66,500,000, with a surplus fund amounting to $26,391,900. Ten of these banks have sold their United States bonds and retired their circulation. They are the Union, Park, Chemical, Fulton, City of New York, Metropolitan, Republic, First and Third Nationals. The movement is one looking to economy, and as strengthening the position of the banks by reducing their liabilities. The tax upon circulation has always been a decidedly objective feature with the banks, and were there a prospect of increased rates for money it is not unlikely but that others of the city banks would sell their United States bonds, withdraw their circulation, and employ their money on the street. The State banks have no circulating medium.

—With reference to any further reduction on East-bound railroad freights, the Chicago *Tribune* says: "The general freight agents of the roads leading to the East are all opposed to it. Unless peremptory orders are given by the 'Great Moguls' in New York to come down with the charges they will remain as they now are, viz., 20 cents per 100 pounds from Chicago to New York on fourth-class and grain."

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

C. Hoeveler, administrator, to Chas. Schaaf, May 19, 1869, lot on Charlotte street, Seventeenth ward, city...$800

R. H. Steigleder to E. P. Young, May 31, 1876; lot in Leet township...$1

Isaac Cunningham to J. P. Coursin, May 19, 1876; lot on Water street, Elizabeth borough...$625

R. H. Fife, Sheriff, to Isaac H. Heidleberg, June 24, 1876; interest of Henry Otto to leasehold on Penn avenue...$50

Daniel Wenke, administrator, to Martin Krause, July 17, 1876; lot in Mt. Oliver...$775

J. S. Walker to William Chalenor, July 24, 1876; one acre in Forward township...$250

Samuel Walker to Elizabeth J. Walker, June 18, 1876; 42 acres and 95 perches in Forward township...$1

Gustave Bastain et ux. to Frank Boop, March 30, 1874; lot in Sixteenth ward, city...$200

Stewart Shepherd to Christ. Meier, May 25, 1876; lot on Market street, Sixth ward, Allegheny...$3,000

Walker's Assignee to Benjamin Coursin, June 12, 1876; lot in the borough of Elizabeth...$137

Benjamin Coursin to J. P. Weddell, July 25, 1876; part of above lot...$10

Same to S. W. Vankirk & Co., July 25, 1876; part of the above lot...$62

Jesse Hildebrand et ux. to F. Burke, July 25, 1876; lot on Locust street, Fifth ward, Allegheny...$5,300

Mary W. Porter to John Dean et al. June 13, 1876; lot on Washington avenue, Second ward, Allegheny...$1

Andrew Engel to Mary E. Rockfellow, February 14, 1876; lot on Bedford avenue, Thirty-second ward, city...$1

Duncan Dallas to Mary E. Voigt, June 14, 1876; lot on Washington street, Fourth ward, Allegheny...$6,000

R. H. Fife, Sheriff, to Samuel Fritz, July 8, 1876; interest of Richard Roberts to lot on Stevenson street, Sixth ward, city...$25

Modern Life Insurance and Improvement Trust Company to Thos. Reiley, June 26, 1876; lot on Handy street, Chartiers borough...$300

D. H. Fralich to Alexander Frew, November 28, 1875; lot on Forbes street, Twenty-second ward, city...$4,000

Miles Gallagher to Samuel C. Gallagher, June 27, 1876; lot on Marietta street, Twentieth ward, city...$2,500

Same to same, June 26, 1876; lot on Marietta street, Twentieth ward, city...$3,350

Samuel C. Gallagher to Mary A. Gallagher, June 30, 1876; portion of the above lot...$2,500

R. H. Fife, Sheriff, to Jacob H. Miller, June 24, 1876; interest of Frazier Brothers to lot on Pennsylvania avenue, Fifth ward, Allegheny...$1,500

Jacob H. Miller to Jas. S. Marshall, July 5, 1876; lot on Pennsylvania avenue, Fifth ward, Allegheny...$5,000

Robinson Bros., Brokers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	111⅝	5-20's 1868-coupons	121⅛
U. S. 6's 1881, coup	120⅞	10-40's	118⅜
" 1865	115⅜	Currency 6's	125⅜
" 1865 new	117⅜	New 5 per cents	117
5-20's 1867	119⅛	10-40's coupons	118⅝

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Central	105⅝	Ohio & Mississippi	12¼
Erie	11	Union Pacific	59
I. C.	92	Toledo & Wabash	2
C. C. & I. C.	3⅜	Harlem	138¼
St. Paul	36⅝	Adams Express	110⅝
Do. Pref	69½	American Express	59
Michigan Southern	52⅜	U. S. Express	73½
Do. Central	43	W. Fargo & Co. Ex	84
Northwestern Com.	39⅞	Quicksilver	14
Do. Pref	62¾	Fort Wayne	102⅜
Rock Island	107⅜	Hannibal & St. Jo.	10⅜
Cleve. & Pitts	95⅞	Panama	135
Pacific Mail	22⅛	Iron Mountain	17
Western Union Tel.	69⅜		

Robinson Bros. furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board.

P. R. R. (B)	52⅜	Cen. Trans. (B)	48⅜
Reading (S)	44⅛	Empire do. (B)	50⅜
U. Cos. of N. J. (A)	140	A. V. R. R. 7.30 (A)	101
Oil Creek (B)	11⅛	P. C. & St. L. 7's (A)	88
Lehigh Valley (B)	57⅛	N. Pacific bonds (A)	—

NEW YORK, July 27, 1876.

Money closed easy at 1½@2; prime mercantile paper 3@4. The customs receipts were $241,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $130,000. The clearings were $13,000,000. Sterling was heavy at 488@490. Gold opened and closed at 111⅞, with sales in the interim at 111¾. The carrying rates were ½@1, and borrowing flat. Governments were a fraction lower, but closed steady. Railroad bonds were weak. State securities were steady. Stock speculation was firm at the opening, but soon afterwards coal stocks suffered another decline, which carried down the general list. The greatest decline was in the shares of the coal roads, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western declining from 97½ to 94 regular and 93¾ seller sixty, and New Jersey Central from 64½ to 61⅞. The shrinkage in other stocks ranged from ⅛ to 1½ per cent. St. Paul preferred declined from 69⅛ to 68⅛, common from 37⅛ to 36⅛, Northwest from 40⅛ to 39⅛, preferred from 64⅛ to 63⅛, Lake Shore from 53⅞ to 53⅛, Pacific Mail from 23⅛ to 22⅛, Michigan Central from 44⅞ to 43⅛, Western Union from 70⅞ to 69⅛, Hannibal & St. Joe from 11 to 10⅛, and preferred was offered down to 20⅛. At the second board there was a firmer feeling and a recovery of ⅛@⅜ per cent., the latter in Delaware, Lackawanna & Western.

The Milwaukee and St. Paul directors declared a dividend of 3½ per cent. on preferred stock, payable October 5th, and deferred until September 13th the question of a dividend on common stock. The statement for the six months ending with June last, submitted to the Board, shows a balance of earnings, after paying operating expenses, interest on bonds and dividends on preferred stock, of $1,129,184.

The closing half hour of the market was marked by great weakness and a very unsettled feeling. Prices were generally about the lowest of the day, and in final dealings Lake Shore and Western Union Telegraph were forced to succumb, Lake Shore selling down to 52⅞ and Telegraph to 69⅛. The coal stocks were very much depressed, and Michigan Central broke down to 42⅞, closing at 43. The *Commercial* says St. Pauls are depressed by the questionable policy of declaring a dividend and making its payment so far ahead. The transactions aggregated 134,000 shares, of which 6,000 were Pacific Mail, 9,000 Western Union, 5,000 Northwest, 20,000 St. Paul, 29,000 Lake Shore, 6,500 Ohios, 16,000 Michigan Central, 27,000 Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, and 4,000 New Jersey Central.

Governments.—United States Coupons 1881, 120⅛; 5-20s '65, 115⅞; do. new, 117⅞; do. '67, 119⅛; do. '68, 121⅜; 10-40s, 118⅛; do. coupons, 118⅜; new 5s, 118⅛; currency 6s, 125⅜.

State Bonds.—Tennessees old, 44⅜; do. new, 44; Virginia new, 27⅜; do. old, 28; Missouri 6s, 105.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph Company, 69⅛; Quicksilver, 13; do. preferred, 15; Pacific Mail, 22⅛; Mariposa, 6; do. preferred, 7; Adams Express, 110⅜; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 84; American Express, 58; United States Express, 73⅛; New York Central, 105⅛; Erie, 13⅛; do. preferred, 20; Harlem, 138⅛; do. preferred, 133; Michigan Central, 43; Panama, 33; Union Pacific, 58; Lake Shore, 52⅞; Illinois Central, 91⅛; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 95; Northwestern common, 39⅞; do. preferred, 62⅞; C. C. C. & I., 36; New Jersey Central, 62⅛; Rock Island, 107⅛; St. Paul, 37; do. preferred, 68⅛; Toledo & Wabash, 2; do. preferred, 3; Fort Wayne, 102⅛; Terre Haute, 106; do. preferred, 113⅛; Chicago & Alton, 101; do. preferred, 106; Ohio & Mississippi, 12; Delaware & Lackawanna, 94; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Co., 18; Missouri Pacific, 6; Atlantic & Pacific preferred, 2⅛; Indiana Central, 3⅛; Burlington & Quincy, 17⅛; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 11; Central Pacific bonds, 108⅛; Union Pacific, 104; Union Pacific land grant, 104; Union Pacific Sinking Fund, 94.

LONDON, July 27.—The bullion in the Bank of England increased £744,000 in the past week. The proportion of bank reserve to liability is 57⅞ per cent. The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £60,000. Consols 98⅛; 5-20s of 1865, 106⅛; do. of '67, 109⅛; 10-40s, 108⅛; new 5s, 106⅞; New York Central, 98; Erie, 11⅞; do. preferred, 19⅛.

FRANKFORT, July 27.—United States new 5s 102⅛.

PARIS, July 27.—The specie in the Bank of France increased 11,627,000 francs the past week. Rentes 106f 88c.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, July 27, 1876.

Trade in grain and produce circles continues dull, with prices weak and drooping, and no immediate improvement is probable; some of our merchants report that they never knew business to be so dull, and they are very much discouraged in consequence. The only new feature to note in Groceries is an advance on Sugars, which are very firm. The Hog products are weak in tone but unchanged in price. There has been considerable activity in wool during the past week, and there is a much firmer feeling in consequence. There is no falling off in the demand for Refined Oil, and our refiners are all busy, many of them working up to their full capacity.

APPLES—The receipts have fallen off somewhat within the past few days, but the supply continues in excess of the demand and prices are no better; quotable at 50a$1,50 ₱ bbl.

BEANS—No demand, and in the absence of sales we omit prices.

BERRIES—Black and Whortle berries, 75ca$1 ₱ bucket. Raspberries, $1a1,15 ₱ pail.

BUTTER—Dealers generally report trade quiet, that there is scarcely as much inquiry as there was a week ago, but as the stock is not excessive, prices are still maintained. Prime to choice solid packed, 18a22c; common and medium Butter continues dull, 10a15. Our dispatches from Philadelphia and New York report those markets firmer and active.

BROOMS—Manufacturers report trade as being extremely dull, and the supply largely in excess of present wants, but an improved demand before long is expected. We have no change to note in values. Quote "Union Factory" prices as follows:

No 1 Hurl	$1,75
No 2 Hurl	1,85
No 3 Hurl	2,00
No 4 Stalk braid	2,50
No 4 Hurl	2,75
No 5 Stalk Braid	2,75
No 5 Hurl	3,00
No 6 Hurl	3,25
No 3 carpet	3,50
No 4 carpet	3,75
No 5 carpet	4,00

CHEESE—There is a fair local trade, but no change in prices. No. 1 brands of Ohio Factory, 8c to the trade, and 9c in a jobbing way. New York market still reported dull.

CANNED GOODS—There is no demand—not enough doing to establish prices.

DRIED FRUIT—There is little or nothing doing in either domestic or foreign dried fruits, and in the absence of sales prices are entirely nominal.

EGGS—Market continues exceedingly dull; fresh receipts cannot be fairly quoted above 12½a13c, although some dealers are still asking 14c.

FLOUR—The market continues dull and weak, but good standard brands have not declined much as yet, nor is it likely that they will until new stock commences to move pretty freely, which will not be for some weeks yet. We repeat former quotations, in a jobbing way: Spring Wheat flours, $6a6,50, the outside figure for choice Minnesotas; red winters, $6,50a7; ambers, 7,25a7,50; patent process and fancy white wheat, $8,50a9,50. Rye Flour, 4,50a5.

FISH—There is a fair trade but no change in prices, which we annex as follows:

Ex No 1 Mess Mackerel	$24 00	₱ bbl.
No 1 do	22 00	do
No 1 Shore do	20 00	do
Large No 3 Md do	12 00	do
No 3 Md do	10 00	do
No 2 Large do	14 00	do
Split Labrador Herring	8 00	do
Whitefish	5 75	₱ hf bbl
Lake Herring	2 50	do
Large Georges Codfish	6¼c	₱ lb
Medium do do	6	do
Halibut	12 50	do
No 1 Herring	40c	₱ box
Scaled do	50c	do

GROCERIES—The market for Sugars has stiffened up again, and prices are up an ⅛ on raws and a ¼ on refined goods; the former are higher now than they have been at any time yet, and the latter are within an ⅛ of being up as high as they were prior to the recent tumble. The outlook is favorable for a heavy trade during the next month or six weeks, and there is a possibility if not a probability that prices may go still higher. Coffee continues dull and weak, and the indications are that the bean is destined to rule lower; jobbers not only here but everywhere, are buying no more than they can help, and this accounts for the dullness. Molasses, Syrups, Teas, continue quiet, and devoid of anything new.

RICE.

Carolina	6¾a7½	Louisiana	6¼a6¾

SUGARS.

Cut Loaf	12a⅛	Standard B	11⅛a
Crushed	12⅛a	Standard Ex C	11⅛a
Granulated	11⅞a	Ref. Yellow	9⅛a10⅛
Powdered	12⅛a	N. O. new crop	8⅛a 9⅞
Standard A	11⅞a		

SYRUPS.

Choice	65 a70	Fair	65 a68
Prime	60 a63	Dark	45 a50

MOLASSES.

N. O. Choice	65	N. O. strictly prime	62
Fair	60	Demara	50a5

TEAS.

Young Hyson	35a0 85	Japan	40a85
Gunpowder	45a0 90	Oolong	35a85
Imperial	40a 75	Souchong	35a75

COFFEES.

Fancy Rio	23 a	R Rio (lb pkgs)	26⅛
Prime Rio	21⅛a22	R Rio (loose)	26
Good Rio	20 a21	Roasted Java	36
Old Gov Java	32		

GRAIN—There is no movement in Wheat in our market, and prices are nominal at $1,10a1,15 for No. 1 red. Quiet a number of our grain dealers have been operating on margins in Chicago recently, and some of them, who were short, are reported as having made considerable money. We do not look for much activity here until the market becomes more settled; millers, it is evident, will buy only as their immediate necessities require, until they have some assurance that prices have about touched bottom. The Oat market continues dull, with more offering than there is a demand for, and prices are weak and drooping; Penna. and Ohio mixed quotable at 32a33c; and do white 34a35c. Corn is in light supply, but there is not much inquiry for it; Ear is quoted at 53a55; and Shelled at 57a60, as to quality. Rye unchanged at 70a72.

HAY—New crop is coming forward freely, and selling from country wagons at $10a13. Baled dull; quoted on track at $14a15, for No. 1 timothy.

MILL FEED—Bran quoted on track at $11a12; middlings and chopped feed, $18a20.

OILS—Lard oil is dull and drooping. Extra No. 1 (winter) 93a95c; No. 1, 78a80c; No. 2, 68a70c. White Miners oil, 58a60c; yellow, 75a57c. Linseed dull and unchanged at 57c for raw and 62 for boiled. Carbon continues to advance; we now quote at 14½a15c.

POTATOES—Have been in very light supply, and prices are higher in consequence. Selling at $2,25a2,50 ₱ bbl.

PROVISIONS—Winter-cured Hams, Shoulders and Breakfast Bacon in steady demand and commanding full prices. Mess Pork and Lard dull and weak, which is owing to large quantities being thrown upon the market by summer packers. Medium sized Hams (weighing 15a16 lbs) are more inquired for and are bringing better prices than either larger or smaller sizes; in Cincinnati there is a difference of about ½c ₱ lb.

Hams—Ex S C ₱ lb	—	Mess Pork ₱ bbl	$21,25
Do. Canvassed	15	Short Cut do	22,50
Shoulders Ex S. C.	—	Lard, prime leaf, tcs	12½
Do. Canvassed	10½	Lard, Ref for summer use—in tres	12⅛
B'fast Bacon S. C.	—	Do. ½ bbls	13⅛
Do. Canvassed	15½	Do. kits	13⅛
Dried beef Ex S. C.	—	Do. 3 lb caddies	15
Do. Canvassed	15½	Do. 5 lb do	14½
Beef Tongues S. C. per doz	$6⅛	Do. 3 lb pails	15⅛
Bacon Shoulders	9½	Do. 5 lb do	14⅛
Short Rib Sides	12⅛	Do. 6 lb do	14⅛
Clear Sides	12⅛	Ham Sausage	—

RAGS—Steady at 3c ₱ lb for good country mixed.

TALLOW—Dull and inactive at 7⅛a8c ₱ lb for country rendered, and 8⅛a8⅛c for choice city rendered.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are quoted at 40 & 10 ₱ cent. off western list for carload lots, and 40 for less than a carload.

PER BOX OF FIFTY FEET—SINGLE STRENGTH.

	2d Quality.	1st Quality.	Dbl. st'th.
6 by 8 to 8 by 9		$ 3 75	$ 6 50
7 by 10 to 8 by 10	$3 75	4 25	7 00
8 by 11 to 10 by 12	4 00	4 50	7 25
8 by 14 to 10 by 15	4 25	4 75	7 50
9 by 16 to 12 by 17	4 75	5 25	8 75
12 by 18 to 14 by 20		5 50	8 50
15 by 20 to 16 by 24		6 00	9 50
15 by 28 to 20 by 30		6 60	10 [illegible]
15 by 36 to 24 by 30		7 00	11 [illegible]
26 by 28 to 24 by 36		7 50	12 00
26 by 36 to 30 by 44		8 00	13 00
26 by 46 to 30 by 50		9 00	15 00
30 by 52 to 30 by 54			16 00
30 by 56 to 34 by 56			17 50
34 by 58 to 33 by 60			20 00
36 by 60 to 40 by 60			22 50

WOODEN WARE—We note a fair demand at old prices. Nearly all the manufacturers are kept running steadily to fill their orders, and there is no disposition shown to cut prices. We quote "Corry Ware" as follows:

No. 1 Tubs ₱ dozen	$9 00
No. 2 do	8 00
No. 3 do	7 00
2 Hoop Pails ₱ doz	1 95
3 Hoop Pails ₱ doz	2 10
Globe Washboards ₱ doz (patented)	2 75
Cimmon do do	2 25
Clothes Pins ₱ box	90ca 1 25

WHITE LEAD, ETC.—Is reported quiet and prices unchanged. Following are the quotations for the wholesale trade:

White lead, pure in lots of 2,000 lbs in oil	10
Do. pure in lots of 500 lbs in oil	10½
Do. fancy brands	8 @ 9
White lead dry (strictly pure) in kegs	9
Orange Mineral	12 @13
Pure red lead	9 @10
Painters red lead	8 @10
Litharge	9½@10
Selected zinc, ground in oil	13
Vieille Montagne Co.'s French zinc	15 @16
Blue paint, ground in oil	11 @15
Putty	3 @ 4
Spirits turpentine, ₱ gall, in bbl. lots	40 @42

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, July 27, 1876.

ARRIVALS.

Following shows the arrivals of each day during the past week, as well as the aggregate, and the aggregate of the preceding week:

	Cattle. Through.	Local.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Friday	135 cars.	— cars.	15 cars.	13 cars.
Saturday	— "	1 "	5 "	4 "
Sunday	82 "	48 "	23 "	10 "
Monday	50 "	15 "	19 "	2 "
Tuesday	7 "	104 "	10 "	48 "
Wednesday	22 "	2 "	1 "	4 "
Thursday	29 "	8 "	18 "	6 "
Total	325 "	178 "	101 "	79 "
Last week	272 "	131 "	144 "	55 "

CATTLE.

The "run" both of through and local cattle has been unusually heavy, 503 cars in the aggregate, and yet with an increased demand, which was stimulated by the more favorable advices from the east, trade was fully as good if not better than could reasonably be expected in view of the heavy supply. It is true prices ruled lower, but business was unusually active, the sales aggregating 2,985 head, and there were but few shipped on in first hands. Salesmen generally reported a decline of 20 to 25c ₱ cwt on common and medium, and 10a12½ on best grades; prime shipping cattle were in comparatively light supply, the offerings consisting mainly of the common and medium, and this accounts for the shrinkage in the latter, having been greater than in the former. The most of the local cattle were from Ohio, Indiana, and Kentucky, while the through consignments were principally from Chicago; there were but very few on sale from the latter point, owing to the fact that prices are almost as high there as here. There are not near so many cattle being shipped through from Chicago to Philadelphia, consequently, there has been an increased demand here for shipment to the latter point, and trade is much better in consequence.

There was an increased number of country buyers in attendance this week, the eastern part of the state being well represented, nearly all of whom bought pretty freely, and there was also more inquiry on New York account than usual. Philadelphia, up until noon to-day, had bought 65 cars; New York, 21 cars; and country dealers and local and country butchers, 66 cars. The aggregate sales for the week were 2,985; against 1,550, the preceding week.

As already intimated, the supply of prime shipping cattle was small, and these did not decline as much as the lower grades, and the latter grades held their own better than expected, in view of the unusually heavy supply. There was some inquiry for stockers, but the market for cattle of this particular character is scarcely as brisk as it usually is at this season of the year. Very few Texas cattle offering and there is little or no demand for them, nor is it likely that there will be while there are so many natives.

QUOTATIONS.

Strictly choice Beeves	5,40a5,50
Good to prime Beeves	5,00a5,25
Fair to medium Beeves	4,50a4,75
Bulls and fat Cows	3,50a4,00
Stockers, as to quality	3,00a3,50

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The supply, although considerably in excess of last week, was not above an average, and with an increased demand the market was fairly active at an advance of 20a25c ₱ cwt, making an improvement of fully 50c ₱ cwt within the past two weeks. In addition to an average demand on Philadelphia account, New York bought more than for some weeks, and with a pretty lively competition, particularly for good stock, sellers had little or no difficulty in putting up prices. Henry Erisman bought the following: 1 car extra Ohio fine wool, 98 lbs, at 5,30; 5 cars prime 100 lbs Indianas 5 cts; 5 cars prime Ohio fine wool, 93 lbs, at 5⅛; 2 cars do. 83 lbs, 4,65; 2 cars common fine wool, 73 lbs, 4⅛. Philadelphia buyers bought some 35 or 40 cars, mostly within the range of 4a5c.

QUOTATIONS.

Prime 95a100 lbs	5,00a5,25
Good 85a90 lbs	4,60a4,80
Good 75a80 lbs	4,25a4,50
Fair 70a75 lbs	3,75a4,00
Common 70a75 lbs	3,25a3,50
Indianas, according to quality	4,25a5,25
Lambs, 50a60 lbs	5,00a5,75

HOGS.

The market for this class of stock has been moderately active during the past week, and as the supply was about equal to the demand there has not been much change in prices, one way or the other. The run, as will be seen, was some 43 cars short of the preceding week, and but for the falling off in the offerings prices would no doubt have ruled lower, as shippers are not buying very largely, claiming that hogs are too high here to afford a margin for profit in the eastern markets. It is also worthy of notice that good light weights, smooth and fat, are selling more readily and for almost as much money as heavy hogs, which is owing to the depressed condition of the market for lard.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra Philadelphia Hogs	7,15a7,25
Fair Philadelphia Hogs	7,00a7,10
Extra Yorkers	6,90a7,05
Fair Yorkers	6,70a6,80
Roughs	5,00a6,00

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, July 27, 1876.

The market for both Crude and Refined was weaker to-day. United certificates quoted at $2,38⅛ a2 39⅛, considerable of a decline as compared with yesterday. Refined was also quiet and weaker. Philadelphia and Baltimore, 17⅛; on cars here, 14a14⅛. On July 27th, 1875, Crude was quoted at $1,07⅛ for shipment, and refined at 11a11¼ cents Philadelphia delivery, same day 1874, 1,02⅛; refined, 12⅛; Philadelphia, same day 1873, Crude $1,82a1,82⅛ and refined 18¼; same day 1872, Crude $3,60; refined, 21⅛.

A correspondent writing from the producing region, reviews the situation as follows: For several months past the Standard Oil Company, in order to depress the crude market in the oil region to a point at which they could buy crude in large quantities and afterwards realize enormous profits, has been conducting a strong 'bear' movement in the refined market; i. e., they have been selling refined oil for prices at which even they, with their rebates, drawbacks, etc., could not realize a living profit. This depressed condition of the refined market of course influenced the crude, and produced stagnation in the whole business. The satellites of the Standard clique at the same time kept exporters from buying to any great extent by their reports of prospective lower prices. This was continued for many months, the Standard Company, in the meantime, selling some oil, for which they received hardly first cost, and by so doing driving the smaller refiners from the field and buying many of their works. The combination lost heavily while selling at such ruinous prices, but they were constantly buying refineries and oil to run them when the time came. Having everything in readiness, they stepped out of the market just as the Dutchmen were ready to load their vessels with the illuminant to supply the depleted stocks in foreign countries, and smiling blandly told them they could pay the prices asked for oil or go without it. They were about the only holders and had it their own way.

Barrel market unchanged; countries, $1,40; city make, $1,60.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL VIA. A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
J. Bushnell	Brilliant o w	1,439
N. W. Stevenson	Central o w	959
S. Craig	Penn o w	480
J. Bushnell	Model o w	461
N. W. Stevenson	Peerless o w	319
S. Craig	Petrolite o w	80
Total		3,738

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST VIA. A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Standard Oil Co	Warden, F & Co	Balt 494

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper.	Consignee	Bbls.
Standard Oil Co	Warden, F. & Co	1,172
Penn O. Works	Do do	250
Livingston Bros	Do do	300
Lockhart & F	Do do	507
D. P. Reighard	John S. Davis	249
Total		2,478

Two thousand four hundred and eighty-five barrels of Refined Oil was shipped East, via A. V. R. R., yesterday.

Grain in Store in Chicago.

The following were the amounts of grain in store on the dates named, as reported by the State Registrar of Grain:

	July 24, 1876.	July 26, 1875.
Wheat	1,710,042	1,010,131
Corn	996,557	2,950,046
Oats	706,893	219,353
Rye	62,909	1,370
Barley	246,950	6,962
Total all kinds	3,323,805	4,187,872

As compared with last week the above statement shows an increase of 21,565 bu. wheat, 26,700 bu. corn 6,345 bu. rye and 2,746 bu. barley, and a decrease of 81,252 bu. oats.

The warehousemen report the amount of Minnesota spring wheat at 143,008 bu. No. 1 and 295,753 bu. No. 2.

The Corn Crop.

Advices from the corn growing sections of the west indicate that the acreage planted this year shows an increase, but it is doubtful if the usual average yield will be produced. In the districts where more than the usual quantity of rain has fallen, the crop is backward—looking rather well on the rolling lands, but extremely poor on the bottoms. In the sections which have not been visited by severe storms the crop is reported about equal to that of preceding years.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

British Crop Prospects.

Henry Kalnes Jackson writes in the last received issue of *Dornbusch* that the promise for wheat is excellent, and the requirements from foreign sources will probably not exceed 10,000,000 qrs. for the coming crop year. Under these circumstances he professes to expect a decline of 6s ₱ qr. during the six weeks following July 10. He thinks that the prospect is better for prices on corn—that English buyers will be fortunate if they can obtain autumn and winter supplies at present rates.

Grain in Store in Peoria.

The following table exhibits the stock of grain in Peoria on the dates named, as reported by the Secretary of the Board of trade:

	July 15, 1876.	July 22, 1876.	July 24, 1875.
Wheat, bu	1,652	1,769	12,262
Corn, bu	66,6 3	61,586	45,978
Oats, bu	64,120	68,797	64,303
Rye, bu	32,446	32,797	1,015
Barley, bu	4,608	4,069	.....

The Hay Crop.

Reports regarding the hay crop indicate that the yield will be an unusually large one, particularly in the Eastern and Middle States. The crop has been secured in good condition in most sections.

Receipts of Blooms, Ore, Pig Metal and Scrap Iron.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R R.

Carnegie Bros	3	J. Moorhead b	9
Total			12

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

J. W. Porter m	3	A. H. Childs m	2
W. J. Hammond w	2	Totten & Co m	1
Total			6

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Shoen'r B & Co o	8	W. Clark & Co o	1
Isabella Furn m	1	Maloney & L s	1
Lewis O. & P m	1	Lewis D. & Co o	1
Total			14

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R.

J. Painter & Son m	6	Byers McC & Co m	2
S. Reynolds	3	E. Thompson S Wk	9
Laughlin & Co o	7	S. B. & Co o	3
Pgh Loco. Works m	1	Lindsay & McC m	2
Total			39

THE WOOL TRADE.

New York.

The market appears to have had its little flurry of activity with the turn of the half year and to be again settling down into a quiet condition temporarily at least. This, however, was expected by many of the trade who seem to be fully convinced that it is simply useless to attempt stimulating or increasing the demand beyond its natural development; and though temporary periods of animation may occur, buyers are almost sure to withdraw as soon as they have secured enough stock to satisfy contracts in hand. At this season when assortments are opening up, operations in desirable parcels anticipating future consumption are not unusual, but there has to be many inducements offered before purchases of this kind are made. Manufacturers seem to think the outlook is not remarkably encouraging, especially in view of the prices obtained on goods at the late public sales; and in short, as with so many other of our leading staples, evidences all point to a slow, cautious consumption, and the producer, through various causes already well-known and understood, is compelled to figure all transactions with the greatest care. On the other hand, however, dealers in view of the cost of stocks in the interior and the difficulty of duplicating except at an advance are constrained to show a pretty steady tone and offerings are only made at full former rates. Fleeces are worth about 33a35c, and some extra fine light lots are held higher. Pulled wools are not very plenty at the moment, but there seems to be enough to satisfy the call. Southern and State wools rule uniform in value. Texas grades are in fair request, and Spring California held in favor, with some of the choice free lots of the latter held a little more stiffly. Foreign descriptions moderately active with no direct call, except for carpet stock occasionally.—*Bulletin.*

Philadelphia.

The tone of the market is firmer, and in some descriptions a liberal movement is reported at some advance in quotations. Among the sales were: 150,000 lbs Ohio fine, pt; 100,000 do. X and XX at 36c; 30,000 X and XX 35; 30,000 do. X and XX, pt; 55,000 X and ⅛ X 34⅛a35⅛; 25,000 do. 34; 45,000 do. XX 35; 10,000 do. X 35; 20,000 do. X and above, 35; 50,000 do. XX and above 34⅛; 1,000 do. XX 37; 2,000 do. X 33 1-3; 15,000 do. X 35a35⅛; 5,000 do. ⅜ blood 36⅛; 4,000 do ¼ blood 33⅛; 5,000 do. old X 34; 10,000 do. medium 36; 12,000 do., 35; 15,000 do. ¼ blood 33; 10,000 do. Northern Ohio medium 35; 15,000 do. Ohio medium 33 1-3; 5,000 do. medium 35; 5,000 do. Michigan fine 31; 5,000 do. scoured fleece 48; 35,000 do. Colorado fine 21; 2,000 do. fine 20; 18,000 do. do., 19; 25,000 do. coarse 18⅛; 55,000 do. do. 18; 35,000 do. do. 17⅛; 10,000 do black 15; 5,000 do. tub Missouri 41; 4,200 do. Pennsylvania 35.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 27, 1876.

FLOUR—Dull.

GRAIN—Wheat active but lower and panicky; No. 2 Chicago spring 86¼c spot; 87¼c August; 92¼c September; No. 3 75; rejected 58c. Corn steady; No. 2 45¼c spot; 45¼a45⅜c August; 45¼a45⅜c September; rejected 40c. Oats quiet at 29¼c spot, 29¾c September. Rye quiet at 55c. Barley steady at 50c spot; 90c September.

PROVISIONS—Pork dull and in fair demand, but at lower rates; $18,40 spot; $18,37½ August; $18,50 September. Lard dull at $10,65 spot; $10,77½a10,80 September. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged.

On Call Board wheat was lower; 85⅞a 86c August; 91a91⅛c September. Corn quiet; 45c August; 45¼c September; 45c bid July. Oats 29⅜a29½c August; 29¾c September. Pork unchanged. Lard lower; $10,70 offered; $10,60 August.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Flour in good demand; receipts 8,000 barrels; No. 2 $2,15a3; superfine western and State $3,25a4; common to good extra $4,25a4,60; good to choice $4,65a4,85; white wheat extra $4,90a7,25; extra Ohio $4,35a6,75; St. Louis $4,90a8,50. Rye flour steady at $4,70a5,15. Corn meal unchanged. Wheat dull; receipts 125,000 bushels; No. 1 spring $1,13a1,17; ungraded do. 85ca$1,03; No. 2 Chicago spring 95ca $1,02; No. 2 Milwaukee 92a97c; No. 3 do. 82a85c; No. 3 Chicago spring 80a81c; winter red western $1,15. Rye quiet; State 65a78c; western 50a68c; Canada in bond 78c. Barley nominal. Malt dull and unchanged. Corn: receipts 137,000 barrels; opened better and closed dull; advance lost; winter mixed hot and warm 46a51c; do. ungraded 54a57c; mixed graded 56c; mixed steamer ungraded 51a54c; yellow steamer 55c; mixed Kansas 56¼a57c. Oats opened better and closed quiet; advance lost; western mixed and State 29a44c; white western do. 37a49c. Hay quiet; shipping 60a65c. Hops unchanged. Coffee firm and active; Rio cargoes 14 3-4a17 3-4c; jobbing at 14 3-4a18 3-4c. Sugar in fair demand; fair to good refined 8 3-4a9c; prime 9¼c; refined firmer at 11¼a 11⅛c. Molasses firm; moderate inquiry. Rice quiet and unchanged. Petroleum firm; crude 9 3-4a9⅛c; refined 17 3-4a17 7-8c. Tallow steady at 8¼a8 5-16c. Rosin steady at $1,60a1,75. Turpentine steady at 30c. Eggs heavy; western 15a18c. Pork heavy and decidedly lower; new mess $19,40a 19,60; closing at $19,40. Beef quiet; plain and extra mess $9a12. Middles quiet, but steady; long clear western 10¼c; do. city 10⅛c. Lard unsettled and decidedly lower; prime steam $11,05a11,12½; August $11,87½ a11,95. Butter firm; western 12a23c. Cheese unchanged. Whisky quiet at $1,13.

Foreign.

ANTWERP, July 27.—Refined petroleum 36f.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—Cotton dull at 5 31-32a6 1-16d; sales of 10,000 bales, including 2,000 bales for speculation and export, and 7,500 bales American. California white wheat average 9s 1da9s 4d; Club 9s 4da9s 10d; red western spring, No. 2 to No. 1, 7s 10da9s. Flour 21⅛a23s. Corn: western mixed 25⅛a25⅛s. Oats 3a3⅛s. Barley 3⅛s. Peas 36s. Cloverseed 50s. Lard 48a 49s. Cheese 46s. Refined petroleum 13⅛d; spirits 8a8⅛s.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 27.—Flour quiet and firm for good; superfine western $2,75a 3,87½. Wheat fairly active, but unchanged. Corn dull; western mixed 56¼c. Oats steady; moderate demand; western mixed 37a39c. Rye quiet and steady; 60a65c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Coffee nominal. Butter quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady and in fair demand, but easier at $1,12.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 27.—Cotton quiet at 11c. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull at 88c@$1,02. Corn quiet; 43a45c. Oats dull; 26a35c. Rye firm; 60a65c. Barley steady; 66¼c. Pork dull; sales at $18,75. Lard dull; steam 10⅛a11c; kettle 12⅛a13c. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 7¼a7⅛c; clear rib 9⅞a9⅞c; clear 10⅛c. Bacon dull; 8⅛, 10⅛a11⅛c. Butter dull and nominal. Whisky steady at $1,10.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, July 27.—Flour quiet and firm. Wheat inactive and lower; No. 2 white Wabash new $1,14½ to arrive; extra No. 1 white Michigan $1,30; No. 2 amber Illinois seller August $1,06. Corn quiet and steady; high mixed spot 50c; seller September 51c; low mixed spot 49¼c; damaged 39c; no grade 48¼c. Oats dull; No. 2 33c; Michigan seller September 32.

Boston.

BOSTON, July 27.—Flour dull; only jobbing, superfine western $3,00a3,75; common extra $4,50a4,75; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra $4,75a6,50; Illinois $6,00a 7,50; St. Louis $6,75a8,00; fancy Minnesota $7a8,50. Corn quiet; mixed and yellow 59a63c. Oats: No. 2 white and mixed 40a 42c; rejected 30c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, July 27.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat opened weak and ½c lower; closed unsettled; No. 1 Milwaukee $1,02; hard $1,08; No. 2 88¼c; No. 3 91⅛c. Corn firm; No. 2 46c. Oats dull; No. 2 29c. Rye steady; No. 2 62½c. Barley nominal; No. 2 spring, cash or September, 65c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—Cotton dull; 11c. Flour firm; extra $3,00a3,75; family $3,75a 4. Wheat dull; 90ca$1,03. Corn: 48a50c. Oats: 33c. Pork weak; $20. Bulk meats: 8⅛a10a10½c. Bacon: 8⅛a11⅛a12c. Lard: tierce 13c; keg 14c. Whisky quiet at $1,10.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Cotton, flour and grain quiet and unchanged. Provisions dull. Pork $19,50. Lard and bulkmeats; absolutely nothing doing. Bacon dull at 8⅛, 10 3-4a11⅛c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Hay firm; prime $17; choice $22. Pork dull; $20,50a 21,00. Bacon dull; shoulders 9⅛a9⅛c; clear rib 11⅛a11⅛c; clear 11⅛a11⅛c. Lard dull; 12a12⅛c. Others unchanged.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, July 27.—Wheat steady; No. 1 white Michigan $1,42½; No. 1 Milwaukee club $1,20; white Toledo $1,35. Corn quiet and unchanged.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, July 27.—Cotton dull and nominal at 10 3-4@11c; sales 650 bales; receipts 45 bales; shipments none. Other markets unchanged.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 27.—Petroleum firm and steady; s. w. 110 test, 18c; p. w. 150 test 17⅛c.

Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, July 27.—Spirits turpentine strong; 28c.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Beeves: receipts 1,070 head, making 4,280 for the last three days, against 3,440 for the same time last week; quality not generally good or satisfactory to trade; demand only moderate; market closed rather heavy, with downward tendency, especially for ordinary and medium grades. The scarcity of good steers enabled holders of prime cattle to get full prices. Extreme range for native steers and oxen 8a10⅛c; six carloads decent Texas and Cherokee cattle $8a8,50. Sheep: receipts 6,100 head, making 11,650 for three days, against 5,660 for the same time last week; demand fair; trade moderately active, with fully sustained prices; 4¼a5⅛c for common to choice sheep; 5⅛a 8¼c for lambs. Swine: Receipts 630 head, making 7,280 for three days, against 10,012 for the same time last week; none offered alive.

CHICAGO, July 27.—Cattle: receipts 4,600 head; shipments 3,700; fairly active and firm; fair to choice natives $4,50a5; through Texans $3,20a3,60; natives $3,25a4; choice graded steers $5,10a5,25. Hogs: receipts 10,000 head; shipments 4,200; quiet and about 10c lower; good to choice light $6,50a 6,55; heavy $6,40a6,60; Philadelphias $6,75a 6,80; rough mixed $6,20a6,35; shippers $5,50 a5,75. Sheep: receipts 700 head; dull and unchanged.

BUFFALO, July 27.—Cattle: receipts 1,090 head; total for the week 9,077; no market. Sheep and lambs: receipts 1,600 head; total for the week 14,600; market dull; sales: 6 cars Ohio clipped $4,45a4,50; 3 cars unsold; balance shipped east. Hogs: receipts 1,300 head; total for the week 10,000; market dull and slow; 1 car common heavy $6,50; 1 car good $7,10; 1 car Yorkers $6,65.

ALBANY, July 27.—Cattle: receipts 516 cars, against 600 last week; no improvement on common and choice good, but Cheyenne steers are ¼c in advance. Sheep and lambs: receipts 50 cars, against 46 cars last week; fair demand for sheep at an advance of ¼a¼c; lambs ¼a⅛c higher.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Hogs dull; Yorkers $6,10a6,35; bacon $6,10a6,25; butchers $6,25a 6,40. Cattle: little doing; prices unchanged.

CINCINNATI, July 27.—Hogs quiet; fair to good light $6,35a6,65.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 27.—Hogs dull and unchanged; receipts 1,200 head.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The package trade in prints was more active, and medium and dark styles sold in liberal amounts. Manchester, Oriental, Pacific and American dark prints are opened at 7c. Cotton goods are quiet except cotton flannels, which are in good demand. Woolen goods are in fair request. Foreign goods are dull.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Cotton steady at 11⅛a11 15 16c; futures firm; July 11 25-32c; August 11 25-32a11 13-16c; September 11⅛a 11 21-32c; October 11 7-16a11 15-32c; November 11⅛c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.—6 bbls whisky, J. J. Speck & Co; ⅛ do, Klein, S. & Co; 10 bxs p lead, Whitmore, W. L. & Co; 40 ¼ cks shoulders, E. H. Myers & Co; 1 car staves, S. B. Thompson; 2 bbls wheels, R. W. Hare; 8 sacks flour, H. M. Bole; 2 cases eggs, J. H. Loh; 16 pkgs tobacco, T. J. Wallace; 6 do, E. Poertsel; 10 do. Maul & G; 15 do, R. & W. Jenkinson; 5 tcs beef, Rea, B. & Co; 2 bbls cement, Atlantic Glass Co; 6 sett wheels, T. Hare & Bro; 10 tres shoulders, Walker, D & Co; 6 bxs t plate, Fahnestock & M; 35 bbls potatoes, R. Dickey & Co; 10 bbls whisky, P. Hamberger; 10 pkgs tobacco, Johnson, E & Co; 1 car staves, Geo. T. Shade; do, A. Depp; do, B. Thompson; 4 pkgs tobacco, Weyman & Co; 175 bgs feed, Keil & R; 25 bbls potatoes, Caskey, B & Co; 78 bbls potatoes 11 do onions, S. Vernia; 50 sks meal, Luebbe Bro.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. CO.—20 cars coal, Sable Coal Co; 14 do, Geo. W. Glass; 3 do stone, Isabella Fur; 3 do, Lucy Fur; 1 do, J. Megraw; 1 do lime, W. J. Baughman; 3 do cinders, Carnagie Bros; 3 do clay, Harbison & W; 1 do, Star F. B. Co; 1 do bark, W. Flaccus & Son; 1 do ice, Lake Ice Company; 1 car lumber, Heath & S; 3 do oats, S. R. Floyd & Co; 6 cars coal, Vesta O. Wks; 6 do, Standard O. Wks; 2 do, Brilliant O. Works; 1 do acid, Pgh Acid Wks; 2 do lumber, E. Lewis; 2 do, South Side P. M. Co; 2 do, A. V. Car Wks; 6 bxs hinges, Logan, G & Co; 101 b goods, J. H Burley; 1 d b attachments, Spaulding & S; 1 kg hdwe, A. A. Parker & Son.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.—5 bbls d beef, J. M. McCreery; 7 bbls liquor, Rowe, R & Co; 25 bgs t seed, J. Hinkle; 25 bbls spirits, Adler & R; 10 bbls o meal, G. Shelhase; 2 cars flour, Peabody, H & Co; 1 do, T. C. Jenkins, 1 do, R. Lindsay Jr & Co; 10 hams 1 do lard, E. H. Myers & Co; 1 do flour, Haworth & D; 2 do, Jenkins & Bro; 1 do beer, J. Breuning; 1 do oats, D. Wallace; 2 do ice, Weir Bro; 3 bbls paper, W. Lacey & Co; 25 bbls plaster, W. Flaccus & Son; 695 bxs N. J. Braden; 10 bbls flour, McCallister & L; 2 bbls eggs, J. J. Pettit & Co; 1 car oats, W. H. Nanker & Son; 1 car oats, J. Graham; 10 do flour 1 tub cheese, Shomaker & Co; 1 car lumber, Stack & Co; 37 pkgs lard, Bruce & P; 152 bxs cheese, Peabody, H & Co; 125 bdls lumber, S. Boyd & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R. CO.—1 car lime, T. C. Jenkins; 3 do brick, Imperial Ref. Co; 1 do f clay, O'Hara G. Wks; 150 bbls paper, Godfrey & C; 4 do, S. S. Marvin; 6 tubs butter 28 bbls apples, Voigt, M. & Co; 5 do eggs, J. H. Loh & Co; 3 pkgs butter, Head, C. & Co; 1 car 1 beer, L. Leisey & Co; 2 bxs cheese, Wetzbrod & W; 10 do, N. J. Braden; 115 sks rags, D. Frazier; 4 rolls leather, J. Callery & Co; 251 sacks oats, A. Williams; 179 do e dorn, C. Harting & Son; 3 bbls whisky, Adler & R; 40 sks flour, C. W. Hazel; 3 do mdse, J. B. Sheriff; 4 bdls hoisters, Scobta, R. & S.

RECEIPTS AT PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR—1 car oats, P. Duff & Sons.

SCRAP IRON, &c.

W. J. HAMMOND

DEALER IN

WROUGHT AND CAST IRON,

Wrought Turnings, Cast Turnings, Old Railroad Locomotive Tire, Old Car and Driving Wheels, Old Boilers,

Brass, Copper, Lead and Zinc,

W. J. Hammond,

Cor. Eleventh and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

BROWN & BLACK,

PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And dealers in all kinds of Produce, Flour, Grain, Feed, &c.

No. 193 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

Special attention given to consignments. REFERENCES—R. Patrick & Co., Bankers, Pittsburgh; C. Yeager & Co., Dry Goods and Notions, Pittsburgh.

The Only Grain Warehouse in Pittsburgh with Steam Elevator and Track Connections.

LAING & M'KALLIP

Commission Merchants,

And dealers in Grain, Feed, Flour, Hay, Straw, Lime, Cement, Plaster and Anthracite Coal.

357 Liberty St., 134 Fifth Avenue, and cor. 31st St. and A. V. R. R.

W. H. MECHLING.........L. McBRIDE.

MECHLING & McBRIDE

GENERAL PRODUCE

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 207 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are constantly receiving the very

BEST FLOURS MADE

In the United States, and which we guarantee to give entire satisfaction.

Storekeepers, Bakers and Families

In want of something choice will find it in our stock at all times. Our New Process Flour is superior to anything in market and at moderate price.

S. LINDSAY, Jr., & CO.,
No. 157 Liberty Street.

March 14, 1876.

PETER KEIL.........JAS. F. RITCHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

Commission Merchants,

And dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.

349 LIBERTY STREET,

Patterson's Block, PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHIBALD WALLACE,

WHOLESALE

GROCER & PRODUCE DEALER

No. 6 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

H. M. CALDWELL & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

And Dealers in

HAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

205 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Orders for Shipments and Consignments solicited and promptly attended to.

JOHN PORTERFIELD & CO.,

FAMILY GROCERS,

And dealers in best brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR,

No. 15 MARKET STREET,

Corner of First avenue.

AIKEN, WALLACE & POLLOCK,

185 LIBERTY STREET,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Apples, Apple Butter, Pickles, Jersey Seed Sweet Potatoes, Onion Sets, Brownell Beauty Seed Potatoes, Beans and Produce generally. Advances made on consignments and prompt returns guaranteed.

FOR SALE—SUNDRIES.

6 cars Wheat.
1 car Corn Meal.
1 car Ground Corn and Oats.
25 bbls choice White Beans.
2,000 of those heavy, large, India Bags, cheap.
1,000 Cotton Seamless 2 bushel sacks.

HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
349 Liberty St., office up stairs.

March 17, 1876.

HOSE, COUPLINGS, &c.

HYDRANTS HOSE,

HOSE PIPES

AND

Couplings,

Bailey, Farrell & Co.

167 SMITHFIELD ST.,

PITTSBURGH.

RIVER NEWS.

State of the Rivers, Movements of Steamboats, &c.

The stage of water last evening was 2 feet, and falling. A few days more, unless there is rain, will wind up navigation on this end of the river.

The I. N. Keefer departed for Huntington with a tow of refined oil.

Mr. J. K. Pennington, a well-known steamboat clerk, died at St. Louis on Tuesday.

The Granite State reshipped her Pittsburgh freight at Rochester, and returned to Cincinnati.

The steamer Utah is held in bondage by U. S. Marshall H. W. Leffingwell, and will be sold in a short time.

Mr. W. W. Ackley, of the Arlington, arrived yesterday, having been called home by the serious illness of a sister.

The Exchange will lay by at Cincinnati till needed in the Huntington trade, or until there is more water here.

Capt. Hambleton, of Mound City, emphatically denies that he libeled the steamer Mary Miller at St. Louis for debt.

The Charles B. Church has been chartered by the Cincinnati Grand Orchestra to make a trip to Augusta on Sunday.

Owing to the low water, the Fanchon departs for Cincinnati to-day to get below the shoals before dark. Send down your freight in time.

The collision case of the Grand Tower and Shippers' Own was decided against the latter, all because she had [illegible] signal light on her [illegible] side.

Pilot Jno. J. Handlan and Miss Ida M. Merry were married Tuesday evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Covington.

Capt. I. R. Whittaker arrived home from St. Louis on Wednesday evening. He left the Fearless at the ore pile waiting for a cargo of ore.

The Fanchon, Capt. T. C. Sweeny, will positively take her departure for Cincinnati to-day, and she will leave very nearly at the time advertised, noon.

The Grand Republic would have purchased some stores at Cairo, but [illegible] pay $28 wholesale for the privilege of spending a couple of hundred dollars.

An Evansville paper of Tuesday says: The Argo, having finished wrecking the Iron Mountain barge, above Mt. Vernon, came here for coal and stores, departing yesterday morning to do some work at French Island.

At Taylor street M. E. Church, Newport, Tuesday evening, Dr. E. P. Dameon and Miss Ella Carter were married by Rev. T. H. Knowles. The bride is a daughter of Capt. Lawrence Carter, of the U. P. Schenck.

An Evansville dispatch under date of Tuesday says: The Woodruff lies over till morning, for banking purposes and a pilot. She has removed, this side of Louisville, 47 snags, the largest weighing 42 tons and has removed 3 wrecks.

When the Arlington passed Memphis she had on board for Louisville and Cincinnati 4,700 feet walnut lumber, 48 green hides, 8 bbls dry do, 5 bbls cottonseed oil, 6 bbls Spanish flags, 4 bales grass, 40 bbls rice, 1 bbl. molasses, 2 do sugar, 10 bbls do, 104 ½ and ¼ M. T. beer barrels, 319 do. kegs, 49 bales rags, 29 do. cotton, 17 do. moss, 1 carriage, 21 boxes soap, and 30 cabin passengers.

The following gentlemen, one prominently connected with the navigation of the Cumberland River, have retired from nautical life: R. Y. Northern is running a farm opposite Golconda; G. P. Leake ("Tobe,") is a banker in Dallas, Texas; E. G. Davidson (Polig,) is in the live-stock business on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad; William Boyd is a merchant in Philadelphia; W. E. Gracey is master of a time line at Eddyville, and Lord Palmerston is doing nothing on somebody's farm near Nashville.

Yesterday, at 2:40 P. M., one of the middle sections of the Floating Dock sprung a leak, and so rapidly did it fill that the connecting pipe was broken, which made it impossible to save ten sections of this valuable dock. At 4:30 P. M. ten sections, or one-half of the whole property, sunk in 50 feet of water, despite the greatest exertions of the Superintendent, Mr. Henry Adkins, assisted by a large number of men. The loss will be fully $30,000. Mr. Lewis Glenn, of Cincinnati, President of the Company, was telegraphed yesterday, and will no doubt be here this morning, when steps will be taken for their recovery, if possible.—*St. Louis Globe*, 26th.

A St. Louis special to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, under date of Tuesday, says: The Henry C. Yaeger failed to get away for New Orleans to-day, but goes away to-morrow forenoon, and so does the John F. Tolle on Saturday. Capt. Jesse McCleare, of Vicksburg, leaves for home on Saturday, taking passage on the new Robert E. Lee at Cairo. Com. Davidson has got on his war legs again, and to-day ordered out the Minnesota, and will send her to Louisiana to-morrow to keep company with the C. K. Peck, which lately entered the trade as an independent boat. Captain R. W. Dugan returned from Cincinnati this morning. Captain Elwell has not yet decided whether he will load the Fannie Tatum for the Ohio. The Fontenelle is still up for Pittsburgh, and is having a hard time getting a trip.

SMITH & SHEPLER,

CELEBRATED

Feed Water Boiler Washer.

PATENTED FEBRUARY 29, 1876.

This Improved Heater and Washer has been approved by the National Board of Supervising Inspectors, in session February, 1876, and also by practical Engineers on the steamboats [illegible], Seven Sons, Maggie Smith, Ironsides, and others.

J. B. SHERRIFF & SON,
Manufacturers,
68 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

RIVER PACKETS.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

FRIDAY, July 28—12 M.

THE FINE LIGHT DRAUGHT PASSENGER STEAMER

FANCHON.

T. C. SWEENEY.........Commander
J. T. HAMBLETON.........Clerk

Will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to J. D. COLLINGWOOD, and CAPT. SAM. SHUMAN, Agents.

Regular Ironton and Pittsburgh Weekly Packet.

Leaves Ironton every Thursday.
Leaves Pittsburgh every Monday at 4 P. M.

THE NEW AND LIGHT DRAUGHT

SALT VALLEY.

SAM. DeWOLF.........Master
JNO. KIRKER & CHAS M. BUCHANAN, Clerks

Passengers by the "Salt Valley" with through Tickets, will be transferred to the R. R. Packets and arrive at Cincinnati Thursday morning. Freights and passenger rates as low as the lowest. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

GEO. H. GRIHEST,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
R. & W. J. PATTERSON,
Wharfboat, foot of Wood St.

STEAMSHIPS.

CONSULATE.

KAISERLICH KÖNIGLICH OESTERREICHISCH-UNGARISCHES CONSULAT IN PITTSBURG

European Exchange, Collection and Steamship Office, No. 163 Smithfield street.

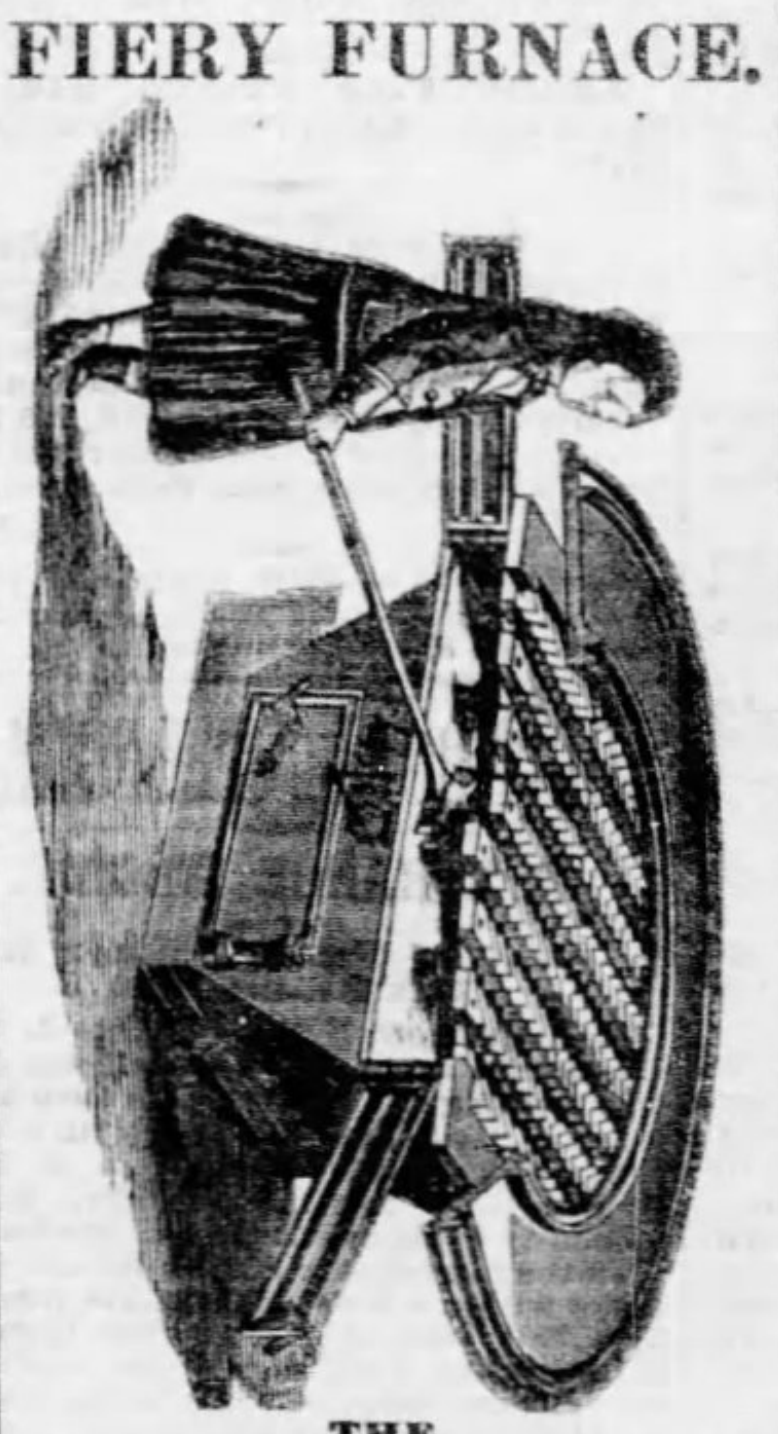
MAX SCHAMBERG,
Consul and Notary.

STOVES, RANGES, GRATES.

New Improvements

FOR THE

FIERY FURNACE.



THE

AGITATING GRATE

(LARKIN'S PATENT.)

The Most Powerful, Simple and Effective Grate in the World.

The FIERY FURNACE is adapted for Churches, School Houses and all kinds of public and private buildings.

MANUFACTURED BY

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.

Who are also the Manufacturers of the IMPROVED DOUBLE-OVEN

Boston Cooking Range,

PARLOR AND COOK STOVES, Etc.

206 AND 208 LIBERTY STREET.

OILS, &c.

LUBRICATING OILS

AND

ALL OTHER VARIETIES,

Manufactured and Sold by

B. TRIPP, JR., & CO.,

369 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,

Iron Bank Block,

corner Sixth avenue and Wood street, PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL.........$200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, John M. Murtland,
James Musgrave, Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott, James D. Kelly,
Charles E. Leech, Wm. Floyd,
John Floyd.

Collections made to all points in the United States and Canadas. Prompt attention paid to correspondents.

CENTRAL BANK,

No. 47 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CAPITAL.........$100,000

Incorporated by Legislature.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS.

Thomas Fawcett, D. W. C. Carroll,
James H. Hopkins, Julius Adair,
James Brown, J. H. Walter,
Madison Bailey, J. H. Thornton,
George Bingham, Abram Hayes,
Paul H. Hacke, Wm. Hanna.

THOMAS FAWCETT, President,
MADISON BAILEY, Vice President,
M. HUNNINGS, Cashier.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,

OF ALLEGHENY,

No. 171 Federal Street.

CAPITAL, $200,000.

DISCOUNT EVERY DAY.

Stockholders Individually Liable.
Six per cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

GEO. R. RIDDLE, President,
J. W. HALL, Vice President.

Simon Drum, D. Masterson,
Geo. D. Riddle, H. H. Knox,
R. W. Cartwright.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH.

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

J. W. COOK, President.
R. W. MACKEY, Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS,

No. 57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

STEEL WORKS.

LABELLE STEEL WORKS.

Smith, Sutton & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

REITER, SUTTON & CO.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

STEEL.

ALSO,

Springs, Axles, Rake Teeth, &c.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

Ridge, Lighthill and Belmont Streets, and Ohio River,

ALLEGHENY.

Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1842.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

Manufacturers of

Best Refined Cast Steel,

Of every description; also

Best Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.

CORNER ROSS STREET AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manufacturers of every description of

Cast and German Steel,

Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plate, Elliptical and Platform Springs, Axles, Steel Tire, &c., &c.

WAREHOUSE—83 Water street and 100 First Ave.

Black Diamond Steel Works.

PARK, BRO. & CO.

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse—30th, 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.

Miller, Metcalf & Parkin,

OFFICE, NO. 339 LIBERTY STREET

PITTSBURGH, PA.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson

Principals of the Institution of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Lecturers on Anatomy, Physiology and Science, inform their friends and patients that they have again opened a branch office for the practice of their profession at No. 3 EIGHTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., where one of the firm may be confidentially consulted, upon the diseases [illegible] of this office, Hours of consultation from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and from 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

KEYSTONE DISPENSARY, No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa., a special institution, having a Union-wide reputation for the reliable and successful treatment of Private and Urinary diseases, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, etc. [illegible] call on DR. WHITTIER.

PRIVATE DISEASES.—OFFICE 194 PENN STREET, next door to the St. Clair Hotel. [illegible] For Circulars and Book, 10c., address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays excepted.

IRON AND STEEL.

McKEESPORT IRON WORKS.

W. D. WOOD & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PLANISHED

AND REFINED SHEET IRON.

Office—111 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

ALEX. NIMICK, President. SAML. H. JACOBUS, General Manager and Treasurer.

Jacobus & Nimick Manuf'g Co.

PROPRIETORS OF

PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS,

Formerly J. K. Moorhead & Co., founded A. D. 1833, and

PITTSBURGH VARIETY WORKS,

Formerly Jones & Nimick Manufacturing Co., founded A. D. 1855, manufacturers of the well-known J. & N. and Novelty Brands of Locks and Latches, Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter Scales, Paint and Coffee Mills, Builders' and Domestic Hardware generally.

Diamond Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WAYNE IRON

AND

STEEL WORKS.

BROWN & CO.

Manufacturers of the

WAYNE AND "U. S." BRANDS OF

IRON AND STEEL.

Bar, Rod, Hoop, Sheet and Tank Iron, Extra Horse Shoe Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Iron Plow Beams, Flanged Landside Iron, Light T Rails, 12 to 18 lbs. per yard, Spike Bars, "U. S." Boiler Plate and Fire Box Iron, Boiler Heads, all Flanging, Boiler and Tank Rivets, extra quality "Wayne" and "U. S." BEST REFINED STEEL. Cast Steel. Also, Iron Centre Cast Steel for plows and cultivators, Tire Steel, Lay Steel, Grain Drill Steel, Flanged Landside Steel and Steel Plow Beams. All for Agricultural Implements, [illegible] desired pattern. Near Union [illegible]

COR. DUQUESNE WA

Our "U. S." Brand

Pennsylvania Iron Works

EVERSON, MACKIN &

Manufacturers of every

SHEET AND BAR IR

Flat, Bar, Round, Squa
Boiler Iron, Pipe and
Office at Works, SECO
above above Monong

MONT BLANC

A. TOMLINSON &

Manufacturers of COAL
BRIDGE, ROLLING MI
AND MACHINERY CAS
Rail Road
30th streets, PITTSBUR

DICKSON, MARSHALL &

IRON CITY FOUNDRY

Manufacturers of BRIDGE
BLAST FURNACE AND
INGS. CORNER OF LI
TY-THIRD STREETS, PITTSBURGH

FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS.

JOHN W. HAY. CHAS. SHINKLE.
W. J. MILLER, JR.

MONONGAHELA FOUNDRY

And Machine Works.

HAY, SHINKLE & MILLER,

Successors to W. J. ANDERSON,

Machinists and Iron Founders.

Grist and Saw Mill Work a Specialty. Agents for Dufour & Co. Bolting Cloths, and John A. Walter's Cast Spring for Mill Spindles.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

No. 39 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH.

Industrial Machine Works.

Hugh M. Bole, Proprietor,

Manufacturer of Stationary Steam Engines used in Saw, Grist and Planing Mills; Engines for Coal Mines and Inclined Planes, either single or double. We also make a specialty of manufacturing Machinery for Crushing and Washing Coal, Coke Oven-Pushing Machines, Elevators, Screens, &c. All work warranted first-class.

Shop—Corner of Point Alley and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Robinson, Rea & Co.,

FOUNDERS and

MACHINISTS,

12 SMITHFIELD ST.,

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.

A. GARRISON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chilled AND Sand Rolls

Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.

ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS,

ROTARY SQUEEZERS,

Haskins Patent Double Spiral Pinions,

AND

ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Office and Warehouse:

No. 33 Wood Street, Cor. Second Avenue.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT

Boiler, Stilland Tank Works.

D. W. C. Carroll & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tubular, Double-flued Tubular, Fire Box and Cylinder Steam Boilers, Oil Stills and Oil Tanks, Chimneys, Breeching and Ash Pans, Setting Pans, Salt Pans and Condensers, Steam Pipes, Gasometers and Iron Bridges, Prison Doors and Coal Shutes.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

COAL, COKE AND LIME.

S. C. GRIER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS

COAL.

Railroad Yard, corner Grant avenue and Ft. W. R. R. Crossing, and River Yard, corner Rebecca and Ridge streets, Allegheny City, Pa. Prompt attention given to filling orders.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Miners, Shippers and Dealers in

FAMILY, NUT AND BLACKSMITH

COAL.

OFFICE AND Yard, 567 LIBERTY STREET.

Particular attention given to filling orders of above Coal.

BRIDGE WORK.

KEYSTONE BRIDGE COMPANY

BUILDERS OF

Iron and Wooden Bridges,

Wrought Iron Turn Tables, Roofs, &c.

OFFICES—Cor. Forty-first and Harrison streets Pittsburgh; No. 218 South 4th street, Philadelphia.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—On and after SUNDAY, April 16th, 1876, Trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

CITY TIME.

MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXPRESS daily, except Monday, at 2:30 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:30 a. m., Philadelphia 3:20 p. m., New York 6:30 p. m.

MAIL TRAIN daily, except Sunday, 7:20 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 6:15 p. m.

DAY EXPRESS daily, at 8:20 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 5:55 p. m., Philadelphia 9:30 p. m., New York 10:50 p. m., Baltimore 7:35 p. m., Washington 9:07 p. m.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS daily at 12:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:20 p. m., Philadelphia 3:10 a. m., New York 6:40 a. m.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS daily, except Sunday, 4:31 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a. m., Philadelphia 7:00 a. m., New York 10:10 a. m.

FAST LINE daily at 7:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a. m., Philadelphia 7:35 a. m., New York 10:35 a. m., Baltimore 7:25 a. m., Washington 9:03 a. m.

JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION 3:41 p. m.

WALL'S ACCOMMODATION 6:41, 10:21, 11:46 a. m., 2:41, 5:46, 6:11, 11:31 p. m. Sunday 12:51 p. m.

BRINTON ACCOMMODATION 6:06 a. m., 5:01 and 9:26 p. m., Sunday 9:26 p. m.

WILKINSBURG ACCOMMODATION 9:21 a. m., 3:01, 3:31, 11:11 and 11:41 p. m.

TORRENS ACCOMMODATION 10:31 p. m.

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.

Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:

Mail Train daily, except Monday	1:01 a. m.
Fast Line daily, except Monday	1:41 a. m.
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday	7:56 a. m.
Cincinnati Express daily	12:41 p. m.
Pacific Express daily	1:41 p. m.
Limited Mail daily	8:51 p. m.
Way Passenger daily	8:51 p. m.
Jonestown Accommodation	[illegible]

Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 9:01 a. m., 1:31, 3:41, 5:51 and 7:56 p. m., Sunday 10:01 a. m.

Brinton Accommodation 7:41 and 8:16 a. m., 7:06 and 11:11 p. m., Sunday 7:06 p. m.

Wilkinsburg Accommodation 11:46 a. m., 3:06, 6:41, 7:31, 9:21 and 10:41 p. m.

Torrens Accommodation 7:11 a. m.

SOUTH-WEST PENN. RAILWAY.

NO CHANGE OF CARS.

Youghiogheny Express, except Sunday, 8:31 a. m.

Connellsville Express daily, except Sunday, 4:41 p. m.

Trains arrive from Connellsville at 9:41 a. m. and 6:46 p. m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, (city time):

MAIL TRAIN, connecting for Butler 6:46 a. m.

EXPRESS, connecting for Butler 2:25 p. m.

FREEPORT ACCOM. 9:16 a. m. and 5:36 p. m.

SPRINGDALE ACC. 11:26 a. m., 6:16, 8:41 and 11:31 p. m. On Sunday at 12:51 and 9:21 p. m.

MARKET TRAIN FOR BUTLER 3:51 p. m.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY. (Panhandle Route.)

On and after SUNDAY, June 25, 1876, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.

Fast Line	2:07am
Pacific Express	8:42am
Dennison Accommodation	9:17am
Washington Accommodation	11:00am
Columbus Accommodation	3:12pm
Washington Accommodation	[illegible]
Limited Mail	[illegible]
McDonald's Accommodation	[illegible]
Mansfield Accommodation	11:07pm
Sunday Church Train	9:42pm

ARRIVE.

McDonald's Accommodation	6:47am
Cincinnati Express	[illegible]
Washington Accommodation	[illegible]
Dennison Accommodation	[illegible]
McDonald's Accommodation	[illegible]
Washington Accommodation	[illegible]
Fast Line	[illegible]
Southern Express	[illegible]
Limited Mail	[illegible]
Mansfield Accommodation	[illegible]
Sunday Church Train	[illegible]

Pacific Express and Limited Mail leave daily. Cincinnati Express Fast Line and Mansfield Accommodation arrive daily. All other trains daily, Sundays excepted. Sleeping Cars through without change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager,
W. L. O'BRIEN, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, Jr., Gen. Supt.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

On and after JULY 10th, 1876, trains on this road will depart from and arrive at Depot, corner of Grant and Water sts., as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART. ARRIVE.

[illegible]

Mail trains daily, except Sunday. Through Express daily, except Sunday. Through Express arrives daily, except Monday. [illegible]

75 MILES THE SHORTEST TO WASHINGTON and the only line via the National Capital to the Eastern Cities. Pullman Palace Coaches and magnificent Day Cars through to Washington and Baltimore without change.

Ticket Offices, Corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, and Depot, corner Grant and Water streets.

L. M. COLE, Genl Ticket Agent.
E. K. HYNDMAN, Superintendent.
W. E. REPPERT, Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, VIRGINIA & CHARLESTON RAILWAY.

On and after SUNDAY, April 16, 1876, and until further notice, Trains will arrive and depart from the New Depot, corner of Fourth avenue and Try street, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART. ARRIVE.

[illegible]

CHURCH TRAIN leaves Monongahela City every Sunday at 6:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:40 p. m.

Through connections daily (except Sunday,) to and from Brownsville [illegible]

Leave orders for Baggage at General Office, on Fourth avenue.

WM. J. KOSE, Gen. Frt. and Pass. Agt.
JOHN M. BYERS, Ch. Eng. and Supt.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD—On and after SUNDAY, JULY 23, 1876, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

LEAVE. ARRIVE.

[illegible]

Church Train leave Soda Works at 8:40 a. m., arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m., arriving at Soda Works at 2:10 p. m. [illegible]

Buffalo Express with North and South, connect at Red Bank with trains on Low Grade Division for Brookville and Driftwood, making connections at Driftwood with trains on P. & E. R. R. [illegible]

J. MORTON HALL,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
DAVID McCARGO, Gen. Superintendent.

PLOW WORKS.

ALEX. SPEER & SONS,

SUCCESSORS TO HALL & SPEER,

Globe Plow Works,

DUQUESNE WAY,

Below Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh

Plows, Cultivators, Road Scoops, Shovel Moulds and Grading Plows.

Keystone Nut and Bolt Works.

F. M. HASLETT & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLOW, CARRIAGE

And Machine Bolts, &c.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

Corner Main and Cherry Sts., Allegheny

HOME NEWS.

The probabilities for to-day are a slight rise in the temperature, and southerly to westerly winds, with partly cloudy weather, light local rains, and stationary or slight rise in barometer.

Camp Meeting Association.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Camp Meeting Association will be held in the Smithfield street M. E. Church this (Friday) evening, July 28th, at 7:30 P. M. JNO. E. STEWART, Secretary.

Car Burned.

A short time after one o'clock this morning an alarm announced a fire in the vicinity of Penn avenue and Twenty-first street. On reaching the spot it was found that a freight car in the transfer yard of the Pennsylvania railroad was in a blaze. Three engines were promptly on the spot, but their services were not put into requisition, as a hose from an adjacent plug was found sufficient to quench the flames. The car was from the Fort Wayne road, and was placed there for transfer of freight on the P. R. road, bound for the East. It was nearly half filled with empty fruit baskets, and contained also two large bells. The car was marked "P. F. W. 3560;" but without the way-bill its value or the owner of the property could not be ascertained. The damage to the baskets is chiefly caused by the water as most of them were thrown out of the car before the fire made any considerable headway. The car is damaged to uselessness. The fire is supposed to have originated from a lamp which was left burning inside; and it is supposed that somebody entered the car and upset it.

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES

Nominations Made in the Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Districts.

The Republican conferees in the Twenty-fifth District met at the Mead House, Parker City, on Wednesday afternoon, and unanimously nominated Gen. Harry White, of Indiana county, as the Republican candidate for Congress.

The conferees of the Twenty-sixth District after a long conflict, yesterday, completed their work at Meadville, by selecting Col. John M. Thompson, of Butler county, as the Republican Congressional standard bearer for that district.

LOOP-HOLES OF THE LAW.

The Poor Laws Unwittingly Infracted.

From all that has been said and written of late with regard to the poor of the city, it might warrantably be inferred that this unfortunate class of people is to be found only in the poor house, and that all the information is to be found among the archives of those entrusted with the custodianship of the poor. It is uncertain whether or not those unhappy wanderers of the streets, many of whom are wanting in some of their senses, are looked upon as unworthy of recognition. Just fancy a blind man looking for work, or having "visible means of subsistence!" Picture a dumb man soliciting alms, or giving "a reasonable account of himself and his business!" Imagine, if you can, a man who claims to be a citizen of the world, detailing the story of his spot of location! The blind man, who is standing day after day in the market-place, holding his hat in the sight of a benignant public, cannot be said to be "loitering," or "going about from door to door," or "begging or gathering alms;" and unquestionably is not, therefore, a beggar or vagrant. The law does not cover any passive process of begging. The female recipient of alms has another tale. She carries on different sorts of businesses. She is nurse, organ-grinder and fruit vendor. Her all is invested in that handful of peanuts, which are loyally decorated with a stars and stripes flag about an inch square. It has been said that a colored laundress had the sign, "Going out washing done here," emblazoned over the door of her house; but the sign of "Going out nursing done here," painted on this woman's organ, would be more truthful than humorous. She does not ask alms; she gives you "the worth of your money." The siren music of her organ is profitable to her in many ways. It advertises her fruit business, and when a customer is enticed to purchase an apple, the price of the music is always left to his own discretion; and if the instrument, perchance, goes out of tune, and begins to "strain harsh discords and unpleasant sharps," a passing star or prima dona will be willing to pay a small fee to procure a rest for his ears, propably just at the very time when the grindress is desirous of obtaining the very same thing for her weary arms. The man who goes about the market-place singing to an audience—transient and permanent—merits an occasional offering, if he has a genius for music; but the successful grinder appropriates to himself what is due to the skill of the organ manufacturer.

A QUEER STORY.

A Returned Black Hiller Claims to Have Been Robbed of $1,400 in Gold Dust.

Wednesday evening there appeared at the Mayor's office a German, giving his name as Fred. Young. He had a story to tell, and this is about it, according to Detective Messner:

Young had been to the Black Hills, and had been so fortunate as to secure a considerable quantity of the dross, to obtain which so many valuable lives have been lost in that ebon-hued region. Young resided near Brownsville, and being, like John Gilpin's spouse, of a frugal mind, concluded to foot it back to his Pennsylvania domicile. Accordingly he left Omaha some two or three weeks ago, in that manner, and on Monday reached Wheeling, at which time and place his store of cash amounted to $200 in greenbacks and seven pounds of gold dust. This wealth he had enclosed in a n old tin pepper box, about the size of an oyster can, and the box and two revolvers were wrapped up in what he called a "rain coat", *i. e.* a gum coat. At Wheeling he fell in company with a tramp who was going in the same direction as himself, and together the two journeyed to Washington, Pa., Young vainly endeavoring to rid himself of the company. On the way to that place the second tramp, who carried a carpet-sack of much latitudnial proportions, but otherwise being similar to the second seven head of cattle of which Pharaoh dreamed, expressed a desire to become the possessor of a coat similar to that carried by Young. On Tuesday evening they reached Washington, and entering a store together, Young laid his coat and its valuable contents upon the counter, calling the store keeper's attention to it, while he went out to get some crackers. Coming back in about ten minutes he found his traveling companion, the carpet sack and coat all gone. The proprietor stated that the man with the carpet sack had returned in a few minutes after Young left, and taking the coat and putting it in the carpetsack had departed. Young started in search of the man, and early Wednesday morning overtook him near Cannonsburg. Instead of accusing him of the theft, he simply asked him what made his carpetsack so much more bulky. The man replied that he had bought a pair of pants at Washington, and had also stolen a horse blanket at a livery stable in that place. Young jogged along with the fellow until they reached a farm house where the smoke was issuing from the kitchen chimney, and the tramp suggested that he would go in and get some breakfast for himself and Young. To this the latter did not object, and the fellow entering the gate, passed around behind the house. Young waited for his return for a short time and then went to see what had become of him. Going to the kitchen, the girl who was getting breakfast said she had seen no one. A man who was milking cows in the barn-yard near by said that he had seen a man with a carpet-sack come around the house and pass right on down through the orchard. Young immediately started after him full tilt, but after a protracted search, failed to find him. He then went to Cannonsburg, and secured the services of a constable. From there he came on to this city, to set the detectives on the lookout for his unfaithful friend.

The detectives placed very little confidence in Young's story, but nevertheless commenced a search for the individual described. Yesterday morning, however, Young received a telegram from Cannonsburg, stating that his man had been captured near that place, and he immediately left to recover his wealth.

The story is a very queer one in every respect, and may possibly be exactly as Young related it. As will be judged from the narrative, he is not so sharp as he might be, and could possibly have acted as foolishly as he stated without doing violence to his character.

The Bread baked by S. S. Marvin & Co., is meeting with the highest commendation by all who use it. Retail at 18 Fifth avenue.

Men's French Calf hand sewed Centennial Buckle Walking Shoes only $4.00. Every pair warranted. At the Eagle Shoe Store, 85 Smithfield street.

VALUATIONS.

The Supposed Cash Value of Real and Personal Property in the Several Townships of the County.

The following is a statement of the valuation and number of taxables in the several townships of the county, with a recapitulation of the valuation of the entire county:

Townships.	*Valuation.*	*Taxables.*
Wilkins	$ 5,798,161	1,534
Snowden	1,584,220	334
Springdale	434,779	172
North Fayette	1,854,540	448
Union	1,151,626	381
Findley	1,283,401	344
Harrison	954,616	552
South Versailles	269,464	254
Lower St. Clair	2,027,267	817
McCandless	956,825	274
Crescent	215,784	115
Kilbuck	1,617,633	436
Harmar	475,849	132
Baldwin	4,110,794	1,046
Shaler	2,317,338	756
Marshal	571,183	313
South Fayette	1,957,221	364
Moon	941,856	387
Stowe	1,453,037	200
Jefferson	1,788,161	686
Hampton	889,394	259
Versailles	624,818	201
Upper St. Clair	1,179,890	229
Indiana	840,679	328
Neville	364,975	72
North Versailles	1,235,298	684
Fawn	420,263	190
Scott	1,911,422	379
Reserve	1,962,258	499
Robinson	1,663,717	349
Collier	1,777,077	331
Forward	1,070,317	455
Sewickley	349,774	166
Patton	1,831,722	468
Mifflin	3,888,056	1,358
O'Hara	1,822,872	689
Franklin	480,117	611
Penn	2,734,023	816
East Dear	1,162,726	461
West Dear	1,087,142	388
Ross	1,988,638	510
Chartiers	2,488,381	986
Plum	2,066,659	440
Lincoln	586,810	352
Ohio	606,915	167
Richland	711,612	210
Pine	831,284	201
Leet	1,001,975	217
Elizabeth	2,228,587	868
	$72,571,056	21,879

Real Estate	$64,246,305
Personal	1,651,480
Occupation	6,673,271
Total	$72,571,056
Residents	18,776
Non-residents	3,103
Total	21,879

WATCHES.

Gold	610
Silver	386
Total	693

RECAPITULATION.

The following is a recapitulation of the assessments in the cities, boroughs and townships of the county:

	Gold Watches	Silver Watches	Real Estate	Personal	Occupation	Totals	Residents	Non-Residents	Total
36 wards, Pittsburgh,	1,631	217	$155,335,436	$1,811,777	$15,067,757	$172,714,970	32,453	5,287	37,740
11 wards, Allegheny,	1,029	272	47,310,533	706,909	7,831,144	55,848,586	15,340	1,948	17,288
3 wards, 15 boroughs,	336	163	14,204,190	385,037	2,411,176	17,000,403	5,973	1,471	7,444
49 townships	610	383	64,246,305	1,651,480	6,673,271	72,571,056	18,776	3,103	21,879
Total	3,606	1,035	$281,596,464	$4,555,203	$31,982,348	$318,135,015	72,542	11,809	84,35

THE BURGLAR CHIEF.

Arrival of the Wellsboro Officers to Secure Him—A History of That Robbery and Mention of Some Others—Mason's Wealth—The End of a Desperate Gang.

On last Wednesday morning an account of the arrest of George Mason, the notorious burglar chief, was given in the columns of the GAZETTE. Since then he has been lying in the Central Station, awaiting the arrival of the Wellsboro officers. Last evening they reached the city, and this evening they will start back with Mason in their charge.

The officers are not regular members of the Wellsboro force, being no less personages, in fact than a director of the robbed bank, and a coal merchant of Wellsboro, who were deputized to perform the difficult task. The director is Mr. J. W. Bailey, and the merchant, Mr. Charles Magee. They fully recognized Mason as the man wanted, and are loud in praise of the vigilance and skill which were displayed in his capture. The history of the bank robbery, as stated by them, is as follows:

THE BURGLARY.

On the night of September 16th, 1874, seven men drove up to the residence of Mr. J. L. Robinson, President of the bank, and entered. Mr. E. H. Robinson cashier of the bank is a son of the President, and resided with him. After entering the building, the robbers seized all the members of the family, tied them securely, gagged them, and then placed all of them except the cashier in one room, shut the doors and windows and nailed them fast. Mr. E. H. Robinson, tightly bound and gagged, they took with them to the bank, and there by threats of torture, compelled him to unlock the vaults. From them they took all the cash, Government bonds, and other negotiable securities, amounting in all to $110,000. Mason was the leader, and after securing the funds wanted to lock Robinson in the vaults. These being air tight, Robinson would have died a horrible death in a short time, and yielding to his entreaties not to subject him to such a fate, they finally secured him to the floor of the bank.

The affair of course created an immense excitement in the town the next morning, and scores of persons volunteered to assist in the capture of the rascals. In a day or two after the robbery one of the gang, Orson Crook, a noted desperado, was caught near Elmira, N. Y., about forty-five miles from Wellsboro. A few days after, Isaac Marsh, *alias* Cosgrove, another of the party, was arrested, and not long after a third man, Michael Welsh, was apprehended.

HOW THEY GOT AWAY.

At the trial of the three it was developed that five of the gang had driven in carriages from Elmira. Mason had come from New York city, and the seventh man from some other point. After the robbery, Cooke, Cosgrove, Welsh and another man drove back towards Elmira, while Mason had compelled a farmer to drive him to a point sixteen miles from Wellsboro, where he got on a train, he having the greater portion of the stolen property in his possession. How the other two got away is not known.

The three captured burglars were convicted, and Clark sentenced to seventeen years', Marsh, *alias* Cosgrove, to fifteen years', and Welsh to five years' imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary, where they are now serving out their terms. It was ascertained that Cosgrove had been the leader of the gang of burglars who had robbed the Ocean Bank, of New York city, in 1868. He was also engaged in the robbery of the Merchants' Union Express Company, on the Harlem Railroad, in 1869, when more than $100,000 in cash were taken. His last known exploit was the robbery of a Boston bank a year or two later. The leading spirit and director in all these was George Mason.

A JUST RETRIBUTION.

On July 4, 1875, Clark, the fourth burglar who was engaged in the Wellsboro affair, robbed the residence of a wealthy gentleman in Rochester, New York, of a lot of silverware. As it was nearly daylight when he got through, he was compelled to conceal his plunder in a lumber yard. During the day some boys discovered it and informed the police. A watch was put over it, and at night when Clark came to secure the swag, an attempt was made to arrest him. He shot and killed a policeman and succeeded in escaping, but was subsequently caught, tried on the charge of murder, convicted, and hung last November.

It will thus be seen that four of the gang were disposed of satisfactorily. The great object, though, was to secure Mason, the chief, and most dreaded of them all. He was frequently heard of, but always by some means eluded capture, or, if taken, by the influence of large fees got off on technicalities before the law had fairly clutched him. He is said to be worth at least $200,000, and to have numerous friends who would do any desperate deed to secure his release. But now his case must look more hopeless than ever before. He is in the hands of men who are determined to put him through, and if he again escapes it will not be for the want of vigilance or money on the part of the prosecutors. That he is at last secured should and will be a matter for congratulation by every law abiding citizen in the land.

Men's Oxford Ties only $1.50, at the Eagle Shoe Store, 85 Smithfield street.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····The Printing Committee again failed to get a quorum yesterday.

····An East End ex-Councilman has never been on the South Side, though born and raised in the city, and thirty-two years of age.

····Dr. T. M. Meehard, of this city, was relieved of $22 on Tuesday last while out at Newport village. The waylayers are still wanting.

····Last Monday night the hardware store of Mr. W. H. Brady was burglarized, and a quantity of cutlery and a number of revolvers abstracted.

····The store of Stone Bro.'s, at the coal works opposite McKeesport, was burglarized on Wednesday night, and about $150 in cash carried away.

····The Water Committee will meet tomorrow evening. It will once more take into consideration the matter of the delay on the part of contractor Hartupee.

····A convention of iron workers will be held in this city next week. Representatives of the boilers, rollers, roughers, catchers and all other employes of iron and steel works, will be present.

····Messrs. Shannon & Co., proprietors of a soap factory in Reserve township, are held in $500 bail for trial at Court for maintaining a nuisance. Alderman Smith, of Allegheny, heard the case yesterday.

····A meeting of the Street Committee of Councils is called for next Thursday night. The contracts for the paving of Fifth avenue and Wood street will be let, and there should be a full attendance of the members.

····The Tilden Reform Club of the South Side held another meeting on Wednesday last for the purpose of considering reports of committees. A further meeting will be held at the club rooms next Monday evening.

······The matin songs of the birds as they welcome the dawn on these bright but cool days, are not more joyous than the vesperian thanks of weary mortals that the nocturnal bug is chilled into slothful apathy.

····A thorough examination of the accounts of the several county offices by the Controller, convinces that officer that no "crookedness" exists in any of them, but that the business is honestly and carefully transacted.

····A special train will leave the Federal street depot, Allegheny, this morning at 8:40 to carry passengers to the reunion of the Ninth Reserves, at New Brighton. The soldiers of Beaver county hold a reunion at the same time and place.

····Last Wednesday night an unoccupied dwelling near Agnew Station on the P. F. W. & C. Railroad, was destroyed by fire. The building was the property of Mr. Wm. Hungle, and the fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary.

····The *Leader* complains of a transposed letter in a GAZETTE item. Such an error has no comparison with getting an item wrong end foremost and upside down after a series of involuted sommersaults, of which the *Leader* gives frequent representations.

····Deputy Mayor King, who continued the adjourned inquest on the body of Joseph Gordon, who was lately killed on the Valley railroad, made a further adjournment until to-day on account of the absence of a necessary and material witness.

····Last evening the solemn right of ordination was administered by Right Rev. Bishop Kerfoot, at St. Thomas Church, Verona, near this city.—*Telegraph.* Always be sure you are rite, and then go ahead, turning neither to the wright hand nor to the left.

····A Little Washington correspondent of an evening paper maligns the Hon. John McKee by saying that in his lecture at that place he favored the establishment of saloons, and intimating that he became intoxicated. The great poet laureate drinks liquor of no kind.

····Little Washington is entertaining our noble philosopher John McKee. He lectured in the Town Hall of that place last evening to a large and enthusiastic audience. He was introduced by no less a personage than the County Treasurer, and received quite an ovation.

····The Allegheny butchers are appealing to the Courts for relief from payment of the mercantile tax, claiming that they are not legally bound to respond to the demands of the City Treasurer in that respect. The butchers who have stalls in the market house were last year relieved from the payment by the Courts, and now those who have shops and slaughter houses desire the same treatment.

····"Tax" Barie, who was convicted in the Unites States Court at Erie for passing counterfeit money and destroying Government property, and sentenced to the Penitentiary for five years by Judge McCandless, is retained in Erie as a witness against ex-Jailor Nichols, of Erie, who is indicted for aiding and abetting prisoners to break jail. He will be tried at the next session of the Court in that county.

····Messrs Hussey, Wells & Co , who refused to sign the puddlers' scale, have had a conference with them, and have agreed to pay their men the highest prices going and the "hot dollar" in addition. This will probable create an uneasiness among the "puds" of those firms who have signed the scale. The hardy sons of Vulcan toil who have become the recipients of the "hot dollar" were exulting over their good fortune.

····A lot of boys have been annoying residents of Wilkinsburg lately by keeping up a Chinese musical festival late into the night—in other words, parading the streets with a lot of drums and other articles for making a hideous noise. On Wednesday night an exasperated householder, driven to desperation, fired a shot in the direction of the boys, with the intention of frightening them. Unfortunately, one of them was struck in the leg with the bullet, which inflicted a serious wound. We could not learn the names of the parties.

····About eight o'clock on Wednesday evening, the citizens of the South Side in the vicinity of the railway bridge, were startled by a deafening explosion. On ascertaining the cause it was found that the cylinder head of engine No. 2 of the Pan Handle railroad gave way just as the train had crossed the bridge over Carson street. The train stopped almost instantly, and it was discovered that the explosion was caused by a flaw in the cylinder. A few empty cars were the only load. The damaged part having been repaired the train proceeded on its journey after an hour's delay.

····A week or two ago a man from Pittsburgh named Lussman, accompanied by a woman whom he claimed to be his wife, put up at Houston's Hotel, Latrobe. They staid a few days and then Lussman skipped, without interviewing the landlord. He was arrested under the boarding house act, and the case compromised by his settling the bill. After he left it was found that a lot of silver was gone also. An information was made, and Detective McGovern arrested the woman in the city yesterday. Her name is Clara McKenna. An officer came down and took her in charge last evening.

····At a meeting of the Pennsylvania Transportation Company, held at Parker City on Tuesday last, the company reorganized by electing the following Board of Directors: Henry Harley, J. T. Jones, T. J. McConnell, H. W. Derrickson, J. J. Overy, B. C. Wright, W. H. Kemble, H. M. Hughes, W. H. Abbott, and C. W. Batchelor. The Board then organized by electing the following officers: Henry Harley, President; Capt. J. T. Jones, Vice President; C. W. Batchelor, Pittsburgh, Treasurer; Gen. Herman Haupt, Chief Engineer. The capital stock of the company is to be $1,700,000, for which bonds are to be issued bearing six per cent. gold interest. The object of the company is to construct pipe lines to Philadelphia and Baltimore for the purpose of carrying oil to the seaboard.

PERSONAL.

***Dr. O. M. Sadler has returned from his visit to Lake Chautauqua, and has resumed his professional duties.

***It is stated that Rev. J. S. Sands, of this city, has received a call to the U. P. Church, of Beaver. So says the Beaver *Times.*

***A "Centennial Hop," at the residence T. H. Dickson, Esq., Wednesday evening, was an affair enjoyed by a large and select circle of friends.

***W. D. Lowe and Homer C. Stewart have been elected First and Second Lieutenants respectively of Company F, Fourteenth Regiment.

***Charley Houston has joined the gay and gallant Fourteenth. He is a member of Capt. Fox's company, and will accompany it to the Philadelphia encampment.

***W. M. Phillips, Esq., has been appointed Engineer of the Western Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. His headquarters will be in this city, but his family will remain in Uniontown.

***Mr. Edmund Bostwick, brother of the Water Assessor, died at his residence, on Forty-first street, Wednesday evening. He was prostrated by sunstroke about two weeks ago, and never recovered.

***On Wednesday, Bishop Kerfoot, at Verona, ordained Rev. Frank M. Taylor, who has been elected rector of St. Thomas' church, of that borough, and Rev. John Graham, assistant rector of St. Paul's, Erie.

***There are at Cresson at present, occupying cottages, the following Pittsburghers: Wm. Thaw, Esq., and family, Rev. Dr. Howard, Mrs. Judge Jones and family, Mrs. David Park and family, Col. Unger and family, James Laughlin and family, W. H. Barnes and family, Thomas D. Messler, of the Pennsylvania Company, and family, Mrs. B. H. Painter and Mr. G. Painter with their families, and Andrew Carnegie and family.

COURT BREVITIES.

MARY WORK, of Upper St. Clair, township, made a will dated July 10, 1876, which was filed in the Register's office yesterday. John Work, a brother of deceased is appointed executor.

THE will of Nathanial McClinton, of Union township was filed in the Register's office yesterday. It is dated Agust 14, 1871 and names P. H. Stevenson and Wm. McClinton as executors.

THE last will and testament of John Schumacker, of this city, was filed for probate yesterday. It bears date June 21, 1876 and appoints the widow of deceased, Catharine Schumacker executrix.

JUDGES MCKENNAN and McCandless United States Attorney McCormick and assistant District Attorney Wilson and assistant clerk Lindsey of the United States Court, arrived home from Erie yesterday.

SINCE the passage of the act of Congress of 1867 the United States Court for this district has disposed of 900 more cases than has the Eastern district of Pennsylvania, and 1,200 more than the Northern district of Ohio.

WM. B. HEWITT and about twenty other residents in the Tenth ward, Allegheny City, filed a bill in equity in Common Pleas Court No. 1, yesterday, against the city of Allegheny to restrain the authorities of said city from the collection of certain taxes assessed against the property of the relators. The plaintiffs sets forth that their property contains no city improvements, and is almost entirely used for farming and dairy purposes. They ask for an injunction restraining the city from collecting any city, park, poor or sewerage tax, from them, and that a master may be appointed to take an account of such tax paid by them since 1873, that it may be refunded.

SUIT was yesterday commenced in Common Pleas No. 1 by F. Owens & Son, Civil Engineers, against the borough of McKeesport, to recover $4,650.75 due them for surveying and regulating the streets of said borough. Under an act of Assembly extending the boundaries of the borough of McKeesport, a commission was appointed to have a survey of the town made and the streets of the same regulated and proper grades established. The work was let to F. Owens & Son, who performed the labor satisfactory to the commission, but the Council of the borough refused to appropriate money to foot the bill. Hence the suit.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

HENRY WALKER, of the Tenth ward, was robbed of a watch night before last, while under the influence of liquor.

JOHN MCCONNELL was committed to jail by Alderman McMasters on a charge of having stolen a silver watch from Peter Horley.

CHARLES STEWART, the Fifth ward Allegheny constable, was fined $25 and costs by Mayor Phillips, yesterday, for being drunk and disorderly.

ON information of J. B. Altenbaugh, Alderman Senor procured the apprehension of Wm. Henney. The charge is for assault and battery, and the prisoner is held to bail for trial.

A. H. WOODSWORTH was committed to jail for a hearing by Alderman Anderson, on a charge of obtaining money on false pretences. The defendent was alleged to have obtained money from Jas. S. Black in exchange for a worthless cheque on the Diamond Savings Bank.

A LITTLE girl named Foster, was detected in the act of stealing a pair of shoes from Borland's shoe store, on Fifth avenue, yesterday afternoon. She was arrested by Mayor's clerk Davis, but as Mr. Borland would not make an information against her she was released.

WM. RICHARDSON and James Crilly, the two men who were arrested while in the act of burglarizing Stevens & Hancock's saloon yesterday morning, were jailed for trial by Mayor McCarthy, at the morning hearing. We are requested to state that Richardson had not been constable for 'Squire Butler for over a year. It was for 'Squire B., however, that he last acted in the capacity named, as stated by us.

THE EXPOSITION.

Premium Lists Issued—The Medals Awarded Last Year to be Forwarded at Once.

The work of preparation for the approaching exposition of the Tradesmen's Industrial Institute of this city is progressing rapidly, and all work about the building is being pushed forward with as little delay as possible. And while the preparations are progressing at the building, much other work necessary to the success of the enterprise is being accomplished. The Secretary was yesterday busily engaged in circulating the new premium lists, by mail and otherwise, and suceeded in placing several thousand of them in the hands of exhibitors. The die for making the premium medals awarded last year has been approved by the board, and the contract for making the gold, silver and bronze medals was awarded, and the medals will be forwarded to all exhibitors to whom such premiums were awarded at the last Exposition as soon as they can be furnished by the contractor.

Applicantions for space are being received from some of the leading iron manufactures in Wheeling and also from Cincinnati Sufficient applicantions have already been received to fill the entire lower floor and more than half of the upper floor, so that it will be seen that more than three-fourths of the space has already been taken, and the applicantions continue to come in with every mail, and by the time fixed for awarding the space, which is the middle of next week, there will be applicants for every inch of room in the building.

Among the applications is that of a glass blower on the South Side, who proposes to place on exhibition a glass steam engine in perfect running order, also a glass model of the Centennial Memorial Hall and of St. Paul's Cathedral, in this city.

Every branch of industry in this city will be fully represented, and it is now a settled fact that the display will excel that of last year by long odds.

The street railway company, in order to be able to accommodate the travel to and from the show, are laying tracks on Craig street to connect with the Rebecca street line.

Reorganized.

Post 60 of the Grand Army of the Republic, which was disbanded for some time, was reorganized Tuesday evening. The Post is located at Monongahela City and to that place Post Dept. Commander Tyson, and Mr. Crosby Grey of this city repared Tuesday and in the evening reorganized the Post, which is now in a more flourishing condition than when first organized. There was much interest manifested by the comrads in that locality and Post 60 promises to be one of the leading Posts in the west.

Stocks at Auction.

The following stocks will be sold at Thos F. Stewart's Real Estate and Stock Sales Rooms, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street, Friday evening, 28th inst., at 8 o'clock :

10 shares Mechanics National Bank.
25 shares Fourth National Bank.
9 shares Citizens National Bank.
10 shares West End Savings Bank.
175 shares Columbia Oil Company.
15 shares Monongahela Slackwater.
25 shares Allegheny National Bank.
5 shares Germania Savings Bank, $1,000 each.
37 shares Enterprise Savings Bank.
20 shares Enterprise Insurance Company.
40 shares Pennsylvania Insurance Company.
5 Old shares Allegheny Savings Bank.
25 New shares Allegheny Savings Bank.
40 shares American Insurance Company.
31 shares Manchester Savings Bank.

THOS. F. STEWART,
Auctioneer.

Ladies' Lasting Slippers only 50 cents, at the Eagle Shoe Store, 85 Smithfield street.

Fine Note Papers and Envelopes.
Stationery my specialty.
GEORGE W. BACKOFEN,
No 161 Smithfield street, above Sixth avenue.

Ladies' Shakespeare Ties. Latest styles out, only $1.75, at the Eagle Shoe Store, 85 Smithfield street.

Removal.

The firm of J. R. Reed & Co., who have been engaged in the jewelry business for the past twenty-five years at No. 68 Fifth avenue, have removed from the old stand to occupy the store of John Stevenson, deceased, No. 93 Market street, where, with increased facilities, they will continue, as heretofore, to keep the finest stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Bronzes, &c., in this city. They will also make a specialty of repairing.

Ladies' Fine French Kid hand sewed Button Boots, (equal to Burt's) only $5.00.

Special.

Why pay from $3.00 to $10.00 for Gold Fillings when Dr. Goshorn will fill you the same teeth at from $1.00 to $5.00? His fillings can't be beat. Reference: Dr. Sterritt, 277 Penn street; Mr. Chestnut, 315 Liberty street; Rev. Dr. Sproull, 295 North avenue, Allegheny. Remember the number—34 Ninth street, near Penn avenue.
TFS.

Ladies' Fine Kid Centennial Buckle Walking Shoes only $1.75, at the Eagle Shoe Store, 85 Smithfield street.

ADDITIONAL TELEGRAMS.

A STRANGE SUICIDE.

A Wealthy Young Planter Blows His Brains Out.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 26.—A young man by the name of C. Roundell was found this morning on the floor of his room at the Mannin House, in this city, with a bullet through his brain, fired from a heavy English pistol found beside him. He had evidently knelt by the side of the bed and fired the fatal shot with the muzzle of the pistol within a few inches of his forehead. The ball crashed through the brain and lodged in the back part of the head. Deceased was undoubtedly laboring under a fit of mental aberration, and it has been thought for weeks past that his mind was unsound. He came here from London about one year ago, and purchased the Orton plantation, fifteen miles below Wilmington, the finest place on the river. He was gloomy and taciturn, and avoided society, although he had made some warm friends here. He was about twenty-three years of age, and leaves a widowed mother and sisters in London. He was very wealthy and spent his money lavishly. His family are said to be highly connected, and a Lord Selbourne is mentioned as being a near relative. He is also said to have been related to the late Lord Palmerston, the great Prime Minister of Great Britain.

The body has been enbalmed and a cablegram sent to his relatives as to the disposition of the body and effects. The shot was fired about eleven o'clock last night, and the report was heard, but was thought to have been in the street. The body was nude when found, with the exception of a pair of pants. He left no indications in writing or otherwise of his intentions.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

Third Day at the Cleveland Races—Smuggler Wins the Free for All—Best Time 2:15 1-2.

CLEVELAND, July 27.—To-day was the third and best day of the races so far, and is conceded to be the most successful of any ever held on this track. The weather was all that could be desired, and fully 15,000 people attended.

The first race called was the 2:32 class, eleven entries and nine starters. Romeo and S. W. Mc. were drawn. The horses got the following positions: Judge at the pole, Hattie R. second, John B. third, Allen fourth, Frank fifth, Proctor sixth, Postell seventh, Albemarle eighth, and Enfield ninth. The horses got off on the sixth score. Judge broke under the wire, Albemarle taking the lead, Hattie R. three lengths back, John B. at her wheel, and others strung out, Judge breaking badly. There was no change till the half mile, when John B. came to the second place, Hattie R. third, and Proctor fourth. These positions were held to the finish, Albemarle winning the heat by two lengths, John B. second, Hattie third, Proctor fourth, and Judge distanced. Time 37, 1:12½, 1:47 3-4 and 2:23. In the second heat the word was given on the third score, Proctor breaking at the turn, Albemarle taking the lead, John B. second, Enfield third, and Frank fourth. At the three quarter pole Proctor came up to the fourth place, Frank to the third, Enfield going back. These positions were unchanged to the finish, Albemarle winning the heat, beating John B. by a length. Time 34¼, 1:13¾, 1:50 and 2:23¼. In the third heat a start was made on the sixth trial, Albemarle going to the lead at once and maintaining it to the end, Hattie R., Proctor and Frank close together in the order named, Albemarle winning the heat and race by four lengths, Hattie R. second, Proctor third, Frank fourth. Time 37¾, 1:13¾, 1:50 and 2:25. Summary—2:32 class, purse $2,000, first $1,000, second $500, third $300 and fourth $200. Albemarle, 1, 1, 1; John B., 2, 2, 7; Hattie R., 3, 7, 2; Proctor, 4, 4, 3; Frank, 7, 3, 4; Allen, 6, 6, 5; Enfield, 8, 5, 6; Jerry Postell, 5, 8, 8; Judge, distanced. Time 2:23, 2:23¼ and 2:25.

The next was the free for all. As the horses in this race made their appearance on the track they were greeted with applause. The Maid was the favorite in the pools two to one against the field. In the first heat the word was given on the third score, Fullerton at the pole, Maid second, Lucille third, Bodine fourth, and Smuggler on the outside. Fullerton broke badly after leaving the score, the Maid taking the lead, Bodine two lengths behind, Smuggler a close third, Lucille five lengths behind, and Fullerton fifteen lengths back. At the one-half mile Smuggler trotted very fast, and went to the second place. On the third turn the Maid broke. Smuggler came up trotting down the home stretch close up to the leader, the Maid winning the heat by a length, Smuggler second, Bodine third, and Lucille fourth. In this heat Smuggler cast a shoe at the three-fourth turn. Time 34½, 1:07¼, 1:41¼ and 2:15½. In the second heat the horses got off after one score, the Maid taking the lead at once. At the first turn Smuggler broke badly, falling back a full distance, Lucille taking the second place, Bodine third, and Fullerton fourth. At the three-fourth pole Bodine lapped Lucille, but went off his feet and was passed by Fullerton, Maid taking the heat easily by three lengths, Lucille, Fullerton and Bodine close together in the order named, and Smuggler ten lengths back. Time, 34½, 1:08, 1:42 and 2:17½. In the third heat the word was given on the second attempt. The Maid went to the lead at once, Fullerton two lengths back, Lucille at his wheel, Smuggler trailing close up, and Bodine in the rear. At the one-half mile Lucille passed Fullerton, taking the second place. At the three-fourth mile pole Smuggler showed wonderful speed, passing Fullerton and Lucille, coming up to the Maid as they struck the home stretch, winning the heat by one-half a length amid tremendous applause, Lucille third, Fullerton fourth. Time, 34½, 1:10½, 1:42 and 2:16½. In the fourth heat the horses got off on the second score, Smuggler a length behind. When the word was given Maid took the lead, Lucille, Smuggler and Fullerton close up, and Bodine ten lengths back. At the half-mile Lucille lapped Maid, Smuggler half a length behind, and a length ahead of Fullerton. Coming down the home stretch Smuggler got in behind Lucille and the Maid, so that he had to swing to the centre of the track to get by. This he did, coming very fast, a nose ahead of the Maid, Lucille a close third. This performance of Smuggler called forth repeated cheers from the immense crowd present, with whom he was the favorite. In the fifth heat on the second and fourth score Smuggler lost a shoe and had to go to the stable to get shod. This encouraged Goldsmith Maid's friends, who trusted to the rest giving the Maid a better chance, and she sold about even against the field. On the sixth trial the word was given, Smuggler taking the lead. At the turn Fullerton shot ahead, taking the pole, Smuggler three lengths back, the Maid close to him, Bodine and Lucille together a length behind the Maid. At the half mile Smuggler went to the lead, the Maid making an effort for the first place, passing Fullerton, but breaking before reaching Smuggler, who won the heat and race by a length, Lucille passing Fullerton on the home stretch and coming in a good third. Time 34¼, 1:08½, 1:43¼ and 2:17½. Summary—Open to all, purse $4,000, first $2,000, second $1,000, third $600, and fourth $400. Smuggler, 2, 5, 1, 1, 1; Goldsmith Maid, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2; Lucille Golddust, 4, 2, 3, 3, 3; Judge Fullerton, 5, 3, 4, 4, 4; Bodine, 3, 4, 5, 5, 5. Time 2:15½, 2:17½, 2:16½, 2:19¾ and 2:17½. This race was the most exciting ever seen on this track.

The following is the programme for tomorrow's races: 2:26 class, seven entries—Mazomanie, Frank Lewinski, Jack Draper, Bateman, Abe, Edgington and Elsie Good; 2:20 class, three entries, Susie being drawn—Gen. Garfield, May Queen and Rarus; running, two mile dash, five entries, Bell Bruce drawn—War Jig, Waddell, Vicksburg, Millionaire and Nettie B.

The Races at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, July 27.—The second day of the Saratoga Racing Association's first meeting was marked by fair weather, a dashing assemblage of spectators, and a fast track. The first race was the Alabama stakes for three year old fillies, one mile and an eighth. There were only four starters—Belmont's Patience, McDaniel's Sister of Mercy, Harvey's Athlen and P. Lorillard's Merciless. Patience grew so big the favorite that the three other starters had to be sold together against her. At the start Merciless took the lead, Patience close up. At the home stretch Patience was on even terms, but Merciless drew away and won. Time 2:00¾. Patience was second and Athlen third.

The second race was a three-quarter mile dash. Rhadamanthus, Yorkshire Lass, Inspiration, Mattie A. and Orion started. Mattie A. won, Yorkshire Lass second, and Rhadamanthus third. Time 1:18.

The third race was one mile and five furlongs. Invoice, St. Martin and Big Sandy started, and in that order they came in. Time 2:57¼.

Fourth race, steeple chase, four horses started, Trouble, Doubtful, Katie P. and Osage. Osage won, Trouble second, Doubtful third. Trouble and Doubtful went wrong, and had to go back.

The English Turf.

LONDON, July 27.—The races for the Goodwood cup to-day was won by New Holand, Temple Bar second and Preakness third. Six horses ran.

The race was magnificently contested, and up to the last quarter it looked as though Preakness would certainly prove a winner. He could not, however, hold the pace, and in the final dash, New Holland forged ahead and won by two lengths. Temple Bar, who was a great favorite with betting men, beat Preakness for the second place almost at the finishing line by only a head. The excitement among Americans was simply indescribable. Time of the winner 6:02.

Yacht Race.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The yacht race to Newport and return for the Bennett challenge cup commenced this afternoon from Sandy Hook, with the following yachts competing: Idler, Wanderer, Tidal Wave, America, and the Canadian yacht Countess of Dufferin. When last seen the America led, Idler following, then Wanderer, Tidal Wave next, and the Countess of Dufferin far to the windward, and also far behind. The race will probably be finished to-morrow afternoon or the following day.

Base Ball.

BOSTON, July 27.—Bostons, 18; Mutuals, 6.

CHICAGO, July 27.—The Chicagos defeated the Cincinnatis to-day 17 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—The Browns were again beat by the Louisvilles to-day. Louisville, 4; St. Louis, 2.

WASHINGTON TOPICS.

Military Movements.

Telegraph instructions have been sent to the commanding officer at Columbia, South Carolina, ordering the commanding officer of the United States troops at Aiken to detail an officer and a picket guard of twelve men for duty at Hamburg.

Eight companies of artillery have been ordered to the Department of the Missouri, and Lieutenant Colonel S. Dudley, of the Ninth Cavalry, and Otis, of the Seventh Cavalry, have been ordered to join their regiments.

Trade Dollars.

The Secretary of the Treasury has stopped the coinage of trade dollars at the Philadelphia and Carson City mints, and orders the San Francisco mint to coin only sufficient to meet the actual export. The mints will be run to their full capacity on subsidiary coin and the necessary gold coinage.

Chinese Immigration.

Official returns made to the Bureau of Statistics show that during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1876, there arrived in the United States 22,572 Chinese immigrants, of whom only 259 were females. During the corresponding period of 1875 the total immigration to the United States from China was 16,437, of whom eighty-two were females.

Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation.

The committee of conference on the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill held a meeting yesterday and successively voted down a number of propositions suggested as the basis of a compromise.

The Steamboat Bill.

The Senate Committee on Commerce held a meeting yesterday afternoon and took up and agreed upon the Steamboat bill, and directed Senator Boutwell to report it to the Senate. The Senate committee has entirely remodeled the bill, and as agreed upon leaves the law substantially as it now exists.

Military Academy.

The Conference Committee on the Military Academy bill held a meeting yesterday afternoon, but after a long discussion adjourned without coming to an agreement.

The Currency Question.

The Committee on Banking and Currency again failed to vote on the currency question yesterday, Mr. Cox being absent on account of illness.

The West Point Academy.

The committee of conference on the disagreeing amendments to the West Point Academy bill have arrived at an agreement. The House recedes from amendments involving $35,000, and the Senate recedes from amendments involving $15,000. The committee remit to the board provided in the army bill the question of the pay of professors. In the meantime they will receive the pay provided by the previous law.

Indian Appropriation.

There is a prospect of an early compromise on the Indian Appropriation bill. If the Senate shall refuse to take up for consideration the House bill solely proposing the transfer of the Indian Bureau from the Interior to the War Department, the House will recede from that part of the Indian Appropriation bill providing for such transfer. This obstacle removed, the other questions will be of easy adjustment, but will require $300,000 to be added to the appropriation.

The Democrats and Resumption.

A Democratic caucus was held in the hall of the House last night, continuing from eight until eleven. The question of repealing the date of the resumption of specie payments was, after discussion, voted on, with the result of about fifty members for repeal and twenty-five against. This, however, does not afford a test of the result in the House, as not one-half of the Democratic members were present at the caucus. No other question connected with finance was considered.

The Investigations.

A desire has been expressed by the Democrats generally that all reports of investigating committees be made by Tuesday next, in order, if possible, to adjourn at the end of next week. Several are now ready, including the one on Louisiana affairs, and the others are in course of preparation.

HOW RALSTON OPERATED.

Director Mills' Story of the Breaking of the Bank of California—Millions of Money Misappropriated—Trying to Negotiate an $8,000,000 Job—How the Financier's Plans Suddenly Collapsed.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—In the *Bulletin-Alta* libel suit further testimony of Michael Reese and D. O. Mills was taken before the Third District Court Commissioner yesterday. Reese testified to the following effect: The failure of the bank was caused by Ralston's taking money from it to expend on outside affairs. Ralston was the architect of the job to sell the Spring Valley Water Works and the Calvaras valley scheme to the city at a profit of about eight millions. I helped him to furnish large amounts to buy up stocks. I advanced between three and four millions, and he had the whole management of it. He expected to make enough out of the job to save the bank from failure. It was the last thing to do to save it. If the scheme had been carried out I don't think it would have failed. Ralston took the funds of the bank to carry on the water scheme, Palace Hotel, Kemball manufactory, Mission Woolen Mills, and other outside enterprises. No one thought he would take the money of the stockholders. I thought it was his own fortune he was operating with. I paid in three hundred thousand dollars exchange in one day to make good the account of Leland Stanford at the bank at the latter's request. After the failure I found the amount had not been credited on the books, but Ralston had taken it. I got a guarantee from Ralston that the amount should go to Stanford's credit, but received no certificate of deposit, but took as collateral security bonds of the Southern Pacific Railroad, which Stanford had deposited with the bank as security for its overdrafts.

D. O. Mills, referring to the charge in the *Alta* of September 21, 1875, that the proprietors of the *Bulletin* and *Call* remitted money to Simonton, in New York, to speculate in stocks, that they strove to make the panic as disastrous as possible, and were in a conspiracy to break the bank, testified: I know of no effort of those parties to affect stock values or to break the bank or cause the public to lose confidence in it. The cause of the failure of the bank was that Ralston used its funds for his own purposes, and did not replace them. This he did surreptitiously, irregularly, and without the knowledge of the directors. The largest deficit was found in the refinery account, amounting to about two millions. The refinery was a separate corporation, but under the control of the bank. The books of the bank contain a debit to the refinery account of upwards of two millions, which was fictitious, manufactured by Ralston, who had evidently used the money for his own purposes. We also found instances in which certificates of deposit had been issued on which money had never come into the bank. One instance was that of Carpenter's certificate for over half a million. Ralston's total indebtedness was over four millions. You may call it what you like, it was misappropriation. As to the overissue of stock, I made no examination of that until after the bank resumed. I am credibly informed there was an overissue to a large amount, but it had been retired, and the stock stood all right when I took the books in hand.

Witness evaded the question by whom such stock was retired, and the point was not pressed. I judge it was retired in the interest of the Ralston estate. Before the suspension of the bank there were overtures made by persons interested in the bank to go into some arrangement with Flood and O'Brien by which that firm were to take the bank and carry it on, the parties making the proposition offering to become responsible to the amount of one million dollars if the assets of the bank were not sufficient. I was a party to that, and I do not know of any false news published by the *Call* and *Bulletin* at that time. After the failure I had an interview with the proprietors of those papers and suggested that the newspaper controversy then going on upon the subject was detrimental to the prospects of the bank resuming. They said the controversy had placed them in a false light. They were charged with doing things they were not guilty of, but on my informing them we were doing our best to resume, they to forward that result, agreed in effect to drop the controversy and stop defending themselves. It was admitted on all hands that it would be for the interest of the community, and that they would do nothing to impede us in the work of resuming. I think they afterwards did all that was possible to assist us.

Alleged Embezzling.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 27.—Jeremiah Fairbanks, acting cashier of the State National Bank, was arrested last evening, charged with embezzling funds of the institution.

Marine News.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Arrived—The steamship Vaderland, from Antwerp.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS.
FIRE ARMS!
AND
AMMUNITION
Of every description at lower prices than ever before offered in this market, wholesale or retail.
Price Lists Free.
J. H. JOHNSTON,
285 LIBERTY STREET.

DIED.

DOHERTY—At 1 o'clock this morning, JAMES DOHERTY, aged 78 years, departed this life at the residence of Mr. K. Bracken, on Rebecca street, 20th ward.

The funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. Bracken, on SATURDAY, July 29th, at 2:30 o'clock P. M. Carriages will leave Robert Young's livery stable, in Lawrenceville, Seventeenth ward, at 2 o'clock.

MCCONNELL—Thursday morning, July 27th, 1876, at the residence of her brother, J. F. McConnell, in Tarentum, MARY, daughter of John and Mary McConnell, in the 25th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, 55 Chestnut street, Allegheny, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at two o'clock.

BEESON—On Wednesday evening, July 26th, 1876, FANNY M. BEESON, daughter of the late Richard Beeson.

Funeral from the residence of her brother-in-law, S. R. Johnson, 216 Lacock street, Allegheny, THIS AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock.

WALKER—On Wednesday, 26th inst., at 9:30 A. M., HAVARD, son of Jesse W. and Isabel G. Walker, aged two and a half years.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, Main street, TO-DAY at 1 P. M. Interment at Beulah Church.

☞RODY PATTERSON, Jr., No. 117 Fourth avenue. Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to. Fine carriages and hearses furnished at the lowest prices. Terms, cash.

☞PATTERSON'S LIVERY, SALE and Commission Stables. Carriages for Operas, Parties and Concerts. Horses kept at Livery. Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to by Robert H. Patterson. Fine Carriages and Hearse furnished on short notice. PATTERSON BROS., successors to Robert H. Patterson, No. 6 Seventh avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FLOWERS! FLOWERS!
FLOWERS!
FLORAL and EVERGREEN DECORATIONS executed in the most artistic style at satisfactory prices. Estimates furnished. Flowers in any desired design furnished promptly to order.
J. R. & A. MURDOCH,
112 Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

LATEST RIVER NEWS.

CINCINNATI, July 27, 1876.
River 8 feet 10 inches and falling. Light rain, but fair to-night. Arrived—Andes, Wheeling; Glasgow, Evansville; James D. Parker, Memphis.

LITTLE ROCK, July 27, 1876.
Weather cloudy and rainy. River 8 feet and on a stand.

NEW ORLEANS, July 27, 1876.
No Arrivals. Departed—Glencoe, St. Louis. Cloudy and pleasant.

NASHVILLE, July 27, 1876.
River falling, with 34 inches on the shoals. Arrived—Eddyville, Evansville; Hillman, Cairo.

VICKSBURG, July 27, 1876.
The river is stationary. Weather clear and warm. Up—Ste. Genevieve. Arrived—Vicksburg.

CAIRO, July 27, 1876.
Arrived—Cons. Millar, Memphis, noon. Departed—Cons. Millar, Cincinnati, 2 P. M. River 24 feet 6 inches, and falling. Weather clear; mercury 75.

MEMPHIS, July 27, 1876.
The river fell 14 inches; stands 24 feet 1 inch. Cloudy; maximum thermometer 87. Arrived—Shinkle, Cincinnati. Departed—Golden Rule, New Orleans.

LOUISVILLE, July 27, 1876.
Weather warm and clear. Arrived—Baum and Sandy, Cincinnati; Arlington, New Orleans. Departed—Arlington, Cincinnati; Sandy, Evansville; Baum, Memphis. River falling; 5 feet 9 inches in canal.

EVANSVILLE, July 27, 1876.
Weather cloudy, with light rains; wind from the south; mercury 71 to 84. River falling, with 8 4-10 feet on gauge; barometer falling. Up—Arkansas Belle 7 A. M.; Maggie Smith, 7; Dick Johnson, 5. Down—Grey Eagle, 2 P. M. Little business.

ST. LOUIS, July 27, 1876.
Arrived—Dolphin, Upper Bends; Johnson, Keokuk. Departed—Johnson, Keokuk; Maude, Vicksburg; Fontenelle, Pittsburgh. River still falling rapidly, with less than 9 feet to Cairo. Cloudy and warm; very heavy rain storm this evening.

LOST.

LOST—POCKET BOOK, CONTAINING a lot of papers and a check for $16.00, on which payment has been stopped. Also, a pass on the Pittsburgh and Manchester Passenger Railway, in the owner's name. The finder will please return it to the GAZETTE office.

WANTED.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND-HAND Oil Still, holding from 60 to 100 barrels; state price. Also, a good second-hand ply-wheel pump, medium size; state size and price. Address "X. A.," GAZETTE office. h97

WANTED—SALESMAN—RELIABLE man, experienced or not, to travel with samples of a specialty in Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia. Fair Salary and expenses, or liberal commission. Address GEM MANUFACTURING CO., St. Louis, Mo. h78

WANTED—PLACES FOR 10 FARM hands, also 15 Gardeners and Drivers; all experienced and have from 1 to 5 years' reference. Employment office, No. 1 Sixth street. g87

WANTED—MORTGAGES—
Money to loan in large and small amounts on City or Allegheny County property.
THOS. K. PETTY,
158 Fourth avenue, near Grant street.

TO LET.

TO LET—A NICELY FURNISHED room with first-class board, within three minutes' walk of the Postoffice. Enquire at No. 148 Third avenue, above Smithfield street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CANNON—A FEW SMALL Cannon. Inquire at J. H. JOHNSTON'S GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, 285 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. g41-MWF

FOR SALE—GRINDSTONES, ALL kinds. Also, Amherst Block and Sawed Stone, for the finest work, delivered on short notice. FARRELLY ALDEN, Agent, 25 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—TWELVE NEW AND second-hand Engines, 2 Portables; 6 Second-hand Engine Lathes; 1 Trip Hammer; 1 Planer. T. CARLIN, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FOUR PORTABLE ENGINES, attached to Boilers, from 10 to 20 horse power, at
JAMES HILL & CO.'S,
Cor. Marion avenue and P. Ft. W & C. R. R.,
Allegheny City, Pa.

FOR SALE—LARGE STOCK OF NEW and second-hand BOILERS, in complete order. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the WEST POINT BOILER WORKS, 13 Water street. R. MUNROE, successor to Watson & Munroe.

FOR SALE—STEAM PUMPS, LATHE and Drill Chucks, Taps and Dies, Twist Drills, Parker's Vises, Emery Wheels and Grinders, Set and Cap Screws, Hydraulic and Screw Jacks, Belting, Packing, and Manufacturers' supplies in general. HUTCHISON & CO., 112 Liberty and 5 Union streets.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS DWELLING house, situate on Fremont street, Second ward, Allegheny, well finished with all modern improvements, with lot 22x160 feet; will be sold at a bargain, by JOHN STERRITT & SON, Real Estate Agents, No. 43 North Diamond street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE — THE CELEBRATED OLINE COMPOUND, for lubricating shafting, engines, &c., 1 lb. equal to 3 gallons of the best oil. We will fit out mills, factories, &c, with cups, on 30 days' trial, and if not satisfactory, will be taken out at our expense. Sample cups furnished on application. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

LEGAL.

JOHN H. KERR,
ATTORNEY,
NO. 85 GRANT STREET.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of R. C. SNOWDEN.
No. 118 December Term, 1874.
And now, to-wit, July 8, 1876. The within account of assignee presented in open Court and approved absolutely, unless exceptions are filed before Saturday, August 5, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., and the Court direct that notice of the filing the account be given by publication once a week for three successive weeks in the *Legal Journal* and the Pittsburgh DAILY GAZETTE.
{ SEAL } By the Court,
From the Record.
h79 Attest: B. F. KENNEDY, Pro

BRUCE & NEGLEY, ATTORNEYS.

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.

Notice is hereby given that "The Trustees of the Associate Reformed Church of the City of Pittsburgh," will make an application to the Court of Common Pleas No. 1 of Allegheny county, or a Law Judge thereof, for certain changes and amendments to their Charter of Incorporation, improving, amending and altering the same and changing their corporate name to "Second United Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh," also making changes in the mode of electing Trustees, &c.
THOS. H. RABE, President.
ROBERT FREW, Secretary. g73-F

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned will make application to the Attorney General and proper authorities of the State of Pennsylvania for a Charter of Incorporation in compliance with the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act for the incorporation and regulation of Banks of Discount and Deposit," approved May 13, 1876," for an institution under the name and style of "The City Savings Bank," to be located at Pittsburgh, Penna., for the purpose of transacting a general banking business, with a Capital Stock of One Hundred Thousand Dollars.
JOHN ROGERS,
T. CAMPBELL,
D. IHMSEN,
J. S. ADAMS,
f55-F JAMES CALLERY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT an application will be made to the Honorable Board of Pardons, at its session on the first Tuesday in August next, for the pardon of ROBERT J. GRIER for all offences committed while acting as Cashier of the Nation Trust Company of Pittsburgh.
L. M. MORRIS,
h73 Secretary of Board of Trustees.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of J. & W. FAIRLEY has been dissolved this day by mutual consent.
JOSEPH FAIRLEY,
WILLIAM FAIRLEY.
Pittsburgh, July 25, 1876. h88

NOTICE---DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the style of FAIRMAN & VOGT, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts of the late firm will be settled at the main office, Nos. 133, 135 and 137 Sandusky street, Allegheny, Mr. FRANK VOGT being authorized to settle the same.
JOHN A. FAIRMAN,
FRANK VOGT.
Allegheny City, July 18, 1876.

In retiring from the firm of FAIRMAN & VOGT, I return thanks to our friends for the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us, and heartily recommend the new firm of McCLINTON & VOGT to a continuance of the favors bestowed upon the late firm.
JOHN A. FAIRMAN.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day entered into copartnership in the LIVERY AND UNDERTAKING BUSINESS, at the old establishment of Messrs. FAIRMAN & VOGT, at Nos. 133, 135 and 137 Sandusky street, Allegheny, where they will give careful attention to UNDERTAKING, EMBALMING, LIVERY in all its branches, &c. Mr. H. SAMSON, of the late firm of Fairman & Samson, also, as heretofore, will continue his main office for Allegheny in the establishment, and all orders left for him will be promptly forwarded. We respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon the late firm, and guarantee satisfaction in all cases.
W. H. McCLINTON,
FRANK VOGT.
Allegheny City, July 18, 1876.

LACE CURTAINS,
Finest Assortment in the City.
CORNICES, LAMBREQUINS,
WINDOW SHADES,
MATTRESSES,
Spring Beds and Bedding.
Holtzman & Wiederhold,
64 WOOD STREET.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Manufacturers of LIGHT GREY IRON
CASTINGS,
Plain, Japanned, Bronzed, Coppered or Galvanized. Light work our specialty. Office and Works near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. Postoffice address, Lock Box 320, Pittsburgh.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Silks! Silks! Silks! Silks
CLOSING-OUT SALE
Of the entere and valuable stock of Goods in the store of the late PHILLIP GRAEFF, No. 87 M street, consisting of the Finest and Costliest
Silks, Satins, Cashmeres,
Velvets and Silk Poplins,
Laces, Fringes, Flowers, Shawls and Dress Goods,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Reduced 50 to 75 Per Cent.
NO. 87 MARKET STREET.
L. B. FLANNERY, Executrix.

AT VERY LOW PRICES.
JAPANESE AND CHINESE MATTINGS.
HENRY M'CALLUM,
No. 77 Fifth Avenue, ABOVE Wood Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞WEDDELL'S PICNIC GROVE, AT Hulton Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad.
This Grove is beautifully situated, secluded cool, and shady, covering five (5) acres, having a frontage of six hundred (600) feet on the railroad, and a strong running spring of pure cold water in the centre, and only one hundred (100) yards from the Station.
Trains arrive and depart nearly ever hour and special trains stop in front of the Grove when parties desire it.
The platform is one of the largest and most complete of any ever erected in this country, and the buildings are now undergoing extensive improvements. Will be rented at reasonable prices by applying to ROBERT F. WEDDELL, No. 134 Water street, or JOSEPH ZIMMERMAN, corner Tenth and Liberty streets, under Rush House.

TIVOLI GARDEN!
The Fashionable Resort.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING,
92 FIFTH AVENUE.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞NOTICE TO VENDERS OF FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.
All persons found selling Fruit and Vegetables from unbranded boxes and baskets (used as measures) will be dealt with according to law. W. W. TYSON, County Sealer of Weights and Measures. No. 41 Federal street. Box 243, Pittsburgh. Office Hours—8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

OFFICE OF THE
INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS
FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.
☞DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested to leave their orders at the offices of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they will receive prompt attention.
R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

HOTELS.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
CRESSON SPRINGS,
Cambria, county Pa. This delightful Summer Resort was opened for the reception of guests, June 15th, 1876. Situated on the top of the Allegheny mountains, no more desirable place can be found anywhere. For terms, &c., address
h2 J. D. McCLELLAN, Superintendent.

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL
(FORMERLY HARE'S HOTEL,)
No. 133 Liberty Street, foot of Fifth Ave.
TERMS $2 PER DAY.
g32 HUGH KEYS, Proprietor.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL
FRONTING ON
Belmont and Westminster Avenues,
WEST PHILADELPHIA.
Situated on the borders of Fairmont Park, only two blocks from the Centennial Buildings, having large parks and lawns, and one of the coolest places in the city. Cars from all the depots pass the door to the Centennial Grounds every minute.
Terms—Four Dollars per day. Special rates for families and permanent guests.
J. P. PHIPPS,
Late Bloodgood's Hotel, Philadelphia,
W. T. CALEB,
Late Monongahela House, Pittsburgh,
g35 Managers.

Great Western Hotel
DILLINGER & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Nos. 1311, 1313 and 1315 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The subscribers inform their friends and the public that they have enlarged, modernized, refitted and newly furnished this large and commodious House. Street cars to the Centennial Buildings pass and repass the Hotel every minute.

Mosquito Bars,
FLY BARS,
NETTING,
BY PIECE OR YARD.
Extraordinary Low Prices.
E. EDMUNDSON & SONS,
UPHOLSTERERS,
139 LIBERTY STREET,
FOOT OF FIFTH AVENUE.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR
Corner
Penn Avenue and 6th Street.

Old Pittsburgh Hedge Farm
NURSERY,
Have on Hand and For Sale
Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry Trees, Shade and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Flowering Shrubs, Vining Plants, Currants, Gooseberries, Strawberry Plants, Rhubarb, Asparagus, &c., &c. Greenhouse and Bedding-out Plants.
Greenhouses and Nursery situated on Wilkins avenue, opposite 22d Ward Shady Side Church, about 10 minutes' walk from Fifth avenue.
WM. & JAS. MURDOCK'S SEED STORE,
114 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa

JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
136 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds
Musical Instruments,
STRINGS AND SHEET MUSIC.
Also, Sole Agent for the celebrated
GEORGE STECK & CO.'S NEW YORK
PIANOS,
JUBILEE ORGANS
And various other makes of Pianos and Organs.
Pianos and Organs sold on the rental plan, at payments to suit each and every one.
Liberal discount allowed for CASH.
Old Pianos and Organs taken in exchange for new instruments at the highest rates. f22

MILLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
YOUGHIOGHENY CEMENT
LIME AND PLASTER,
d18 258 LIBERTY STREET.

Franklin Fire Ins. Company
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses Paid since 1829, nearly $7,000,000
Cash Assets January 1st, 1875, $3,255,748
LOSSES ADJUSTED AND PAID BY
J. G. COFFIN & CO.,
THIRD AVENUE AND WOOD STREET.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, Spring and Summer Wear.
LOWEST PRICES

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
Assets, January 1, 1876, $5,167,547.46.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. L. JONES, 85 Fourth avenue.

DR. ARTHUR
DENTIST,
HAS REMOVED TO
47 EAST DIAMOND STREET,
d34 ALLEGHENY CITY.

AUCTION SALES.

REAL ESTATE
For Sale
AND
EXCHANGE,
BY
A. LEGGATE,
AUCTIONEER,
178
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

BY JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.

AT AUCTION,
SPICY LITTLE PROPERTY
IN BELLEVUE.

On NEXT FRIDAY AFTERNOON, July 28, there will be sold at auction, on the premises, the very desirable property of WILLIAM DUFF, Esq., situate on Madison avenue, near Sheridan avenue, borough of Bellevue. There is a good LOT, 40x160 feet, on which is erected an exceedingly neat FRAME DWELLING of six rooms, cellar, &c., all in really good order. Lot is tastily improved; is enclosed with good fence; has pure spring and cistern water; location particularly pleasant; is quite contiguous to both Neville and Bellevue stations, and only two squares from Public School, Churches, stores, &c.

Sale will commence at 5:30 o'clock, or immediately after the arrival of the 5 o'clock train from Allegheny.
JAS. W. DRAPE & CO., Auctioneers,
182 Federal street, Allegheny.

Valuable Property
FOR SALE.

The undersigned Commissioners appointed by Court of Common Pleas No. 2, in Equity sitting, will offer for sale at

Public Auction
ON THE
Third Monday of August, Being the 21st Day of said Month,

To the highest bidder, on the following terms: One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with interest on deferred payments, secured by mortgage on the property, all of the following property, to-wit:

1st—All that lot or portion of ground, situated in the borough of Sharpsburg, beginning at a post on Main street; thence southward by the land of Thos. Cook to the Allegheny river at low water mark; thence up said river eastward to the land of Jacob Cook; thence northward by said J. Cook's land and Main street; thence by said street 90 feet to the place of beginning.

2d—Also, all that certain house and lot of land, situated in the borough of Sharpsburg, beginning at a post on Main street, at the southeast corner of a lot of ground, owned by the State of Pennsylvania, and attached to the said No. 5; thence along the line of said State lot 120 feet 6 inches to the towing path of the Pennsylvania Canal; thence by and down said towing path south 3½ degrees, west 99 feet 6 inches to a post; thence due south by lands of Henry Butterfield 79 feet to Main street aforesaid; thence by Main street 85 degrees, east 87 feet 6 inches to the place of beginning, as the same is described in Deed, recorded 8th of January, A. D. 1856, in volume 94, page 118.

The foregoing property is to be sold for the sake of a division between the persons to whom it belongs. The title is good—beyond controversy.

Possession immediately given after the sale is completed.

Sale to take place on the premises at 10 o'clock A. M.
JACOB H. MILLER,
ALBERT N. SUTTON,
Commissioners.
July 13, 1876. h52-d&S

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals will be received until SATURDAY, July 29th,

For Building a Fence 5,000 Feet Long,

More or less, around the ground of the ALLEGHENY VALLEY CAMP MEETING ASSOCIATION, at Lockhart's Station. Address,
COMMITTEE ON LOTS,
h93 97 Smithfield street.

To Carpenters and Builders.

PROPOSALS

Will be received by the undersigned for the construction of a FRAME BUILDING in the Thirty-first ward, for use of a Hose Company of the Fire Department.

Also, for the construction of a TWO-STORY BRICK BUILDING, on Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, for use of an Engine Company of the Fire Department.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of T. D. EVANS, Architect, Fifth avenue, where all information may be given. Proposals may be handed to either of the undersigned, or left at the office of Board of Fire Commissioners, Municipal Hall, before 12 o'clock, noon, of SATURDAY, July 29th, 1876.
JOHN H. McILROY,
JOHN J. TORLEY,
JOHN LARIMER,
WM. N. ERWIN,
h92 Building Committee.

Notice to Bridge Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received in the office of the County Controller until FRIDAY, July 28th inclusive, for the construction of Masonry and Superstructure of a County Bridge over Lowrie's Run, near Emsworth Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., in Killbuck township, superstructure to be wrought iron low truss, 16 feet clear roadway, clear span of 52 feet between tops of abutments, 54 feet from center to center of chord pins, height of truss 7 feet between chord pins, to contain 6 panels, with iron floor beams. Capacity 1,600 pounds per lineal foot, exclusive of static weight, factor of safety five, ultimate tensile strength of material 50,000 pounds square inch, compressive, 40,000 pounds with Gordon's formula. Strain and section sheets in full detail to accompany proposals. Plans and specifications for Masonry will be found in the office of the County Engineer on and after THURSDAY, July 20, 1876.
By order of County Commissioners.
J. B. STILLEY,
h72 County Engineer.

THOMAS BROWN
SUCCESSOR TO
BAILIFF & BROWN,
PLUMBER,
Gas and Steam Pipe Fitter.
NO. 55 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
WORK DONE PROMPTLY AND
Best Material Used

SLATE ROOFING.
AIKEN & CO.,
Cor. Liberty and Eleventh Sts.
Opposite Grain Elevator,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sole agents for the celebrated Chapman Slate.

SINNOTT'S
WOODEN TANK FACTORY.
I am prepared to furnish Oil, Water and Liquor Tanks of all sizes and shapes, at short notice. Orders by mail promptly filled.
PIERCE SINNOTT,
Nos. 115 and 117 Buena Vista street,
g88 Allegheny City, Pa.

MALTHOPTONIQUE—IN CASES OF 4 dozen, or by the bottle at retail; also Duchess County Crab Apple Cider, in pints and quarts, warranted pure; for sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and 9th streets.